

#### Disclaimer

This presentation has been prepared by Energy Metals Limited ("Energy Metals or EME"). The information contained in this presentation is a professional opinion only and is given in good faith.

Certain information in this presentation has been derived from third parties and though Energy Metals has no reason to believe that it is not accurate, reliable or complete, it has not been independently audited or verified by Energy Metals.

Any forward looking statements included in this presentation involve subjective judgement and analysis and are subject to uncertainties, risks and contingencies, many of which are outside the control of, and maybe unknown to, Energy Metals. In particular they speak only to the date of this presentation, they assume the success of Energy Metals' strategies, and they are subject to significant regulatory, business, competitive and economic uncertainties and risks. Actual future events may vary materially from the forward looking statements and the assumptions on which these assumptions are based. Recipients of this presentation are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward looking statements.

Energy Metals makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of information in this document and does not take responsibility for updating any information or correcting any errors or omissions which may become apparent after this presentation is released.

To the extent permitted by law, Energy Metals and its officers, employees, related bodies corporate and agents disclaim all liability, direct, indirect or consequential (and whether or not arising out of the negligence, default or lack of care of Energy Metals and/or any of its agents) for any loss or damage suffered by a recipient or other persons arising out of, or in connection with, any use or reliance on this presentation or information.

Information in this presentation relating to exploration results, data and cut off grades is based on information compiled by Dr Wayne Taylor. Dr Taylor is a member of the AIG. Dr Taylor is a full time employee of Energy Metals. He has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the "Australian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves – The JORC Code (2012)". Dr Taylor consents to the inclusion of the information in the report in the form and context in which it appears.

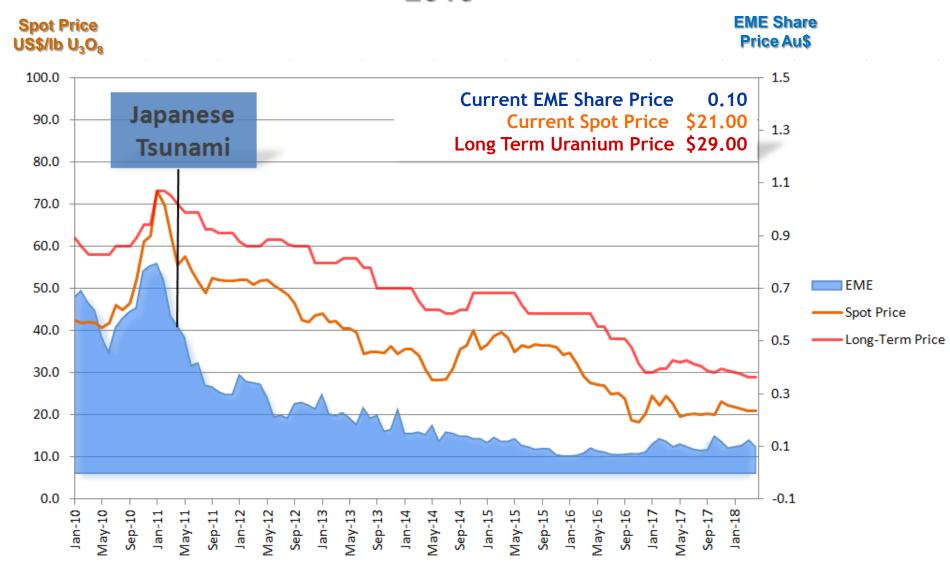
All amounts in A\$ unless stated otherwise.



#### Australia's Uranium



# Energy Metals Share Price VS. U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> Spot Price from 2010





# Uranium supply cut by major producers

- ➤ On 8<sup>th</sup> Nov 2017, Cameco, one of the largest uranium producers in the world, announced that due to continued uranium price weakness, production from the McArthur River mining and Key Lake milling operations in northern Saskatchewan will be temporarily suspended by the end of January 2018.
- ➤ On 4<sup>th</sup> Dec 2017, KazAtomProm, the world largest uranium producer, announced that it will reduce planned uranium production by 20% over the next three years to better align output with demand. The 20% cuts will result in deferral of the production of 11,000 tonnes of uranium over the period. The estimated cut of 4,000 tonnes of uranium in 2018 alone represents about 7.5% of global uranium production for 2018 as forecast by UxC.

These were responses from the supply side of uranium to current unsustainably low prices.



# **Energy Metals Limited**Capital Structure



Shares on Issue 209.7M

Shareholders 656

Cash & Bank (31 Dec 2017) \$19.8M

# **Major Shareholders**

China Uranium Development Company Ltd
KangDe Investment Group
Jindalee Resources Limited

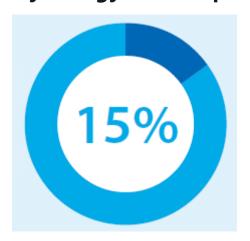
139.3m 66.45% 26.5m 12.66% 14.0m 6.69%



#### **Clean Energy Targets in China**

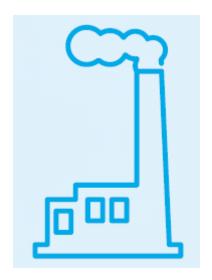
By 2020

Non-fossil energy will account for 15% of total primary energy consumption



In 2015 the ratio was 11.9%

CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per unit of GDP will be reduced by 40 ~45% from the 2005 level



• By 2030  $CO_2$  emissions will peak and the share of non-fossil energy in primary energy consumption will increase to  $\frac{20\%}{}$ 

CGN: a leading clean energy supplier and service provider

As of the end of 2017







**21.47GW** 

domestically

Units in operation: remains first domestically, enters top 5 globally







10.27GW

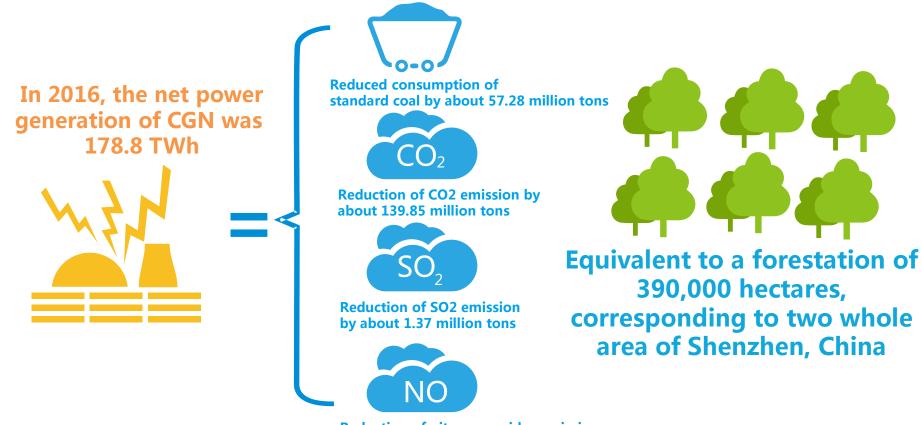
Units under construction: makes CGN the largest nuclear power builder



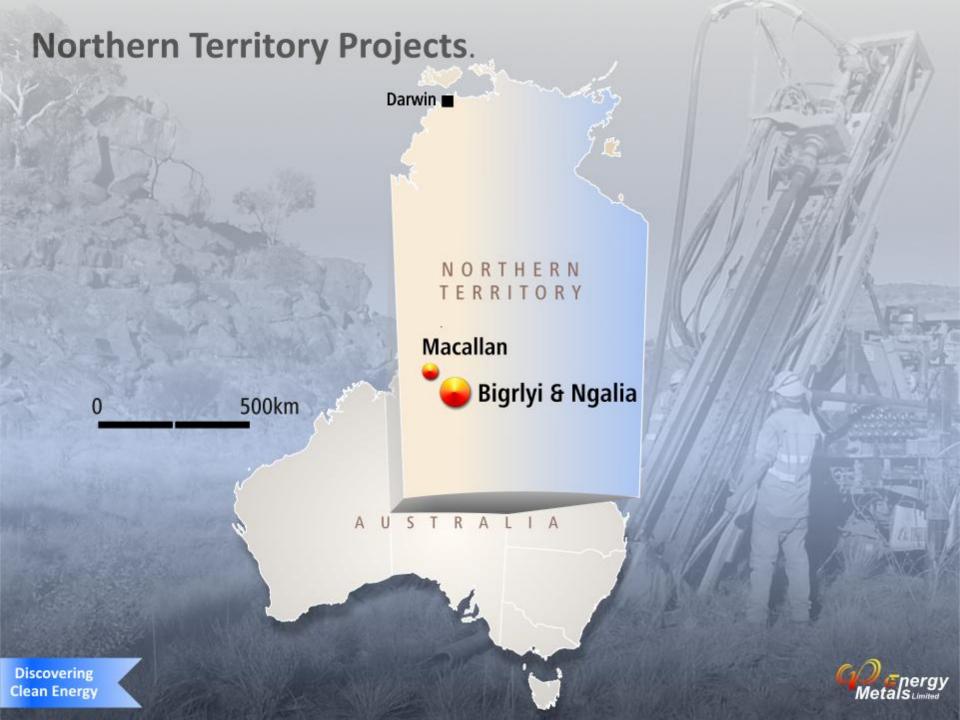
25% Hongkong Electricity Supply from Daya Bay Nuclear Power Station

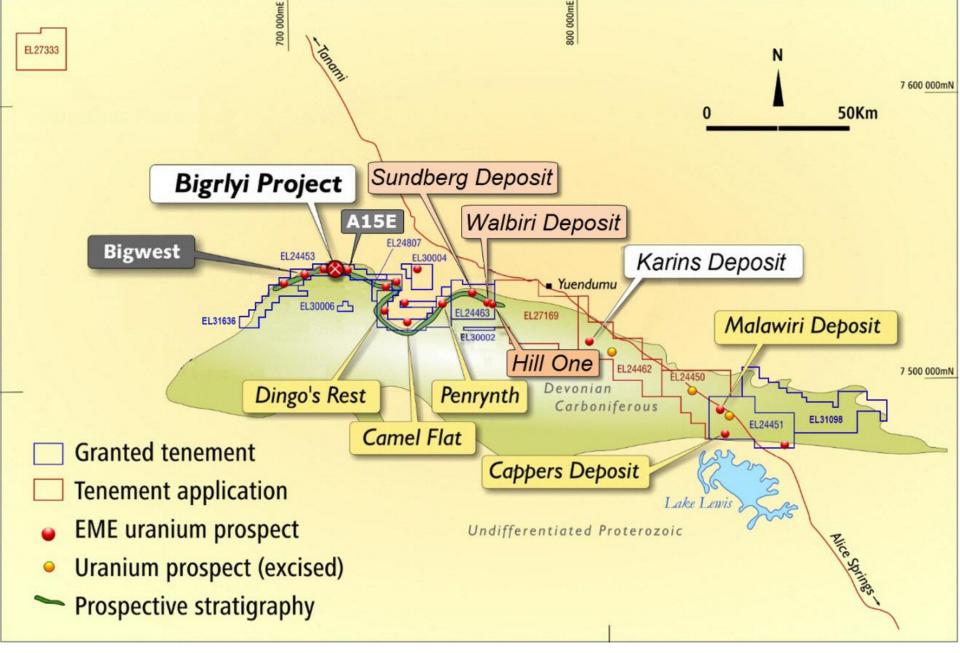


# **Environmental benefits :** make our sky clearer and water cleaner



Reduction of nitrogen oxides emission by about 0.88 million tons



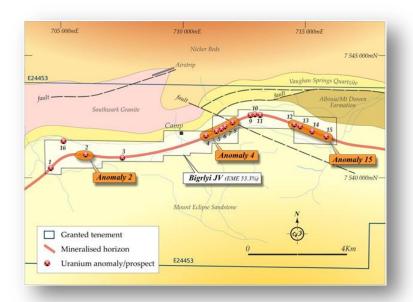






#### **Bigrlyi Joint Venture Project**

Several drilling programs, concentrating mostly on the Anomaly 4 and Anomaly 15 deposits, were completed at Bigrlyi in the period from 2006 to 2011 with most holes intersecting significant uranium mineralisation. Uranium and vanadium resource estimates were successively modelled incorporating results from these drilling programs.



#### Bigrlyi Mineral Resource Estimate at a 500ppm U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> cut-off (2011)

Resource Category	Tonnes (millions)	U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> (ppm)	V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> (ppm)	U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> (t)	V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> (t)	U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> (MIb)	V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> (MIb)
Indicated	4.7	1,366	1,303	6,400	6,100	14.0	13.4
Inferred	2.8	1,144	1,022	3,200	2,900	7.1	6.3
Total	7.5	1,283	1,197	9,600	8,900	21.1	19.7



#### **Bigrlyi Joint Venture Project**

- Due to current uranium market conditions, the Bigrlyi project is operating on a minimum budget.
- Bigrlyi camp infrastructure remains on 'care and maintenance' with regular site visits.
- The camp bulk fuel storage system was upgraded during the year to meet current Australian Standards.
- On other BJV tenements minor exploration works were conducted.
- New Joint Venture partner Optimal Mining Ltd replaced Paladin Energy in early 2017.



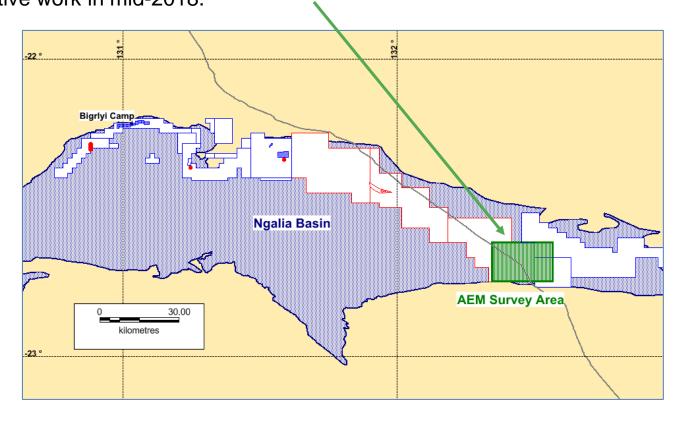




# **Ngalia Regional Project**

The 2017 exploration program focused on geophysical targeting of undercover uranium mineralisation utilising aerial electromagnetic (AEM) and induced polarisation (IP) survey methods.

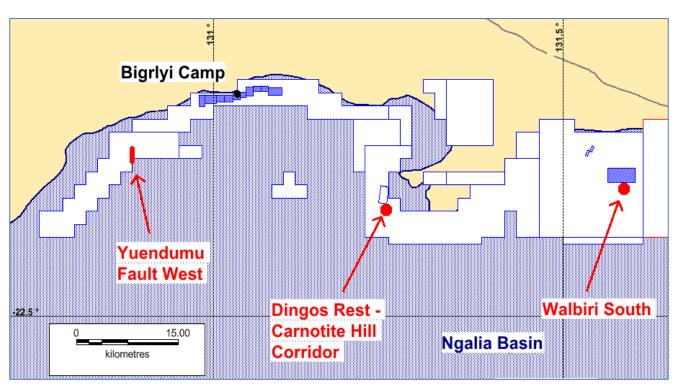
In mid-2017 an AEM survey was flown over parts of EL24453 and EL31098 in the eastern Ngalia Basin in conjunction with Geoscience Australia's *Exploring for the Future Program*. Final data products from the survey will be available for targeting and interpretive work in mid-2018.





### **IP Surveys 2017**

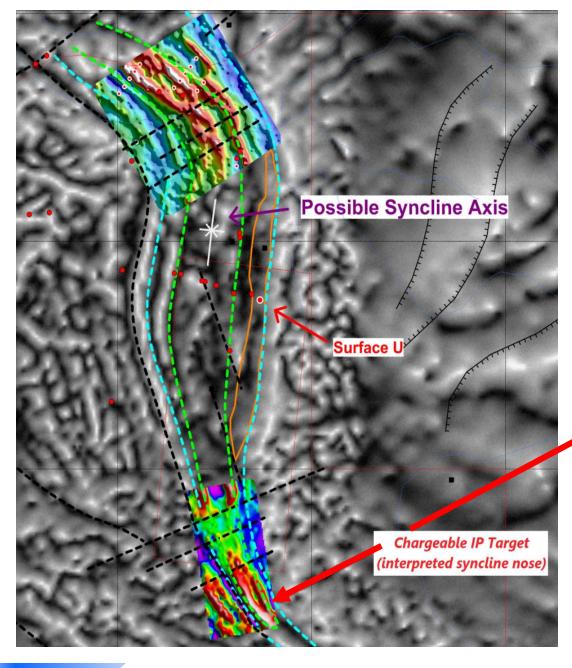
Gradient-array (GA-IP) and pole-dipole (PD-IP) induced polarisation surveys over three key western Ngalia Basin prospect areas were completed in 2017. The method targets buried, reduced, pyrite-bearing beds (chargeable beds) that are prospective for Bigrlyi-style mineralisation.









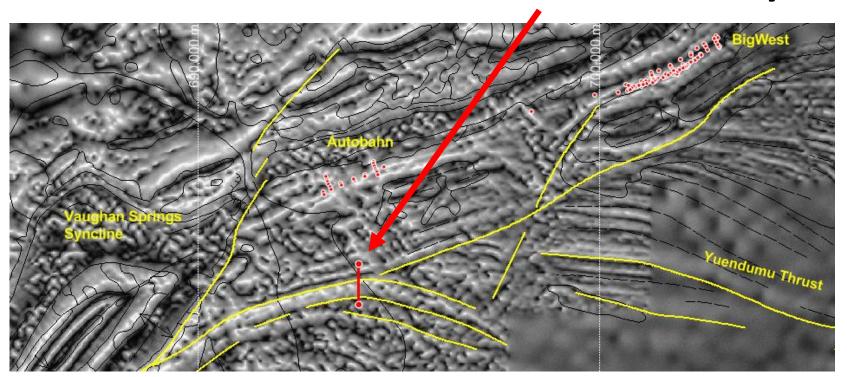


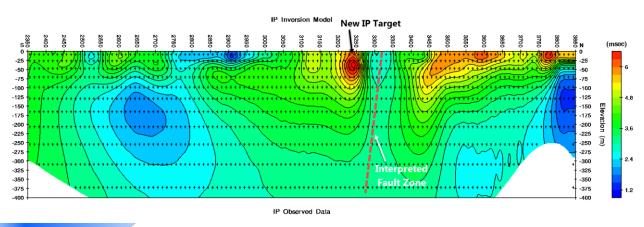
# Dingos Rest GA-IP Survey

A strong chargeable anomaly was detected in a tightly folded nose of an interpreted syncline located to the south of known surface mineralisation



#### **Yuendumu Thrust West PD-IP Survey**



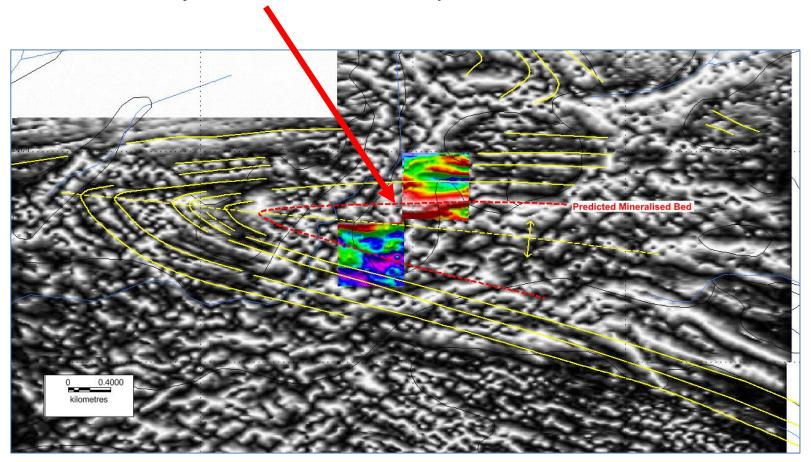


The main thrust fault was located together with a chargeable anomaly suggestive of Camel Flat style mineralisation



### Walbiri South GA-IP Survey

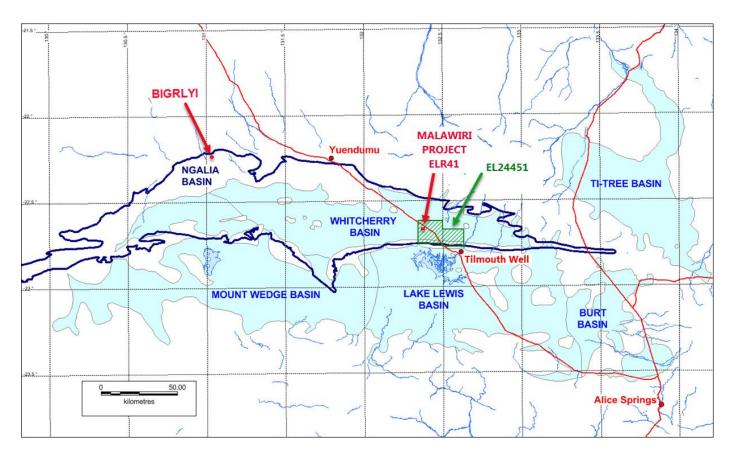
The target unit was found not to extend onto the southern limb of the Mt Eclipse Anticline as predicted but prospective beds were found to be concentrated just north of the axial plane of the fold



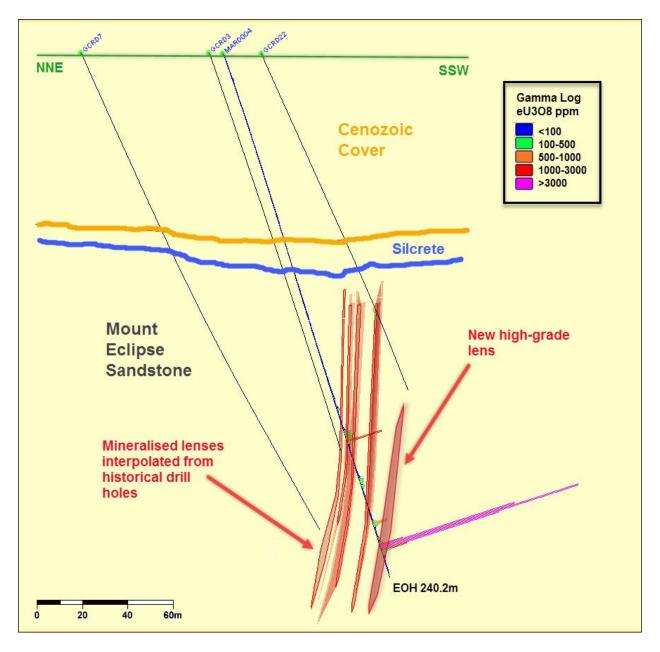


# **Malawiri Project**

The Malawiri deposit, discovered in 1980, is located in the eastern Ngalia Basin. The deposit is similar in style to Bigrlyi but located undercover. Significant historical intercepts include: 12.1m at 3,409 ppm eU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> from 164.6m in GCRD9, and 11.9m at 946 ppm eU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> from 229.8m in GCRD21







# Malawiri Drillhole MARD004

In 2016 EME confirmed previous results with the drilling of hole MARD004

A new high-grade lens was discovered at depth:

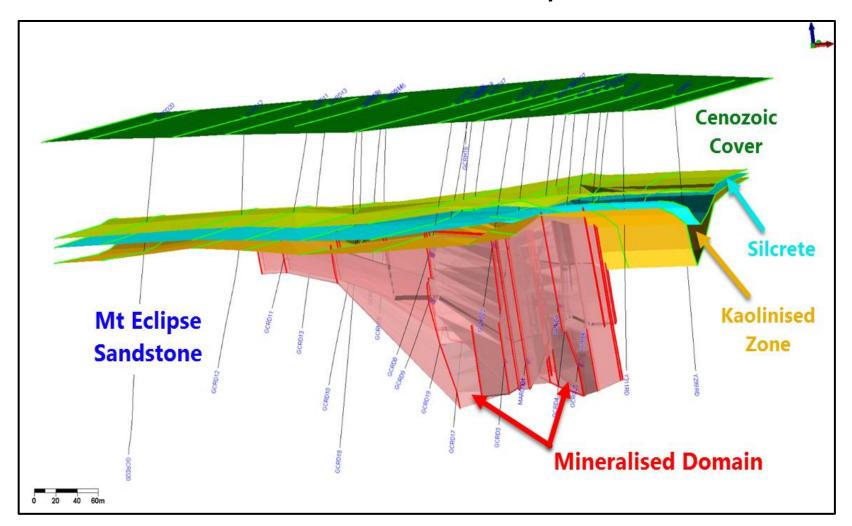
8.1m at 1,789 ppm eU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> from 222.0m

...including 2.0m at  $0.62\% \text{ eU}_3\text{O}_8$  from 225.5m



# **Malawiri Uranium Mineralisation Modelling**

Mineralised domains and unconformity surfaces were modelled from 25 modern and historical exploration drill-holes





# Malawiri Project Resource Estimate

A review of drilling results demonstrated sufficient continuity of mineralisation to enable the estimation of an initial mineral resource.

On 14<sup>th</sup> December 2017 EME announced an initial JORC Mineral Resource Estimate of 542 tonnes U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> for a 100 ppm cut-off.

Category	Volume, '000 m³	Kilo- tonnes	Bulk Density, t/m³	Grade U₃O <sub>8</sub> ppm	U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> tonnes	U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> Mlb
Inferred	172.0	421.3	2.45	1,288	542	1.20

Although Malawiri is a small deposit, it is relatively high grade. Future development may be possible in combination with the nearby, larger Minerva deposit.





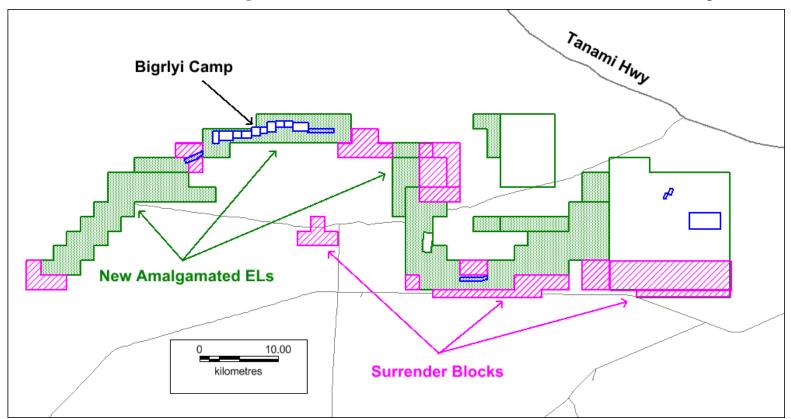
# **Retention of WA Uranium Projects**



- EME has four calcrete-style uranium projects in WA: Lakeside, Lake Mason, Anketell & Mopoke Well and one palaeochannel-hosted roll-front deposit located at Manyingee.
- JORC-reported Mineral Resource Estimates have now been announced for all EME's WA projects.
  - Resource areas of WA projects are covered by **Retention Licences**, or in the case of Manyingee by a Retention Licence application, to allow EME to maintain tenure over the project areas with minimal expenditure until economic and political conditions permit future mining developments to proceed.



#### **Tenement Optimisation – Northern Territory**



Following an annual project review, EME's Ngalia Regional tenements were re-organised: including surrender of low prospectivity blocks, application for retention licences over resource areas, and amalgamation of adjacent titles. The plan was implemented in early 2018 with savings of \$95K in expenditure commitments for 2018.





### Plans for 2018

#### **Northern Territory Projects:**

- Exploration Database Audit and Upgrade;
- AEM Survey Interpretation & Targeting Eastern Ngalia;
- Ngalia Basin Uranium-Vanadium Deposits Research Program in co-operation with CSIRO;
- Ngalia Regional Future Drill Program Planning;
- Re-optimisation of the 2011 Prefeasibility Study including Metallurgical, Deposit Modelling and Uranium-series Disequilibrium Studies.

#### **WA Projects:**

Renewal of Retention Licences.





