

BYLAWS OF  
GREENHOUSE MINISTRIES, INC

ARTICLE ONE  
OFFICES

The principal office of the corporation, hereinafter referred to as the "Corporation", shall be located at the address set forth in the Articles of Incorporation. The Corporation may have such other offices, either within or without the State of Incorporation, as the Board of Trustees may determine from time to time.

ARTICLE TWO  
TENETS OF FAITH AND DOCTRINE

The Corporation accepts the Scriptures as the revealed Will of God, the all-sufficient rule of faith and practice, and for the purpose of maintaining general unity, adopts these Statements of Fundamental Truths and Doctrine.

Section 1. We affirm that there is one God, infinitely perfect and eternally existent in the persons of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit.

Section 2 We affirm the deity of our Lord Jesus Christ, His virgin birth, His sinless life, His miracles, His vicarious and atoning death through His shed blood, His bodily resurrection, His ascension to the right hand of the Father, and His personal return in power and glory.

Section 3. We affirm the present ministry of the Holy Spirit by whose indwelling the Christian is able to live a Godly life. We affirm the fullness of the Holy Spirit as the empowerment of the Christian for witness and service. We affirm that the Holy Spirit provides one or more spiritual gifts to all believers manifesting them as He wills. We affirm that all of the gifts of the Holy Spirit are operative today.

Section 4. We affirm the Bible to be the Holy Spirit inspired, authoritative Word of God and that it is eternally reliable.

Section 5. We affirm that salvation is by grace, through faith in our Lord Jesus Christ.

Section 6. We affirm the resurrection of both the saved and the lost: those who are saved to the resurrection of life and those that are lost unto the resurrection of damnation.

Section 7. We affirm the one, universal Church, which is the Body of Christ. We affirm Christ as its head. We affirm all who are born-again as its members. We affirm the church's purpose as offering worship to God, Fellowship, ministry, and instruction to itself, and evangelism and service to the world. We affirm the ministries of Ephesians 4. We affirm the spiritual unity of believers in our Lord Jesus Christ.

Section 8. We affirm believer's water baptism by immersion in obedience to our Lord Jesus Christ.

Section 9. We affirm the importance of regular participation at the divinely instituted Table of the Lord.

Section 10. We affirm the ministry and presence of angels, and the reality of the devil and demonic forces.

Section 11. We affirm the sanctity of life, from the moment of conception, chastity for Christian people, and the sacredness of Christian marriage.

### ARTICLE THREE

#### MEMBERSHIP

Section 1. Classes of Members. The Corporation shall have only one (1) class of membership, the Board of Trustees, which shall be voting members.

### ARTICLE FOUR

#### BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Section 1. General Powers. The affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by the Board of Trustees whose members shall have a fiduciary obligation to the Corporation.

Section 2. Number, Term and Qualifications. The number of Trustees shall be no less than three (3) and shall have no maximum number. The term of membership shall be for continuous one (1) year periods, unless removed. Those set forth in the original Articles of Incorporation shall comprise the original Board of Trustees.

Section 3. Regular Meetings. A regular annual meeting of the Board of Trustees shall be held each year. The Board of Trustees may provide, by resolution, the time and place for holding additional regular meetings without other notice than such resolution. Additional regular meetings shall be held at the principal office of the Corporation in the absence of any designation in the resolution.

Section 4. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Trustees may be called by or at the request of any two (2) Trustees, and shall be held at the principal office of the Corporation or at such other place as the Trustees may determine.

Section 5. Notice. Notice of the annual, regular or any special meeting of the Board of Trustees shall be given by oral notice to each Trustee. The attendance of a Trustee at any meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting except where a Trustee attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. The business to be transacted at the meeting need not be specified in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting, unless specifically required by law or by these Bylaws.

Section 6. Quorum. A majority of the Board of Trustees shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board; but if less than a majority of the Trustees are present at any meeting, a majority of the Trustees present may adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice.

Section 7. Board Decisions. The act of a majority of the Trustees present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Trustees, unless the act of a greater number is required by law or by these Bylaws.

Section 8. Vacancies, Additions, Elections and Removal. Any vacancy occurring in the Board of Trustees and any trusteeship to be filled by reason of an increase in the number of Trustees be filled by a two-third (2/3) majority vote of the Board of Trustees. Trustees shall be removed by a two-third (2/3) majority vote of the Board of Trustees.

Section 9. Compensation. Trustees, as such, shall not receive any salaries for their services.

## ARTICLE FIVE

### OFFICERS

Section 1. Officers. The officers of the corporation shall be a president, a secretary, a treasurer, one or more vice-presidents and such other officers as may be elected in accordance with the provisions of this Article. The Board of Trustees may elect or appoint such other officers, including one or more assistant secretaries and one or more assistant treasurers, as it shall deem desirable, such officers to have the authority and perform the duties prescribed, from time to time

by the Board of Trustees. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person.

Section 2. Election and Term of Office. The officers of the Corporation shall be elected annually by the Board of Trustees at the regular annual meeting of the Board of Trustees. If the election of officers is not held at such meeting, such election shall be held as soon thereafter as is convenient. New offices may be created and filled at any meeting of the Board of Trustees. Each officer shall hold office until his successor has been duly elected and qualified.

Section 3. Removal. Any officer elected or appointed by the Board of Trustees may be removed by the Board of Trustees whenever, in its judgment, the best interests of the Corporation would be served thereby, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the officer so removed.

Section 4. Vacancies. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or otherwise, may be filled by the Board of Trustees for the unexpired portion of the term.

Section 5. Powers of Officers.

(a) The President. The president shall have general management of the business of the Corporation and general supervision of the other officers. The president shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Trustees and see that all orders and resolutions of the Board are carried into effect, subject, however, to the right of the Board to delegate to any other officer or officers of the Corporation any specific powers, other than those that may be conferred only upon the President. The president shall execute in the name of the Corporation all deeds, bonds, mortgages, contracts, and other documents authorized by the Board of Trustees. The president shall be an ex-officio member of all standing committees, and shall have the general powers and duties of supervision and management usually vested in the office of president of a corporation.

The president shall be designated attorney-in-fact for the Corporation by virtue of his office. The president shall have the authority to appoint and approve any assistants that would be necessary to properly carry on the work of the Corporation.

(b) Vice-President: The vice-president shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the president in case of his temporary absence from the office of the Corporation, and shall perform such other duties as may, from time to time, be granted or imposed by the Board of Trustees.

(c) The Secretary: The secretary shall attend all sessions of the Board held at the office of the Corporation and act as clerk thereof and record all votes and the minutes of all proceedings in a book to be kept for that purpose. The secretary shall perform like duties for the executive and standing committees when required. The secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of meetings of the Board of Trustees when notice is required to be given under these Bylaws or by any resolution of the Board. The secretary shall have custody of the seal to all authorized documents requiring a seal. The

secretary shall keep the membership rolls of the Corporation, and in general perform the duties usually incident to the office of secretary, and such further duties as shall, from time to time, be prescribed by the Board of Trustees or the President.

(d) The Treasurer: The treasurer shall keep full and accurate account of the receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the Corporation, and shall deposit all moneys and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Corporation in such banks and depositories as may be designated by the Board of Trustees, but shall not be personally liable for the safekeeping of any funds or securities so deposited pursuant to the order of the Board. The treasurer shall disburse the funds of the Corporation as may be ordered by the Board and shall render to the president and Trustees at the regular meeting of the Board, and, whenever they may be required, accounts of all the transactions as treasurer and of the financial condition of the Corporation. The treasurer shall perform the duties usually incident to the office of treasurer and such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Trustees or by the president.

(e) Delegating powers to Other Officers: In case of the absence of any officer of the Corporation, or for any other reasons that may seem sufficient to the Board, the Board of Trustees may delegate his or her duties and powers, for the time being, to any other officer, or to any Trustee.

## ARTICLE SIX

### COMMITTEES AND BOARD OF ADVISORS

Section 1. Committee of Trustees. The Board of Trustees, by resolution adopted by a majority of the Trustees in office, may designate one or more committees, which committees, to the extent provided in such resolution, shall have and exercise the authority of the Board of Trustees in the management of the Corporation; but the designation of such committees and the delegation thereof of authority shall not operate to relieve the Board of Trustees, or any individual Trustee, of any responsibility imposed on it or him by law.

Section 2. Other Committees. Other committees not having and exercising the authority of the Board of Trustees in the management of the Corporation may be designated by a resolution adopted by a majority of the Trustees present at a meeting at which a quorum is present. The President shall appoint the members thereof. Any member thereof may be removed by the President whenever, in his judgment, the best interests of the Corporation shall be served by such removal.

Section 3. Board of Advisors. A Board of Advisors may be appointed as set forth below. It shall be the responsibility and privilege of the Board of Advisors to provide Godly counsel to the President and the Board of Trustees. Counsel shall be in organizational, financial, legal, or other areas wherein the President determines professional counsel is needed and/or desirable. No minimum or maximum number of members of the Board of Advisors shall be established and the appointment to the Board of Advisors and tenure thereon shall be at the pleasure and in the complete discretion of the President.

## ARTICLE SEVEN

### MINISTERS

Section 1. Ordination and Licensing. The Board of Trustees may ordain, and/or license a person as a minister of the Gospel after first examining the applicant's background, moral and religious character, and what previous Bible courses and/or independent study applicant has received. Final determination shall be within the absolute discretion of the Board of Trustees.

Section 2. Limitation. The Board of Trustees may, in the discretion of the Board, limit any licensee or ordained to an area of special emphasis.

Section 3. Application. Application for ordination and/or licensing as a minister of the Gospel shall be on the form provided by the Board of Trustees. An applicant's application shall be either approved or denied within thirty (30) days of the completion of the investigation of the applicant. Those applicants who are approved shall receive a certificate evidencing the approval.

Section 4. School of Ministry. The Board of Trustees may establish a School of Ministry, setting forth a prescribed curriculum and course of study leading to ordination and licensing of ministers. The School of Ministry shall prepare the student in the knowledge of the Word of God and in ministering to the needs of mankind through the Gospel of Jesus Christ.

ARTICLE EIGHT  
CONTRACTS, CHECKS, DEPOSITS, AND FUNDS

Section 1. Contracts. The Board of Trustees may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents of the Corporation, in addition to the officers so authorized by these Bylaws, to enter into any contract or execute and deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation, and such authority may be general or may be confined to specific instances.

Section 2. Checks, Drafts, or Orders. All checks, drafts, or orders for the payment of money, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of the Corporation shall be signed by such officer or officers, agent or agents of the Corporation and in such manner as shall, from time to time, be determined by resolution of the Board of Trustees. In the absence of such determination by the Board of Trustee, such instruments may be signed by either the treasurer or the president of the Corporation.

Section 3. Deposits. All funds of the Corporation shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the Corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositories as the Board of Trustees may select.

Section 4. Gifts. The Board of Trustees may accept on behalf of the Corporation any contribution, gift, bequest or devise for any purpose of the Corporation.

ARTICLE NINE  
BOOKS AND RECORDS

The Corporation shall keep correct and complete books and records of account and shall also keep minutes of the proceedings of its members, Board of Trustees, committees having and exercising any of the authority of the Board of Trustees, and any other committee, and shall keep at the principal office a record giving the names and addresses of the Board of Trustees members entitled to vote. All books and records of the Corporation may be inspected by any member, or his agent for any proper purpose at any reasonable time.