Eurovent Certification Programme

Main features



Eurovent Association

Definition and objectives

- Peurovent, the European Committee of Air Handling and Refrigeration is the representative of the European refrigeration, air conditioning, air handling, heating and ventilation industry and representing trade associations from European and non-European countries.
- Represents over 1,000 companies in 13 European countries.
- Eurovent's main objectives:
 - To support the National Associations effectively
 - To develop third party product certification programmes for our industry through *Eurovent Certita Certification* (ECC).
 - To represent the members interests towards relevant European, national and worldwide bodies.
- Eurovent's structure includes
 - Board Assembly.
 - General Assembly

Definition and objectives of Eurovent Association



Membership levels:

Name	Description
MEMBER ASSOCIATION EUROVENT	National associations from the EMEA region.
AFFILIATED MANUFACTURER ** EUROVENT*	Manufacturers that belong to one of Eurovent's national association Members.
CORRESPONDING MEMBER EUROVENT	Manufacturers from EMEA countries, which do not yet have a national association Member within the Eurovent network.
ASSOCIATE MEMBER EUROVENT	Organisations that are engaged in activities related to the sectors the Eurovent association covers.

Definition and objectives of Eurovent Association





«Eurovent Certified Perfomance» Mark

Certification body, programmes, basic principles and procedure

- Eurovent Certita Certification (ECC is a major European certification body in the field of:
 - Heating (H)
 - Ventilation (V)
 - Airconditioning (AC)
 - Refrigerationn (R)
 - = HVAC&R

Key facts and figures:

- A staff of **41 people**.
- More than 400 audits performed per year...
- Partnership with 29 independent testing laboratories.
- 4 operational departments (Thermodynamics, Refrigeration, Ventilation & Comfort)

Certification Body Eurovent Certita Certification (ECC)





- The Eurovent Certified Perfomance mark (ECP) is defined by:
 - Voluntary third party certification programmes.
 - Mark recognized in all Europe and beyond.
 - Accreditation according to ISO/EN 17062:2012.
 - Continuous verification process:
 - Tests performed by independent and accredited laboratories
 - Factory audits



Key figures of Eurovent Certified Perfomance:

- 18 certification programmes in activity
- 195 certified manufacturers
- 223 certified tradenames
- +50 000 certified references
- +80 experts participating to our compliance committees
- 13 European independent laboratories
- +18 years of experience

Refrigerated Display Cabinets

Air-conditioners

Fan coil units

Filters

Chilled Beams

Condensers

Chillers

Air Handling Units

Rooftops

Cooling towers

Drift elimiminators

VRF

Dry coolers

Air to air heat exchangers

Key figures about ECP



Main features of the Certification Programs:

- Each certification program, is designed for each type of product.
- Eurovent certification is open to all manufacturers of European products and non-europeans, regardless of the membership of the national associations of Eurovent, size or volume of sale of the company.
- Only certified products to be sold in Europe.
- The programs are based on ISO or CEN standards, if it does not exist, is used a remarkable document of Eurovent.
- This is to certify the entire product range, not isolated models.
- Are certified only a limited number of parameters in order to facilitate comparisons.
- For each program you select an independent laboratory. In the
 event that more than a laboratory certifies the same product, it is
 performed, with regularity, the verification that the results obtained
 are comparable.
- When the product is certified the participant can incorporate the certification logo in all its documentation. The certificate is valid until a date determined defined in each program.

Main features of the ECP



Basic principles of certification:

- Declaration of data by manufacturers
- Tests in independent laboratories
- Main components of the cabinets are certified
- Verification that measurements match with declared values
- Audit of each concerned production facility
- Data are made public
- Continuous upgrade of rules because of the market or new regulations

Basic principles of certification ECP





Certification Procedure



Certification Programme of Refrigerated Display Cabinets (RDC)

Objectives, main features, certification procedure, publishing data and energy labelling

Main features ECP of RDC:

- Scope defined to cover the full range of remote cabinets
 - 5 categories, a total of 100 Basic Model Group (BMG)
 - At least two models by BMG to enter the programme (about 80% of sales are declared on the web site)
- Manufacturers declare
 - Range / Name of the model
 - Cross-sections of the cabinet
 - Performance under laboratory conditions
 - List of main components = Bill of Material (BOM)
 - List of production places
- ECC arranges tests and audit + evaluates
 - Energy Efficiency Index and Energy Efficiency
 Class

Main features Certification Programme of RDC



▶ Reasons to participate in ECP:

- European targets on energy savings are set at 20% by 2020 (Kyoto, 1997).
- 2. Refrigeration can be counted between 30 to 60 % of the electricity costs of a supermarket.
- Incentives: White certificates (France: CEE, Italy: TEE, UK, Denmark...).
- Difference in efficiency of products should be visible for design offices, consultants and endusers, so that it is possible to make the right choice

Reasons to participate in ECP of RDC



And... how do we certify our cabinets?



Planning

Manufacturers declare:

- ✓ Range / Name of the model
- ✓ Cross-sections of the cabinet
- Performance under laboratory conditions
- ✓ List of main components (BOM)
- ✓ List of production places



Test cabinets



Cabinets tests in independent laboratories (IMQ- Milán)

*To see the test procedure below



Evaluation



ECC compares the test results with the data provided by the manufacturer in order to evaluate the conformity of them according to specific criteria

European Standard EN/15013953:1006 Certification manual
Operation manual
Rating standard



Certification

Reviewof the assessment results

Publishing the data readability of the ECC website



Surveillance

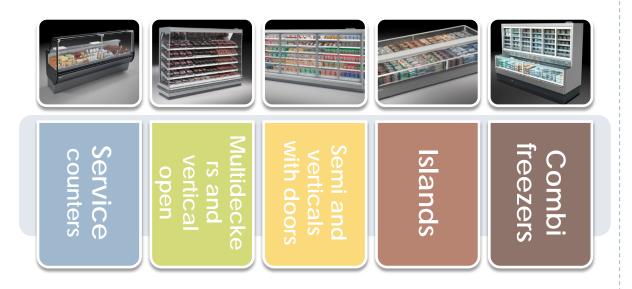
Surveillance and control of the production with periodic factory audits

Control that what is sold is declared

Control that what is declared is solo

Certification Procedure for RDC:

- A very large number of configurations dedicated to each type of product and usage of customers
- Integrated vs. Remote
- 5 categories:





Testing requirements and certified characteristics:

Certification
Procedure for RDC

- Reference standards:
 - European Standard EN/ISO 23953:2006 + amendment A1 (2012)
 - Certification manual
 - Operation manual Ir

Internal

- Rating standard
- Certified performance:

Warmest and coldest product temperature (temp. class)

Heat Extraction rate

Evaporating temperature

DEC- Direct Electrical energy Consumption

REC - Refrigeration Electrical energy Consumption

TDA - Total Display Area

EEI - Energy efficiency Index & class



Independent testing:

- IMQ Milan (Italy)
 - International independent company
 - Variety of customers
 - Working on new knowledge, better products and clear recommendations for policy and processes.





*How does the test cabinet procedure work?



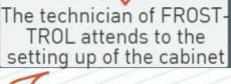
FROST-TROL delivers the cabinet itself and information needed for the installation



Warmest and coldest product temperature (temp. class)
Heat Extraction rate
Evaporating temperature
Direct Electrical energy
Consumption (DEC)
Refrigeration Electrical
energy Cons. (REC)
Total Display Area (TDA)

Index (EEI)
and class







The test begins



Humidity
Pressures
Flows
Energy consumption





Cabinet Certification



ECC analyses and compares the test results



24h

The independent laboratory (IMQ) prepares a test report



Testing procedure (I):

- The manufacturer deliver the cabinet itself and information needed for the installation
- The compressor and condenser used for the test are provided by the laboratory and are in a separate room next to the climate test chamber
- The technician of the manufacturer attend to the setting up of the cabinet
- The test is conducted by the laboratory during 24 hours,
 the manufacturer can't attend to this test
- Cabinetisloadedwithstandardpackagestomeasurethepr oducttemperatureinthedifferentareasofthecabinet
- Ambient conditions strictly controlled (temp. class 3)
- Temperatures, humidity, pressures, flows and energy consumption are recorded



▶ Testing procedure (II):

- Test report is sent by the laboratory to Eurovent Certita Certification which must analyze data and declare the conformity (or not) of obtained performances
- Tolerances. When tested in the independent laboratory, the obtained results shall not differ from the claimed values by more than:

Warmest product temperature (laboratory conditions)	+0,5°C
Coldest (chilled) product temprerature (laboratory conditions)	-0,5°C
Heat extraction (laboratory conditions) - Kwh/24h	+10%
Evaporating temperature (laboratory conditions)	-1°C
DEC (Kwh/24h)	+5%
REC (Kwh/24h)	+10%
TEC (Kwh/24h)	+10%
TDA (m2)	-3%
EEI – Energy Efficiency Index EEI (laboratory conditions)	Failed if TEC is failed
The measured M-package temperature class shall equal to or inside the claimed class, with a tolerance of:	+/-0,5°C



Control of production:

- Control that what is sold is declared
 - Detailed procedure for audit of factory, where recent orders should match with declared products, including a control of the Bill of Material (BOM)
- Control that what is declared is sold
 - Detailed procedure for audit of factory, where declaration should match with recently sold products, including a control of the Bill of Material (BOM)



Publishing the data. Readability of the ECC website.

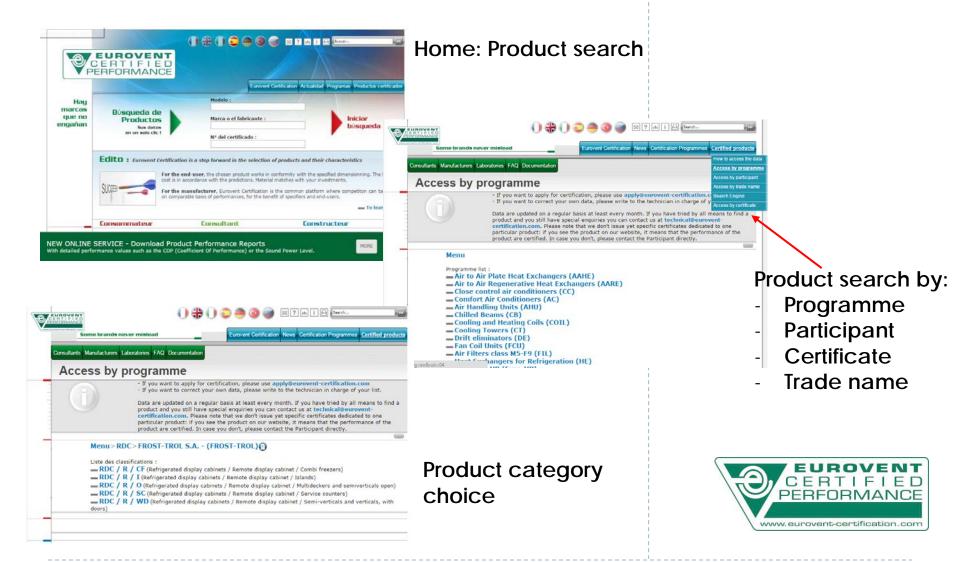
- End-users look for products by sizing and not always according to their ISO class (RVC1...)
 - Presentation of data per type and then by crosssections (main dimensions) + sketch
- Not easy to decrypt temperature classes (3M1, 3M2...)
 - Introduction of the temperature of the store and field coefficients
 - Data are provided to ECC under laboratory conditions (standard conditions)
 - Heat Extraction Rate and Evaporation
 Temperature are converted into store conditions

Publishing the data



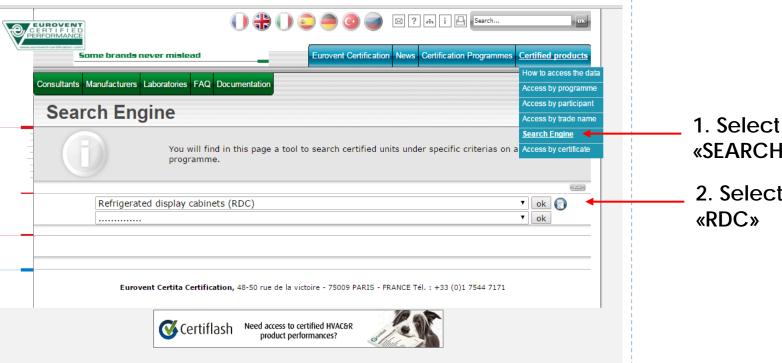
Publishing the data

Publishing the data. Readability of the ECC website.



Publishing the data. Readability of the ECC website.

How to use the new searh engine



Publishing the data

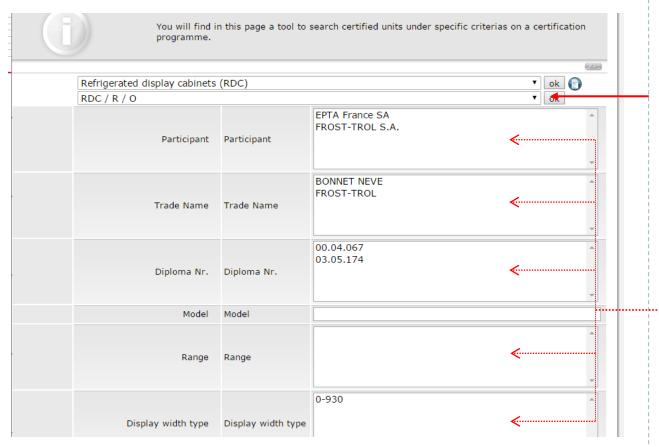
«SFARCH FNGINF»

2. Select



Publishing the data. Readability of the ECC website.

How to use the new searh engine



Publishing the data

3. Select kid of product:

RDC/R/CF: Combi

freezers

RDC/R/I: Islands

RDC/R/O: Multideckers

and vertical open **RDC/R/SC**: Service

counters

RDC/R/WD: Semi and

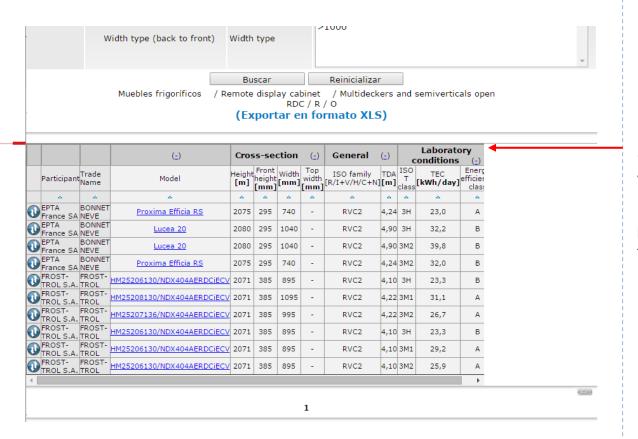
verticals with doors

4. Select to filter



Publishing the data. Readability of the ECC website.

How to use the new searh engine



Publishing the data

5. After filtering, you will obtain a completed list with all the certified cabinets that meet the requirements.
This list can be exported as an Excel file in order to do comparatives easily



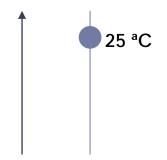
Publishing data. Store conditions:

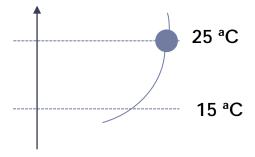
Laboratory conditions: tests chamber climate CLASS 3

Dry Temp	Relative	Duty point (°C)	Absolute humidity
(°C)	Humidity (%)		[gwater/kgdrya air]
25	60	16,7	12

- Store conditions 25°C
 - Not so homogeneous than perfect laboratory conditions
 - Real-usage of cabinets is affected
 - All manufacturers use the same coefficients: so it remains comparable
 - One reference refrigerant: R404a

Publishing the data







▶ Labelling (Current system):

1°. Calculate the Efficiency of the cabinet (a)

a= TEC (kWh/día) / TDA (m2)

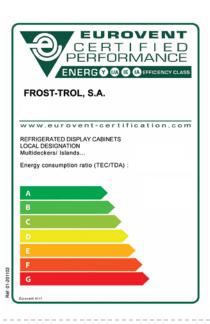
- Roughly represents an energy consumption reported to quantity of products presented
- To be noted: the lowest the efficiency, the most efficient is the cabinet (!)

2°. Market figures (b):

b= (TEC/TDA)reference

3° . EEI = (a/b)x100

Energy efficiency index EEI	Energy efficiency class	
EEI <55	Α	
55 ≤ EEI < 75	В	
75 ≤ EEI < 90	С	
90 ≤ EEI < 100	D	
100 ≤ EEI < 110	E	
110 ≤ EEI < 125	F	
125 ≤ EEI	G	



Energy labelling

Type o cabine		Application: ISO Temperature	Reference value for (TEC/TDA)
	RVC1, RVC2	3H	10.1
		3M2	12.3
		3M1	13.4
***		3M0	14.5
	RVC3	3H	13.8
		3M2	16.0
	RVF1	3L3	29.0
	RVF4	3L1	28.5
		3H	6.1
	RVC4	3M2	7.4
	IXVC4	3M1	8.0
		3M0	8.7
		3H	6.2
Maria Constant	RHC1	3M2	6.7
No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other Persons, or other Pers		3M1	7.2
N. S. S. S. S. S.	RHF1	3L3	21.0
	RHC3, RHC4	3H	5.5
		3M2	5.8
	RHO	3M1	6.2
	RHF3, RHF4	3L1	15.0
		3L2	14.0
		3L3	13.0
	RHC5.	3H	4.3
	RHC6	3M2	4.7
	MICO	3M1	5.0
	RHF5, RHF6	3L1	12.0
		3L2	11.2
	RYF3	3L3 3L2	10.4 30.0
		3L3	29.0
	RYF4	3L2	28.5
		3L3	27.6

