



Australian Shepherd Club of America

Established 1957

RALLY **Rules & Regulations**

June 2019

Australian Shepherd Club of America

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These amended Rules and Regulations are effective June 1, 2019, unless noted otherwise.

Shaded areas indicate rule changes with **effective date** listed.

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- Made Committee/BOD approved changes to 16.1.7 Designing Courses That Meet ASCA Requirements
- Made Committee/BOD approved changes to 11 Non-Regular Classes (7-1-2019)
- Removed highlighting/strike-out of 2018 rule changes (5-1-2019)
- Formatted for 2019 style (5-1-2019)
- Added 2019 rule changes (5-1-2019)

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Found at the back of these rules:

ASCA Judge's Code of Ethics

ASCA Dog Aggression Rules & Affiliate Incident Report Worksheet

ASCA Conflict Resolution Protocol & Request for Conflict Resolution Request Form

Reference Sheet

Ring Size

The ring should be rectangular with a minimum of 2000 square feet with no side being less than 40 feet for all Rally classes.

No grooming or crating within ten feet of any Rally ring during the Rally portion of the show. Clubs must ensure that Rally rings are used only for Obedience and Rally trials, not for practice or warm-ups.

Jumps

ASCA Affiliate Clubs hosting a sanctioned Specialty or Show must provide one full set of jumps per Rally ring utilizing jumps defined in these Rules and Regulations (see Chapter 1, Section 15).

High jump and Bar jump will be set to the table below for the dog in question:

| HEIGHT OF DOG AT WITHERS | HEIGHT TO BE JUMPED |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Less than 10 inches | 4 inches |
| 10 inches to less than 15 inches | 8 inches |
| 15 inches to less than 20 inches | 12 inches |
| 20 inches and over | 16 inches |

Broad Jump

Broad jump will be set to the table below. The width of the broad jump will be set to twice the height jumped in the high jump table above.

| JUMP HEIGHT | NUMBER OF BOARDS | DISTANCE JUMPED |
|---|------------------|-----------------|
| 4" | 1 | 8" |
| 8" | 2 | 16" |
| 12" | 2 | 24" |
| 16" | 3 | 32" |
| If using less than three boards for the Broad jump, the tallest board(s) will be removed first. | | |

Armbands

Exhibitors shall be provided armbands or stickers, which must be worn on the upper left arm, indicating their dog's order in the class.

Affiliate Clubs can have a clinic, run-throughs or a "show and go" after the sanctioned trial(s) are over. The clinic, run-throughs or "show and go" cannot take place until the Judges of the sanctioned Rally trial(s) have completed judging all the classes scheduled for the sanctioned event(s) for the day and the awards have been given out.

Rally Rules and Regulations

Purpose

ASCA Rally is a sport that focuses on the partnership and teamwork that develops between the dog and handler, referred to in these Rules and Regulations as the "Team." Rally trials are designed to showcase not only the ability and relationship of the team, but also the camaraderie between exhibitors. Dog and handler teams are required to perform a course consisting of a set of exercises designed by the Judge according to these Rules and Regulations. All teams are held to the same standard of performance. Courses are to be executed as one continuous performance, moving fluently between stations. While a team is on the course, they should exhibit accuracy, briskness, and smoothness, as well as enthusiasm and enjoyment. Above all, an exhibitor should exhibit good sportsmanship toward both their dog and other exhibitors.

1 General Regulations

1.1 Clubs

1.1.1 Type of Event and Restrictions

Only ASCA Affiliate Clubs in good standing may sanction ASCA events. Only one of each type of event may be held in each state or area (in those states divided into areas) on any given date. A "type of event" is defined as Conformation, Obedience, Stockdog Trial, Tracking, Agility, or Rally.

1.1.2 California Areas

California is divided into three areas: from the Mexican border north to the city of Ventura, from Ventura north to San Jose, from San Jose north to Oregon. Nevada is divided into two areas: From the southernmost border North to Highway 6 North to the Oregon and Idaho borders.

1.1.3 Alaska Exception

Alaska Affiliates may have more than one of each type of event per day from October 1 through March 30.

1.1.4 Non-ASCA Affiliated Corporation or Business

Official ASCA programs that require sanctioning and award points or qualifying scores that lead to an ASCA title shall not be conducted by any individual(s), non-ASCA Affiliated corporation(s) or business(es).

1.1.5 Show Coordinator and Trial Secretary

Affiliate Club(s) in good standing with ASCA will have the exclusive right to schedule, sanction and conduct Official ASCA programs. The Show Coordinator must be a Full ASCA member in good standing and appointed by the Affiliate Club hosting the show. The Show Coordinator will be responsible for accurate filing of trial sanctioning along with appropriate fees in a timely manner. The Show Coordinator is also responsible for ensuring all trial reports, with appropriate fees and qualifying score entry forms, are submitted to the ASCA Business Office after the show in a timely manner. Copies of any entries sent to the ASCA Business Office must be copied and kept on file with the Host Club for a minimum of one year.

A Trial Secretary/Chairman must be a Full ASCA member in good standing. A Trial Secretary is typically the person receiving the entries for the trial.

1.1.6 Monetary Profit

No individual(s), non-ASCA Affiliated corporation(s) or business(es) shall realize any monetary profit, or any other benefit because of any connection with an ASCA sanctioned event. Normal event sponsorship or advertisement by any individual(s), corporation(s) or business(es) shall not be in conflict with this rule. Individuals, corporations or businesses that enter into agreements with Affiliate Clubs to supply materials, services, facility rentals, livestock rentals or any other need required for the conduct of sanctioned events shall not be in conflict with this rule. The use of a Club's name for event purposes cannot be transferred.

1.1.7 Application to Hold a Rally Trial

ASCA Affiliate Clubs that meet the requirements of ASCA and wish to hold a Rally Trial at which qualifying scores toward a Rally title may be awarded must make application to the ASCA Business Office on the form provided for permission to hold such Trial. This application must be submitted and postmarked no later than ~~60~~ **45** days prior to the event. (**Effective June 1, 2019**) A sanctioning fee per Trial shall be submitted with the application (see the ASCA Schedule of Fees). Sanctioning Requests will not be accepted with missing information (i.e. incomplete judging panel). A Show Premium that includes all the information listed in Section 1.4 Premium must be included with the sanctioning request.

If an incomplete Sanctioning Request is received, the Business Office will notify the affiliate that the form is incomplete and will return it to the affiliate. Submitting an incomplete Sanctioning Request will not meet the ~~60-days~~ **45-days** -prior submission requirement. If a fully completed Sanctioning Request and Premium are not received at least ~~60~~ **45** days prior to the event, any fees associated with a late request will apply. (**Effective June 1, 2019**)

1.1.8 Lost Sanctioning Requests

The ASCA Business Office will not accept responsibility for sanctioning requests lost in the mail.

1.1.9 First Right to Trial Dates

Each Host Club that holds a sanctioned event at least once in every two consecutive years shall have first right to claim the corresponding dates or holiday weekend for its event to be held in the next succeeding two years. If the Club having first right to the date(s) does not host a sanctioned event on that date in the following year, another Club may use the preexisting date for an event. The original Club shall still have first right to the date on the second year following their original event. If they do not host a sanctioned event on that date in the second year, they lose the first right to the date. The ASCA Business Office will hold paperwork from any other Club wishing to use a preexisting date until the ASCA Business Office has been notified that the Host Club with the preexisting date will not use the event date that year. If paperwork must be held pending receipt of the notification from the Host Club with the preexisting date, the ASCA Business Office will notify the second Club within 14 days upon receipt of the Sanctioning Request Form. To facilitate timely receipt of materials, Clubs wishing to use a preexisting date should contact the Host Club and request notification be sent in writing to the ASCA Business Office stating the preexisting date will not be used that year. If the Host Club with the preexisting date does not use that date on the second year following their original event, first claim to that date will pass to a second Host Club, if there is one. If a date has not been previously claimed, the Host Club whose sanctioning is postmarked first shall be awarded the date.

1.1.10 No Affiliate for State/Area

If an Affiliate Club does not serve a state/area, then an Affiliate Club from another state/area may sanction events there on a first come basis.

1.1.11 Sanctioning Outside of State/Area

If an Affiliate Club wishes to sanction an event at a site that is outside of their state/area they must first secure written permission from all the Affiliate Clubs in that state/area. This written permission shall be submitted to the Business Office with the Sanction request before sanctioning can be granted.

1.1.12 Sanctioning Authority

If an Affiliate Club organizes in a state/area that formerly did not have an Affiliate Club, then the new Club shall have primary sanctioning authority. Out of state/area Affiliate Clubs must then follow the procedure as outlined in the previous two paragraphs.

1.1.13 Sanctioning for Pre-Nationals Trials

Affiliate Clubs who sanction pre-national events to be held in the state/area of the National Specialty event are exempt from the provisions of this section.

1.1.14 Inclusion of Local Laws in Premium

Any ASCA Affiliated Club requesting ASCA sanctioning for any event(s) shall, when making application for said event(s), include any applicable county, state, country or any other bylaws, rules of conduct or associated restrictions regarding dogs, their

exhibition and the holding of said event(s) and shall include a list of such rules, bylaws or restrictions in the premium list. Rules, restrictions, bylaws, etc. shall be printed in English and the language of the country where the said event(s) will be held, listing all pertinent information.

1.1.15 Use of Judges 30 Day Rule

ASCA Affiliate Clubs are encouraged to use a variety of approved Judges. Any club can hire any Judge once every 30 days. To clarify, two different clubs may hire the same Judge within the same 30-day period even if the clubs are in the same area of the country. However, if the Club(s) holds multiple Trials during the same cluster of shows, they will be allowed to use the same Judge to officiate for multiple Trials. Assignments should be organized so that exhibitors show to as many Judges as is practical.

1.2 Late Sanctioning

1.2.1 Penalties

Sanctioning requests received between ~~45-60~~ 30 and 45 days prior to an event will be accepted upon payment of a fine (see the ASCA Schedule of Fees) per day past the ~~60-day~~ 45-day postmark deadline. Sanctioning requests received by the Business Office less than ~~45~~ 30 days prior to a sanctioned event will not be accepted under any circumstances. Clubs submitting delinquent sanctioning request three times will lose all late sanctioning privileges for a period of two years. It is recommended that Clubs retain proof of mailing for all sanctioning requests. (Effective June 1, 2019)

1.2.2 Lost Sanctioning Requests

The ASCA Business Office will not accept responsibility for sanctioning requests lost in the mail.

1.2.3 Losing First Right to Date

If the Host Club with the preexisting dates postmarks their sanctioning request form past the ~~60-day~~ 45-day deadline and it is not received at least ~~45~~ 30 days prior to the event, they will lose first right to this date for that year. (Effective June 1, 2019)

1.3 Entries

1.3.1 Official Form and Signature

All entries are to be made on Official ASCA entry forms and must be signed by owner/agent.

1.3.2 QTracker Number

QTracker numbers are mandatory for all non-ASCA registered dogs exhibiting in ASCA Rally. A dog may compete at the Trial where the handler applies for an ASCA QTracker number. The handler will be issued a receipt by the Registration table valid for 60 days to allow the Business Office time to issue the QTracker number. QTracker forms may be obtained at either www.asca.org, or the ASCA Business Office. No entry will be accepted that has any stipulations as to its acceptance.

1.4 Premium

1.4.1 Items to Include in the Premium

Affiliates must send a copy of their premium to the ASCA Business Office with their sanctioning request. The premium must include:

- Name of affiliate hosting the event
- Trial Committee Chair (email and/or phone number)
- Show Coordinator (email and/or phone number)
- Trial Secretary (address, email and/or phone number)
- A statement that the trial will be held under the current rules and regulations of ASCA
- A statement that bitches in season are not allowed to compete (unless the premium is for Nationals or Finals in which case Nationals and Finals Rules will apply)
- Date and location of trial(s) including physical address and directions

- A full description of the trial's ring surfacing (grass, grass/dirt, sand, matting over concrete, carpet, A/C, heated, indoor/outdoor, etc.)
- Hours the show site will open and close each day
- Number of rally trials and other events
- Judges names and their judge's assignments
- The pre-entry closing date or closing date and the fees for each class. Fee amounts for pre-entries and day of trial entries if they are different must be included
- A statement either allowing for day-of-trial entries or for accepting pre-entries only
- Reduced entry fees if offered for items such as a "package entry fee" if a dog is entered in two classes, or pre-entry discount
- A description of any restrictions for entry into the trial
- Affiliate name to make checks out to and the address to mail entries
- Refund information
- A statement that no entry shall be accepted from a dog or handler disqualified from the ASCA Rally program; a dog or handler disqualified from all ASCA programs; or a person not in good standing with ASCA. (A list of such dogs will be supplied by the business office along with the sanctioning paperwork.)
- A listing of all classes offered for each day
- Judging start times and order of classes
- A description of awards to be given along with any special awards or prizes
- Local veterinarians for emergency contact
- Rules of the affiliate and/or trial location the exhibitors would need prior knowledge (including waivers to be signed)
- Listing of any applicable local laws or show site regulations pertaining to the exhibition of dogs. (including waivers to be signed)
- Local hotel(s) and pet accommodation information
- RV hook up/Camping amenities and availability (RV Park Guide) (if applicable)
- Food Vendor information
- Show photographer information (if applicable)
- The current ASCA Rally entry form or a link to the form on the ASCA Website
- A copy of the QTracker Number and Service Membership Application or a link to the form on the ASCA Website. (Not required for the ASCA Nationals and pre/post-trial premiums).

1.4.2 Distribution of Premiums

Premiums cannot be distributed prior to the ASCA Business Office receiving a copy included with the sanctioning forms and fees. A copy of the premium is to be sent to the Judge prior to the event.

1.5 Rally Classes

1.5.1 Classes to Hold at Trials

A Specialty or Sanctioned Rally Trial must include all the Regular Rally classes defined in these Rules and Regulations.

1.5.2 Offering Non-Regular Rally Classes

Any Affiliate club which has been approved to hold a Specialty or Sanctioned Rally Trial, if qualified in the opinion of the ASCA Business Office, may offer additional Non-regular classes for dogs not less than six months of age. Non-regular classes defined in these Rules and Regulations need not be described in the premium. Any non-regular class not described in these Rules and Regulations must have a clear and complete description of the requirements of eligibility and performance printed in the premium.

1.5.3 Run Order for Non-Regular Classes

Non-regular classes will always be held after all regular classes have finished and awards for those classes have been distributed. The only exception to this rule will be when there are multiple Rally rings running at the same time, such as at ASCA

Nationals and other large shows. Even in the case of the ASCA Nationals, it is suggested that non-regular classes run last if possible.

1.6 Rally Trial Committee

1.6.1 Appointment and Authority

If an Affiliate Club holds a Sanctioned Rally Trial only, the club must appoint a Rally Trial Committee. This Committee shall exercise the same authority vested as in any other ASCA Show Committee.

1.6.2 Show Committee at Multiple Event Trials

If an Affiliate Club holds a Sanctioned Rally Trial in conjunction with any other ASCA sanctioned event, the club's Show Committee shall include one person designated as "Rally Chairman." The Rally Chairman is then part of the Show Committee for that event. At such events, the Show Committee of the show-giving club shall have sole jurisdiction over all matters that may properly come before it, regardless of whether the matter has to do with any other ASCA Sanctioned Event.

1.6.3 Showing to the Judge

The person hiring the Judge(s) for the Rally Trial will be allowed to compete in the Rally Trial. The Rally Trial Chairman and other members of the Show Committee will also be allowed to compete in the Rally Trial.

1.7 Identification

No badges, coats with kennel names, dogs' names, or any dog related advertisements, shall be worn or displayed, nor any other visible means of identification used, by an individual when exhibiting a dog in the ring. In the Rally Relay Team Class, exhibitors may wear coordinated clothing if desired, with art and/or the team name. However, kennel names and names of dog-related businesses will still not be allowed.

1.8 Immediate Family

As used in this rulebook, "Immediate Family" means spouse, parents, grandparents, children, grandchildren, siblings, or any combination of the preceding by marriage, i.e. stepchildren or parents-in-law, or person residing in the same household.

1.9 Dogs Who May Compete

1.9.1 "Dog"

As used in these Rules and Regulations, the word "dog" refers to either sex.

1.9.2 Individual Registrations/LEP Numbers

All Australian Shepherds that have a permanent individual registration or LEP number from ASCA and are over six months of age may compete, unless stipulated in Section 10 of this Chapter and may be eligible for ASCA's year-end Merit and Finals programs. (See Chapter 12: Merits and Chapter 13: Rally Finals.)

1.9.3 QTracker Number

Dogs that have a QTracker number issued by ASCA or an application completed, and fees paid to ASCA may compete in any class at ASCA sanctioned Rally Trials.

1.9.4 Presentation of Registration or QTracker Number

Photocopies or originals of registration or QTracker number papers must be presented to the Registration Table upon request when entering ASCA sanctioned Rally Trials. QTracker numbers may be applied for at the Trial during Day of Show Entry times for entry for that event, and entrant shall write pending on the entry form.

1.9.5 Entry into ASCA Sanctioned Rally Trials

Entry into ASCA Sanctioned Rally Trials need not be limited to Australian Shepherds, except for a Specialty, which shall be for ASCA registered Australian Shepherds only. For the purposes of all ASCA awards, rankings, and Trials, LEP Australian Shepherds are considered ASCA Registered Australian Shepherds.

1.10 Dogs That May Not Compete

1.10.1 Dogs without Registration or QTracker Number

No dog without an ASCA individual permanent registration, LEP, or ASCA QTracker number may compete in any ASCA Rally Trial. An ASCA QTracker number application can be submitted along with the entry to a Trial with the appropriate fees made payable to ASCA.

1.10.2 Judge's Family/Dogs Owned by Judge

During a Rally Trial Judge's assignment, their immediate family or household members may not compete, even under other officiating Judges, at the same Trial in which he/she is judging. Dogs owned wholly or in part by a Rally Judge may not be exhibited at a Trial in which he/she is officiating.

1.10.3 Judge Competing on Day They are Judging

Judges may not compete in a Rally Trial prior to their judging assignment on the same day in which they are judging. Rally judges may show in cluster trials on weekends in which they are judging without restrictions on the order in which they judge and show. This includes same day rally trials when such events precede or follow but do not overlap the trial at which they officiate.

1.10.4 Communicable Disease

- A. No dog shall be eligible to compete at any show, no dog shall be brought into the grounds or premises of any dog show, and any dog which may have been brought into the grounds or premises of a dog show shall immediately be removed, if it;
 1. Shows clinical symptoms of canine influenza, distemper, infectious hepatitis, parvovirus, leptospirosis, kennel cough or other communicable disease, or
 2. Has been confirmed by a veterinarian to have a communicable disease within thirty days prior to the opening of the show, or
 3. Has been kenneled within thirty days prior to the opening of the show in a household in which there were veterinarian-confirmed cases of canine influenza, distemper, infectious hepatitis, leptospirosis, kennel cough or other communicable disease.
- B. The ASCA Board of Directors reserves the right to call a quarantine if the situation warrants. The length and details of such quarantine will vary depending on the specific disease and the gravity of the situation.
- C. Protocol for Communicable Disease Notification:
 1. In the event that a host Affiliate is made aware of a dog exhibiting symptoms of a communicable disease, the hosting Affiliate will in turn investigate, following the steps outlined in the Conflict Resolution Protocol, observe the dog, and, if warranted, remove the dog. Dogs that within thirty days prior to the show have traveled or have been kenneled with a dog exhibiting symptoms may also be removed. In the case of removal of a dog(s), the Affiliate shall immediately report it to the ASCA Board via the Executive Secretary by emailing the Affiliate Health and Safety Report. The Affiliate Club shall provide a copy of the report to the owner of the dog(s).
 2. Owners who believe that their dogs have contracted a communicable disease while at an ASCA event or have attended an ASCA event within the incubation period of a communicable disease should report the illness to the ASCA Board of Directors by contacting the Executive Secretary and submitting the Owner's Health and Safety Report form. All reports will be kept confidential.
 3. Reports received by the Board will be investigated by an assigned Director, per normal Board procedure, to assess the extent of the communicable disease risk. The assigned Director will investigate and will report findings and a recommendation to the Board within three working days.
 4. In instances of reported cases of communicable disease during or following the ASCA National Specialty, ASCA will send out a notice to the membership through its official means of communication, notifying members of the report of the disease and providing educational information concerning the disease in question. Affiliate clubs scheduling events within thirty days of the ASCA National Specialty should be aware of possible financial losses if a quarantine is necessary.

1.11 Qualifying Score

1.11.1 Range for Qualifying Scores

Qualifying scores in ASCA Rally range from 170-200 points. A qualifying score in ASCA Rally may be earned in a single regular class at an ASCA Specialty or sanctioned Rally Trial. For a qualifying score to count toward a title, the dog must be entered in the correct class at the time entries close for the Rally trial entered.

1.11.2 “A” or “B” Qualifying Score

A qualifying score will be awarded to those teams with a score of 170 or more points in any regular A or B Rally class.

1.11.3 “C” Qualifying Score

A “C” qualifying score will be awarded to those teams with a score of 190 points or higher in any C Rally class.

1.11.4 “X” Qualifying Score

An “X” qualifying score will be awarded to those teams with a score of 195 points or higher from any regular A, B, or C Rally class.

1.12 When Titles Are Won

1.12.1 Completion of Title before Moving to Higher Level

These Rules and Regulations require that a dog shall have won a particular Rally title before competing in the next Rally class, a dog may be shown in such class at any Rally Trial after the handler has been informed at three Trials by at least two different Judges that the dog has received the necessary qualifying scores.

1.12.2 Earning of Third Qualifying Score

The third qualifying score must be earned before the trial at which the entry in the next rally level or class change is to be made.

1.13 Disqualification and Ineligibility

1.13.1 Disqualifications Defined

Dogs that are blind or that have lost a limb are not eligible to compete in any Rally class. Dogs that have been surgically altered for health reasons or disease, such as the loss of an eye or ear, may compete.

1.13.2 Disqualifying a Dog

When a Judge finds any of these conditions in any dog he is judging, he shall disqualify the dog marking his book “Disqualified” and stating the reason. He shall not need to obtain the opinion of a veterinarian.

1.13.3 Cancellation of Awards

When a dog has been disqualified under this section, all awards made to the dog at the Trial shall be canceled by ASCA and the dog may not again compete unless and until, following application by the owner to ASCA, the owner has received official notification from ASCA that the dog’s eligibility has been reinstated.

1.13.4 Breed Standard Disqualifications

Spayed bitches, castrated dogs, monorchid or cryptorchid males, and dogs that have faults which would disqualify them under the standards for their breeds may compete in Rally Trials if otherwise eligible under these Rules and Regulations.

1.13.5 Lamé Dogs

A dog that is lame in the ring at any Rally Trial may not compete and shall not receive any score for the class in which it was determined to be lame. It shall be the Judge’s responsibility to determine whether a dog is lame. He shall not need to obtain the opinion of a veterinarian. If in the Judge’s opinion a dog is lame, he shall not score such a dog and shall mark his book “Excused-lame.”

1.13.6 Taping and Bandaging

No dog shall be eligible to compete in a Rally Trial if it is taped or bandaged in any way or if it has anything attached to it for medical or corrective purposes. Such a dog must be immediately excused and under no circumstances may it be returned later for judging after the tape, bandage or attachment has been removed.

1.13.7 Judge's Knowledge

A Rally Judge is not required to be familiar with the breed standards or to scrutinize each dog as in dog show judging but shall be alert for conditions that may require disqualification or exclusion under this section.

1.14 Disturbances

1.14.1 Bitches in Season

Bitches in season are not permitted to compete and the Judge must excuse them from competition, except in the Rally Finals and the Nationals Rally Trial pursuant to Chapters 13 (Rally Finals) and 14 (Nationals Rally). Bitches in season must be crated (not placed in an exercise pen), outside the building or in a separate area at least 50 feet away from the Rally rings and warm-up ring prior to and during the competition, except while competing. A BIS may not use the designated warm-up ring. The Judge may excuse a bitch that appears to be so attractive to males as to be a disturbing element. (See Chapter 13: Rally Finals and Chapter 14: Nationals Rally.)

1.14.2 Out of Control Dogs

The Rally Trial Judge must remove from competition any dog that its handler cannot control, any handler who interferes willfully with another competitor or his dog, and any handler who abuses his dog in the ring.

1.14.3 Unfit to Compete

The Judge must also excuse from competition any dog that he considers unfit to compete. If a dog or handler is disqualified or excused by a Judge, the reason shall be stated in the Judge's book or in a separate report.

1.15 Rally Ring Equipment

1.15.1 Required Equipment List

ASCA Affiliate Clubs hosting a sanctioned Specialty or Show must provide for each ring:

- a. One full set of ASCA Regulation Jumps as defined below
- b. One full set of ASCA Rally signs and holders
- c. Two working stop watches
- d. Seven cones (minimum of 12 inches in height), two food dishes with secure covers, and two dog-safe toys
- e. One full set of Station identifying numbers and four Star designators

1.15.2 Signs and Holders

- a. A full set of Signs consists of one of each sign except for Right Turn, Left Turn, 270 Right Turn, 270 Left Turn, 45 Diagonal Left, 45 Diagonal Right, 225 Loop Left, 225 Loop Right, Normal Pace, Send Over Jump, and Halt, Leave Dog; two each of these must be included.
- b. ASCA approved wording and symbols must be used on all signs.
- c. Signs must be a minimum of 8½ x 11 inches and a maximum of 11 x 17 inches.
- d. Signs must be secured in place to the right of the handler's path unless indicated elsewhere in these Rules and Regulations.
- e. All sign holders must be designed to be properly secured during the Rally class. When designing sign holders, special consideration to weather conditions for outdoor trials should be given.
- f. All sign holders (not including the Finish sign) should be sequentially numbered on the course.
- g. Station numbers and star designators must be secured and displayed in a manner, so the numbers and stars are easily visible to the exhibitors.
- h. Station numbers and stars appearing on the star designators should be a minimum of three inches high.

1.15.3 Jumps

Each ring requiring a jump or jumps must have a full set of regulation jumps available.

- a. **High Jump:** The side posts of the High Jump shall be 4 feet high and may be made of metal, wood, or wood like material. The jump shall be 4 or 5 feet wide and shall be so constructed as to provide adjustment for each 4 inches from 8 to 16 inches. It is suggested that the jump have a bottom board 8 inches wide including the space from the bottom of the board to the ground or floor, together with one other 8-inch board and one 4-inch board. A bottom board of 4 inches must also be provided. A 6-inch board may also be provided. Boards may be made of any rigid material. The boards must be able to stack upon each other. The boards must slide into or over the uprights. The boards cannot be attached to the side posts, except for the bottom board. No interlocking boards allowed.
The jump shall be painted a flat white. The width in inches, and nothing else, shall be painted in black 2-inch figures, and the figure on the bottom board representing the distance from the ground to the top of the board. If the high jump is made of material other than wood, it must weigh the same as if it was made of wood. (This is to keep the jump from falling over in a wind and/or if the dog taps the jump in going over it). The weight requirement may be waived if the jump set is commercially made.
- b. **Broad Jump:** The Broad Jump shall consist of three boards, built to telescope for convenience, about 8 inches wide, the largest measuring about 4 or 5 feet in length and 6 inches high at the highest point, all painted a flat white. The boards may be made of metal, wood or wood like material. If the boards are made of material other than wood, they must weigh the same as if they were made of wood. The weight requirement may be waived if the jump set is commercially made. When set up, they shall be arranged in order of size and shall be evenly spaced to cover a distance equal to twice the height of the High Jump as set for the particular dog, with the low side of each board and the lowest board nearest the dog. The three boards shall be used for a jump of 32 inches, two for a jump of 16 to 24 inches, and one for a jump of 8 inches. When decreasing the number of boards in the jump, the highest board shall be removed first. It is the Judge's responsibility to see that the distance jumped is that required by these Rules and Regulations for the particular dog.
- c. **Bar Jump:** The Bar Jump shall consist of a bar, which may be made of any rigid material that is between 2 and 2½ inches square with the four edges rounded sufficiently to remove any sharpness. The bar shall be painted a flat black and white in alternate sections of about three inches each. The bar shall be supported by two unconnected 4-foot upright posts, which may be made of metal, wood, or wood like material, about 4 or 5 feet apart. The bar shall be adjustable for each two inches of height from 4 to 16 inches, and the jump shall be so constructed and positioned that the bar can be knocked off without disturbing the uprights. The bar will be weighted if made of material other than wood, so it is not dislodged any easier than if it was made of wood.

1.15.4 Ringside Rule Book

A current Rally Rule Book must also be readily available at ringside.

1.16 Rally Ribbons

1.16.1 Required Ribbons

At Specialty or Sanctioned Rally Trials the following Placement Ribbons or Rosettes must be offered:

- First Place
- Second Place
- Third Place
- Fourth Place
- Qualifying
- X Qualifying
- High In Trial (from A & B Regular Classes)
- High Combined (from Excellent B and Masters B Regular Classes)
- High in Trial Junior (from A & B Regular Classes)

1.16.2 Suggested and Required Colors

For Sanctioned Rally Trials, the following colors are suggested, unless sanctioned as a Specialty in which case the following colors must be used:

Regular Classes:

- First Place - Blue
- Second Place - Red
- Third Place - Yellow
- Fourth Place - White
- Qualifying - Kelly or Medium Green
- X Qualifying - Hunter or Dark Green (noted with an X on the front)
- High In Trial - Tan and Blue
- High Combined - Tan and Green
- High In Trial Junior - Tan and Maroon

Non-Regular Classes:

- First Place - Rose
- Second Place - Brown
- Third Place - Light Green
- Fourth Place - Gray

1.16.3 Size of Ribbons

Each ribbon or rosette shall be at least two inches wide and at least eight inches long and shall bear on its face the name of the placement and the name of the host club. The X Qualifying Ribbons must be larger than the normal Qualifying Ribbons and have an X on the face of each ribbon.

1.16.4 Additional Ribbons and Awards

Additional ribbons and awards may be offered such as High Scoring Aussie and High Scoring Other Breed.

1.16.5 ASCA Logo Use

The ASCA Logo may be used in awards and ribbons offered by an ASCA Affiliate Club hosting a sanctioned Show, Trial or Agility competition.

1.17 Ribbons, Prizes, and Cancellation of Awards

1.17.1 Regular and Non-Regular Class Ribbons

Ribbons for the four official placements and all prizes offered for competition within a single Regular class at Sanctioned Rally Trials must be awarded only to dogs that earn Qualifying scores. Qualifying scores shall not be required for the awarding of ribbons and prizes in the Non-regular classes. Awards for the four placements in these classes shall be based solely on number of points earned and time if required in a tie score.

1.17.2 Cancellation of Awards

If an award in any regular Rally class is cancelled, the next highest scoring dog will receive that award. If there is no dog to move up, the award will be void. If ASCA cancels a dog's win, the dog's owner must return all ribbons and prizes to the Trial giving club within ten days of receiving the ASCA cancellation notice.

1.17.3 Prizes for Members of Certain Clubs or Organizations

Prizes offered only to members of certain clubs or organizations will not be approved for publication in premium lists.

1.18 High in Trial from the Regular A and B Classes

1.18.1 Announcement Following Last Regular Class

The dog receiving the highest qualifying score in the A or B regular classes shall be awarded the ribbons/rosettes and any prizes offered for the High In Trial (HIT) award, after announcement of final scores of the last regular class to be Judged. The Judge shall mark his/her Judge's books to reflect the above-mentioned win. At a Specialty, the Show Secretary shall mark the catalog to identify the dog receiving this award. Dogs entered in the C classes are not eligible for HIT awards.

1.18.2 Awarding of Additional Ribbons/Awards

If a Club wishes to offer other ribbons/awards for High Scoring Aussie, High Scoring Other Breed, and/or High Scoring C Class they may do so, if they are not offered in place of the High in Trial ribbon/rosette/award. Only one dog, regardless of breed, shall be awarded High in Trial.

1.18.3 Calculations HIT

The highest score will be calculated by combining the dog's score with a point value determined by level of Rally class where the qualifying score was received (See below for the point value for each level). Only dogs receiving first place and qualifying scores from the A or B classes are eligible for the High in Trial award. If a dog qualifies in two classes in one Trial, only the highest score will be used for the HIT calculation.

Level of Qualifying Rally Score Points:

| | | | |
|----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Novice | 1 point | Excellent | 3 points |
| Advanced | 2 points | Masters | 4 points |

EXAMPLE: A Novice team with a score of 200, an Advanced team with a score of 199, an Excellent team with a score of 198, and a Masters team with a score of 197 would all tie and need to do a run off. A Novice team score of 200 would not win HIT over a Masters Team score of 198 or higher.

1.18.4 Ties for HIT

In case of a tie between dogs eligible for any of the above awards, each Team shall perform the Novice course, including the stay exercise, on lead. The highest score shall determine the winner. If more than one Team receives the same score, the faster time shall determine the winner. The sit or down stay will be kept on the course for the run-off.

1.19 High Combined Score in Excellent B and Masters B

1.19.1 Announcement Following Last Regular Class

The dog receiving the highest combined qualifying scores in the Excellent B and Masters B classes (High Combined - HC) shall be awarded the ribbons/rosettes and any prizes offered for this award, after announcement of final scores of the last regular class to be judged. The Judge shall mark his/her Judge's books to reflect the above-mentioned win. At a Specialty, the Show Secretary shall mark the catalog to identify the dog receiving this award.

1.19.2 Tie for HC

In case of a tie between dogs eligible for this award, the dog with the highest score or placement in the Masters class shall determine the winner.

1.20 High in Trial Junior Handler in the Regular Classes

1.20.1 Announcement Following Last Regular Class

The Junior Handler (anyone 17 years or younger on June 1st of the current ASCA year competing) receiving the highest qualifying score in the A or B Regular Classes shall be awarded the ribbon and any prizes offered for this placement, after the announcement of the final scores of the last Regular Class to be judged. The Show or Trial Secretary shall mark the catalog to identify the Junior Handler receiving this award. Highest score will be a combination of score and level of Rally class where a qualifying score was received as specified in Section 1.18 High in Trial from the Regular A and B Classes.

1.20.2 Tie for HIT Junior Handler

In case of a tie between Junior Handlers eligible for any of the above awards, each Junior Handler and dog shall perform the Novice course, including the stay exercise, on lead. The highest score shall determine the winner. If more than one Team receives the same score, the faster time shall determine the winner.

1.21 Risk

The owner or agent entering a dog in a Rally Trial does so at his own risk and agrees to abide by all ASCA Rally Rules and Regulations.

1.22 Decisions

At the Trial, the decisions of the Judge shall be final in all matters affecting the scoring and the working of the dogs and their handlers. The Rally Trial Committee, or the Show Committee, shall decide all other matters arising at the Trial, including protests against dogs, subject to the Rules and Regulations of ASCA.

1.23 Dogs Entered and Scheduled to Compete

After the close of entries, any dog entered and able to show is strongly encouraged to compete. If a conflict occurs or the handler deems necessary to scratch an entered dog, he/she must do so as soon as possible to keep the flow of the Trial. Scratching an entry after the close of entries will void any monies due back to entrant, unless otherwise stated by the Host Club and posted in the Trial premium. Once a handler and dog have entered the ring, they must attempt to complete the course unless excused by the Judge, Handler, Show or Rally Trial Committee, or by the official Veterinarian to protect the health of the dog or of other dogs at the Trial. The excusal by the official Veterinarian must be in writing and must be approved by the Show or Trial Secretary and must be submitted to ASCA with the report of the Trial.

1.24 Judging Program

Any Affiliate Club holding a Specialty with a closed entry date must prepare, after the entries have closed, a program showing the time scheduled for judging. A copy of this program shall be sent to the owner of each entered dog and to each Judge, and the program shall be printed in the catalog. In addition, one-half to one-hour for rest or meals must be allowed if it will take more than five hours of actual judging to judge the dogs entered under him/her. Judges can judge up to 120 runs per day. It is suggested that a Judge not judge more than eight hours in a single day. If a Rally Judge is judging more than one ASCA sanctioned event per day, the eight hours includes all assignments.

1.25 Limitation of Entries

1.25.1 Limiting Entries

If a Club anticipates an entry in excess of its facilities for a Specialty or Sanctioned Rally Trial, it may limit entries in any or all classes.

1.25.2 Announcement of Limits

Prominent announcement of such limits must appear on the title or cover page of the premium list for a Rally Trial or immediately under the Rally heading in the premium list for a Conformation show or Obedience Trial, with a statement that entries in one or more specified classes in the Rally Trial will automatically close when a certain limit or limits have been reached, even though the official closing date for entries has not arrived.

1.25.3 Limiting to ASCA Registered Australian Shepherds

An Affiliate Club may limit its Sanctioned Rally Trial to ASCA registered Australian Shepherds only. Prominent announcement of such limits must appear on the title or cover page of the premium list for a Sanctioned Rally Trial or immediately under the Rally heading in the premium list for a dog show.

1.26 Additional Judges, Reassignment, and Split Classes

1.26.1 Additional Judges

Additional Judges must be scheduled if entries exceed 120 runs per day, provided entries have not been limited.

1.26.2 Reassignment of Classes

If, when the entries have closed, it is found that the entry under one or more Judges exceeds the limit of 120 runs per day per Judge, the Club shall immediately secure the approval from the ASCA Business Office for the appointment of one or more additional Judges, or for reassignment of its advertised Judges, so that no Judge will be required to exceed the limit. If a Judge with an excessive entry was advertised to judge more than one class, one or more of his classes shall be assigned to another Judge. The class or classes selected for reassignment shall first be any Non-regular classes for which he was advertised and shall then be either the regular class or classes with the minimum number of entries, or those with the minimum scheduled time,

which will bring the advertised Judge's schedule within, and as close as possible to the maximum limit. If a Judge with an excessive entry was advertised to judge only one class, the Show Secretary shall divide the entry as evenly as possible between the advertised Judge and the other Judge by drawing lots.

1.26.3 Notification of Judge Changes

The club shall promptly send a notification of any change of Judge to the owner of each entry affected. The owner shall be permitted to withdraw such entry at any time prior to the date of the show, and the entry fee shall then be refunded. If the entry in any one class is split in this manner, the advertised Judge shall judge the run-off of any tie scores that may develop between the two divisions of the class, after each Judge has first run off any ties resulting from his own judging.

1.27 Emergency Replacement Judge

1.27.1 Qualifications

In the event of an emergency where a hired Judge cannot fulfill their assignment, the Trial Chair along with the Trial Committee/ASCA affiliate, may choose a replacement Judge with the following qualifications in order of priority as listed below and taking into consideration the amount of time an affiliate must find a replacement and the financial ability to use replacements in the following order.

1. ASCA approved Judge not entered in the trial.
2. ASCA approved Judge entered in the trial.
3. ASCA Rally Judge applicant entered in the trial or not entered in the trial.
4. A person entered in the trial with the most experience training and trialing in the ASCA Rally program with the highest title among the exhibitors willing to judge. Ideally, they will have trialed and titled a dog through the Masters level.

1.27.2 Notification to Business Office

The business office must be notified of the judge cancellation as soon as the affiliate is aware a judge change will be needed. If the original judge notifies the club of the need to cancel outside of normal business hours, the business office must be notified the next morning the business office is open.

1.27.3 Notification to Exhibitors & Refunds

If the replacement judge was hired after the trial was open for entries, the ASCA Affiliate will post in a prominent place that a replacement judge is being used and offer to refund entry fees if an exhibitor chooses not to trial. Requests for a refund must be made in writing prior to the trial starting.

1.27.4 Availability of Courses

Availability of courses for the trial will be in the following order.

- a. A set of courses designed and prepared by the emergency replacement judge, if time and circumstances allow.
- b. The original judge's courses forwarded to the emergency replacement judge, if time and circumstances allow.
- c. If time and circumstances do not permit the courses to be sent to the replacement judge, the courses shall be sent to the Trial Chair or Trial Secretary.
- d. If time and circumstances do not permit the original judge to send courses to anyone, the replacement judge shall contact the Business Office, the Rally Committee Chair or the Board of Directors' Rally Committee Liaison for a secure link on the ASCA Website to access approved course sets.
- e. If time and circumstances do not permit the emergency replacement judge to access the approved courses on the website, the Trial Chair or Trial Secretary will be given access to the approved courses, so the trial can go on as scheduled.

1.27.5 Immediate Family

The emergency rally judge may not judge their immediate family (spouse, parents, grandparents, children, grandchildren, siblings, or any combination of the preceding by marriage, i.e. stepchildren or parents-in-law) or household members.

1.28 Split Classes, Official Ribbons, and Prizes

1.28.1 Ribbons for Split Classes

A club that holds a split class, whether the split is announced in the Premium List or after entries close because the entries exceed eight hours of judging or 120 runs, shall award ASCA official ribbons in both divisions.

1.28.2 Prizes for Split Classes

If a split class is announced in the Premium List, duplicate placement prizes will be offered in each division. If prizes are offered for placements in a class that must be split after entries close, duplicate prizes or prizes of equal value will be offered in the additional division of the class.

1.29 Stewards

The Judge is in sole charge of his ring until his assignment is completed. Stewards are provided to assist the Judge; they may act only on the Judge's instructions. Stewards shall not give information or instructions to owners and handlers except as specifically instructed by the Judge, and then only in such manner that it is clear that the instructions are those of the Judge. Handlers may steward for classes other than those in which they are entered.

1.30 Ring Area and Conditions

1.30.1 Ring Size/Use of Ring

The ring shall be rectangular, and a minimum of 2000 square feet with no side being less than 40 feet for all Rally classes.

- a. No grooming or crating is permitted within 10 feet of any Rally ring during the Rally portion of the show.
- b. No food is allowed within 10 ft of the Rally ring.
- c. Clubs must ensure that Rally rings are used only for Obedience and Rally trials, not for practice or warm-ups prior to trials being held same day.

1.30.2 Outside Rings

Outside rings should be a clean level surface of grass no more than two inches long, or dirt without any mud puddles in the ring area. The rings shall be as near as can be determined by visual inspection, free of rodent or insect colonies and clean of any animal waste. Insecticides or poisons may not be used to remedy pre-existing conditions on day of show. On surfaces such as wood or concrete flooring, which require a non-skid surface, mats should cover the entire ring.

1.30.3 Perimeter/Inclement Weather

- a. An area surrounding the rally ring no smaller than ten feet in any direction shall be cleaned and posted for "no crating or grooming" during the rally portion of the event.
- b. No food is allowed within 10 ft of any side of the rally ring.
- c. If inclement weather at an outdoor trial necessitates the judging of Rally under shelter, the requirements as to ring size may be waived if approved by the Rally Judge. If such actions are taken, a full report must be included with the trial results sent to the ASCA Business Office.

1.31 Rally Rings at Dog Shows

1.31.1 Outdoor Dog Show

At an outdoor Dog Show, a separate ring or rings shall be provided for Rally. A sign forbidding anyone to permit any dog to use the ring during the entire time of the show except when being judged shall be set up in each such ring by the Show Secretary. It shall be the duty of the Trial Chairman or the Show Committee to enforce this Regulation.

1.31.2 Limited Space at Indoor Trial

At an indoor show where limited space does not permit the exclusive use of any ring for Rally, the same Regulation will apply after the Rally rings have been set up.

1.31.3 Ring Enclosure Material

At any Dog Show, the material used for enclosing the Rally rings shall be at least equal to the material used for enclosing the Breed rings.

1.31.4 Rally in Conformation Ring

At no time shall a Rally trial be run in the same ring following a conformation show occurring within the same day. If used the next day following a Conformation show, the ring must be swept clean of any debris prior to the start of the Trial.

1.32 Judge's Report on Ring and Equipment

The Show Coordinator, Show Secretary, and the Officials of the Club holding the Rally Trial are responsible for providing rings and equipment that meet the requirements of these Rules and Regulations. However, the Judge must check the ring and equipment provided for his use before starting to judge and must report to the ASCA Business Office after the Trial any undesirable ring conditions or deficiencies that have not been promptly corrected at his request.

1.33 Boundaries of Show Grounds

The 'limits' are the boundaries of the grounds. 'Premises' constitutes a larger area, its boundaries not well defined. It consists of the land, buildings and all parking areas adjacent to and a continuation of the show grounds where a Rally Trial is held whether held separately or in conjunction with a conformation Show, Obedience Trial, Stock Dog Trial, Tracking or Tracking Dog Excellent Test, or Agility Trial. Any area inside the 'limits' is on the 'premises,' but an area does not have to be within the 'limits' to be considered within the 'premises.

1.34 Discrimination

Any Affiliate Club that accepts an entry fee other than that published in its premium list or flyer or in any way discriminates between Owners or Handlers shall be disciplined. The same entry fee shall be charged for all dogs entered in any Regular Class. No host organization shall offer to any one Owner or Handler any special inducement, such as trophies, reduced entry fees, rebates, additional prize money, or any other concession for entering any dog(s).

1.35 Submitting Records

After each ASCA sanctioned event, all Judge's Books (Non-regular and Regular classes), Official Entry Forms for all qualifiers, Gross Receipts report, including Event Membership dues, Sanction Grant, and Rally Trial Report must be sent to the ASCA Business Office, postmarked no later than 15 days after the close of the last show of the cluster. A set of courses (to be forwarded to the Rally Course Review Committee) used for the trial along with reasons for any changes to courses, must also be submitted to the ASCA Business Office along with the trial results. Penalty for noncompliance of any above is a late fee (see the ASCA Schedule of Fees) for each day's delay and such other penalties as may be imposed by the Board of Directors of ASCA. The club shall retain all other ASCA official entry forms, except the entry forms listed above, for a period of one year from date of show.

1.36 Code of Personal Conduct

According to ASCA's By-Laws, one of the objectives and purposes of the Club is to do all in its power to protect and advance the interests of the Australian Shepherd as a purebred dog and to encourage sportsmanlike competition at dog shows, working and obedience trials, tracking tests/trials and at any other event where Australian Shepherds participate. Contestants, event workers, judges, and visitors are expected to maintain a family-oriented, sportsmanlike atmosphere. Judges and workers are expected to exhibit professionalism and courtesy. Competitors are expected to conduct themselves at the highest level of sportsmanship.

Personal Conduct and Sportsmanship at ASCA Events

ASCA has the right to reprimand or suspend its members, contestants, judges, helpers, and officials, from any or all privileges of ASCA for conduct prejudicial to the best interests of the Australian Shepherd, ASCA events or ASCA. ASCA has the right to remove from its show grounds any visitors who violate its code of conduct. Everyone at an ASCA event shall maintain the highest

level of sportsmanship and are to conduct themselves accordingly. Foul/ abusive language, yelling at exhibitors or judges, disorderly conduct, and/or poor sportsmanship will not be allowed and will be disciplined.

Poor Sportsmanship is grounds for discipline. This includes purposeful harassment and bullying. If poor conduct occurs, an Affiliate or the ASCA Board of Directors may take direct action, even if no formal request for conflict resolution is filed. If a representative of the Affiliate (Show Secretary, President, other officer, etc.) witnesses improper conduct, the Affiliate should remove the disruptive individual(s) from the event grounds for the entire show/trial weekend. Any other person observing poor sportsmanship should file a Request for Conflict Resolution, making the behavior in question subject to the ASCA Conflict Resolution Protocol.

The presiding Judge/Judges is/are responsible for enforcing the preceding within the ring/trial arena. The Event Committee is responsible for enforcing the preceding outside the ring/trial arena and within the Show Grounds.

For enforcement, the following definitions apply:

Boundaries of Ring/Trial Arena and Show Grounds:

- a. RING/TRIAL ARENA: The ring/trial arena is the bounded area in which judging of an event occurs and over which the Judge has authority. The boundary is defined by physical barriers plus a buffer zone extending ten (10) feet from such physical barriers.
- b. SHOW GROUNDS: The Show Grounds are the boundaries of the grounds on which ASCA events are held. They include, but not limited to, all areas outside the ring/trial arena (including the buffer zone) set aside to support the conduct of the event.

2 Regulations for Performance and Judging

2.1 Standardized Judging

Standardized judging is of paramount importance. Judges are not permitted to inject their own variations into the exercises but must see that each handler and dog executes the various exercises exactly as described in these Rules and Regulations. A handler who is familiar with these Rules and Regulations should be able to enter the ring under any Judge without having to inquire how the particular Judge wishes to have any exercise performed, and without being confronted with some unexpected requirement.

2.2 Standard of Perfection

The Judge must carry a mental picture of the theoretically perfect performance in each exercise and score each dog and handler against this visualized standard which shall combine the utmost in willingness, enjoyment and precision on the part of the dog, and naturalness, gentleness, and smoothness in handling. Speed is not to be considered as the equivalent to willingness and enjoyment. Lack of willingness or enjoyment on the part of the dog can be penalized as lack of accuracy in the dog's performance, and roughness in handling, loud or harsh commands, or intimidating signals by the handler can also be penalized. There shall be no penalty of less than one point.

2.3 Qualifying Performance

A Judge's certification in his Judge's book of a Qualifying score for any particular dog constitutes his certification to the ASCA Show Secretary that the dog on this particular occasion has performed adequately and has been judged to have at least a minimum qualifying score in accordance with these Rules and Regulations, and that its performance on this occasion would justify the awarding of the Rally title associated with the particular class. A qualifying score must never be awarded to a dog whose performance has not met the minimum requirements, to a dog that shows fear or resentment, that relieves itself at any time while in the ring for judging, or whose handler disciplines or abuses it while in the ring. A handler shall not carry or offer food in the ring; doing so will also be scored as a non-qualifying score (NQ).

2.4 Judge's Directions

The Judge's instructions should be given to each handler in a clear and understandable manner, and in such a way that the work of the dog is not disturbed. Prior to starting each run, the Judge shall check to be sure the leash is properly placed for the Sit Stay or Down Stay exercise (if included), the timer is ready, and lastly, will ask the exhibitor "Are you ready?"

2.5 No Added Requirements

No Judge shall require any dog or handler to do anything, nor penalize a dog or handler for failing to do anything, that is not required by these Rules and Regulations.

2.6 A, B, and C Classes, and Different Breeds

The same methods and standards must be used for judging and scoring the A, B, and C Classes, and in judging and scoring the work of dogs of different breeds.

2.7 Interference and Double Handling

A Judge who is aware of any assistance, interference, or attempt to control a dog from outside the ring, must act promptly to stop such double handling or interference, and shall penalize the dog substantially if in his/her opinion the assistance or interference helps the Team, or, if in the Judge's opinion the circumstances warrant, shall give the dog a score of zero for the station of the course during which the aid was received.

2.8 Re-Judging

If a dog has failed to qualify in a particular Rally course, it shall not ordinarily be re-judged nor given a second chance; but if in the Judge's opinion the dog's performance was prejudiced by peculiar and unusual conditions, the Judge may at his/her own discretion, re-judge the dog on the entire course.

2.9 Ties

In case of a tie for any prize in the Novice, Advanced, Excellent, or Masters class, the Team completing the course in the least amount of time will receive the higher placement. If both the score and time are the same, the Teams will repeat the course and will be scored and timed again. The original scores will not be changed, but the higher placement will be given to the Team that won the run-off. A notation will be made by placing a plus sign (+) after the original score of the winner of the run-off.

2.10 Judge's Book and Score Sheets

2.10.1 Entering Scores/Final Score Approval

The Judge or his/her designated Table Steward must enter the scores or total score in the official Judge's book as timely as possible after each dog has been judged. No score may be changed except to correct a mathematical error or unless a score has been entered in the wrong column. All final scores must be entered in the Judge's book and be reviewed and approved by the Judge before prizes are awarded.

2.10.2 Table Steward or Judge

No person other than the Judge may make any entry in the Judge's book except for the designated Table Steward, who may enter scores and time only.

2.10.3 Score Sheets

Judges shall use separate official score sheets for each exhibitor but shall not give out such sheets, nor permit anyone else to distribute official score sheets or cards prepared by the Judge. The official score sheets will be made available for viewing at the ring table after the conclusion of awards from the class.

2.10.4 Handlers Viewing Score Sheets

Copies of the sheets in the official Judge's book shall be made available through the Show or Trial Secretary for examination by the owners and handlers in a timely manner after the prizes have been awarded in each class.

2.10.5 Retaining Judges Books

A Judge must keep copies of all Judges books for Trials in which he/she judged for a period of six months.

2.11 Announcement of Scores

2.11.1 Posting Unofficial Scores

The Judge shall disclose scores to exhibitors and spectators by having the unofficial scores posted ringside in a timely manner after each team has completed the course. After all the scores are recorded for the class, or for the division in the case of a split class, the Judge shall call for the available dogs that have earned qualifying scores to be brought into the ring (or an alternate location in the case of adverse conditions).

2.11.2 Pinning the Class

Before awarding the prizes, the Judge shall inform the exhibitors and spectators as to the maximum number of points for a perfect score, an X score, or a C score out of the C class, as well as the minimum number of points to qualify. He/she shall then announce the placements and scores. The Judge shall then present to all handlers with qualifying scores their X, C, or regular qualifying score and their X or regular qualifying ribbon.

A team competing in the C class receiving a qualifying score between 170 and 189 will receive a regular qualifying ribbon. A team competing in the C class receiving a qualifying score between 190 and 194 will receive a regular qualifying ribbon and their score will count toward their C title at the level they are entered. A team competing in the C class receiving a qualifying score between 195 and 200 will receive an "X" qualifying ribbon and their score will count toward both their X title (if it has not already been earned) and their C title at the level they are entered.

2.12 Explanations and Errors

The Judge is not required to explain his scoring and need not enter any discussion with any contestant who appears to be dissatisfied. However, after prizes have been awarded and the Judge's book turned in, the Judge is encouraged, but not required, to discuss the scoring with the exhibitor. Any interested person who thinks that there may have been a mathematical error or an error in identifying a dog may report the facts to one of the Stewards or to the Show or Trial Secretary so that the matter may be checked.

2.13 Compliance with Regulations and Standards

In accordance with the certification on the entry form, the handler of each dog and the person signing each entry form must be familiar with the Rally Rules and Regulations applicable to the class in which the dog is entered.

2.14 Physically Challenged Handlers

2.14.1 Modification and Accommodations

The Australian Shepherd Club of America strives to provide an opportunity for everyone to participate in its events. As such, a Judge may modify the judging requirements to accommodate a physically challenged handler.

2.14.2 Use of Mobility Aids

Judges may modify the specific requirements of these Rules and Regulations to the extent necessary to permit physically challenged handlers to compete, provided such handlers can move about the ring without physical assistance or guidance from another person except for the Judge or Steward. Blind handlers may have a person of their choice assist them in the reading of the signs and guidance through the course. Assistants may not coach or provide instruction on how to perform the stations while in the ring. The primary function of exhibiting the dog is the responsibility of the handler and not the assistant. A physically challenged handler may compete using a cane, crutch, or wheelchair, or other mobility aid.

2.14.3 Penalties

All teams shall be required to perform all stations of the Rally course and shall be penalized for failure to perform any part of a course.

2.15 Catalog Order

2.15.1 Jump Height Order

Dogs should be judged in catalog order to the extent that it is practical to do so without holding up the judging in any ring. For the Excellent and Masters classes, the entries shall be arranged according to the dog's jump height in either ascending or descending order.

2.15.2 Waiting for Dogs

Judges are not required to wait for dogs. It is the responsibility of each handler to be ready with his/her dog at ringside when required, without being called. The Judge's first consideration should be the convenience of those exhibitors who are at ringside with their dogs when scheduled and who ask no favors.

2.15.3 Judging Dogs out of Catalog Order

A Judge may agree, on request prior to the scheduled starting time of the class, to judge a dog out of scheduled catalog order. However, a Judge should not hesitate to mark absent and to refuse to judge any team that is not at ringside ready to be judged in catalog order if no arrangement has been made in advance.

2.16 Use of Leash

All dogs shall be kept on leash except when in the Rally ring or exercise ring. Dogs must be brought into the ring and taken out of the ring on leash. Dogs must be kept on leash in the ring when brought in to receive awards. The leash shall be left on the Judge's table or other designated place for Advanced, Excellent, and Masters classes. The leash must be of fabric or leather and, for the Sit Stay or Down Stay station in the Novice class, the leash must be six feet in length.

2.17 Collars

Dogs in the Rally ring must wear a collar. The collar may be a buckle, slip, toggle, or martingale type. If a buckle collar is used, the buckle must be made of metal or plastic. Slip collars of an appropriate single length of leather, fabric or chain with two rings, one on each end are acceptable. Martingale collars may be any combination of chain, fabric, or leather. Collars made of leather, fabric, or chain may be of any color. Decorations may be stamped into the leather or fabric. The dog's name and/or title may not be on the collar. Special training collars (prong, spikes on the inside or outside, or electronic collars) or collars that are either too tight or so large that they hang down unreasonably in front of the dogs are not permitted. There shall not be anything hanging from or attached to the collars. Collars must be able to be separated from the leash.

2.18 Heel Position Defined

Heel position, as used in these Rules and Regulations, applies whether the dog is sitting, standing, lying down, or moving at heel. The dog shall be straight in line with the direction in which the handler is facing, at the side of the handler's left leg without crowding, permitting the handler freedom of motion at all times. The area from the dog's head to shoulder shall be in line with the handler's left hip. However, perfect heel position is not required in ASCA Rally except where otherwise mentioned in these Rally Rules and Regulations. Any faults in traditional Obedience that would be evaluated and scored as a one-point deduction or more should be scored the same in Rally, unless otherwise mentioned in these Rules and Regulations.

2.19 Use of Hands

Hands and arms need not be held in any particular position, except that they should not interfere with the dog's movement or give the appearance of holding food (baiting) to accomplish an element of an exercise. A one-point handler error may be deducted for each infraction. Touching the dog is not permitted while on the course, and shall be scored under Heeling and Conduct, unless specifically allowed in an exercise description. Gentle petting is allowed prior to the Judge's question "Are you ready?" and after passing the Finish sign and attaching the leash.

2.20 Commands, Signals, and Praise

2.20.1 Use of Commands and Signals

Handlers are permitted to talk, praise, encourage, clap their hands, pat their legs, or use any verbal means of encouragement, unless otherwise specified in these Rally Rules and Regulations. Whistling or the use of a whistle is not permitted while in the rally ring. Multiple commands and/or signals using one or both arms and hands are allowed unless otherwise specified in these Rules and Regulations. Shouting or the use of loud commands is not necessary even in a noisy place if the dog is properly trained to respond to a normal tone of voice. Intimidating signals or commands, (which in the Judge's opinion are excessively loud or harsh), may be assessed a handler error.

2.20.2 Handler Errors

A handler error shall be assessed if an additional command or signal is given when only signals are permitted, or the dog's name is used with only a signal.

2.20.3 Reasonable Control During Praise

Points will be deducted for a dog that is not under reasonable control while being praised, when praise is allowed during the performance of the Rally course.

2.21 Handling and Touching Dog

Only in the Novice classes may the dog be positioned by hand for the stand portion of an exercise. Physical guidance, such as placing the dog in position with the hands or straightening the dog with the knees or feet, is not permitted in any other exercise. Such guidance shall be scored as an Incorrect Performance (IP) for the station where it occurred. A handler error, scored under Heeling and Conduct, will be given to any handler who picks up or carries their dog at any time in the Rally ring.

2.22 General Procedures

2.22.1 The Basics of Posting Courses

ASCA Rally is a sport in which the dog and handler complete a course designed by the Rally Judge. Each course is set up with a predetermined number of designated stations. A sign from the approved set of ASCA signs appropriate to the level designates each station; each sign provides instruction regarding the skill the handler and dog must perform before continuing to the next station. The dog and handler team move continuously through the course without directions from the Judge after the command to start. There should be a sense of teamwork between the dog and handler throughout the course. The courses for the day will be posted at least 15 minutes prior to the first walk through time.

2.22.2 Check-In

Exhibitors shall check in at the ring table prior to their class. Jump heights should be confirmed at check in and anyone with conflicts should alert the Steward at this time.

2.22.3 Placement of Signs / Location of Performance

The signs are to be placed to the right of the handler's path except for a change of direction sign, which will be placed directly in the path of the team. Exercises are performed in numerical order and either directly in front, (change of direction), at the sign, (change of pace), or near and to the left of the signs. Signs including more than two elements are to be readable to the handler during the performance of the station. The Judge determines the exact placement of signs and walks the course prior to the walk-through.

2.22.4 Walk-Through

The Judge will open the course for a maximum ten-minute walk through to handlers (no dogs), entered in each level. The Judge shall be present for any questions prior to the start of the class. In the case of large classes, the walk through may be divided at the Judge's discretion.

2.23 Scoring and Minimum Penalties

Scoring for all levels and each class is based on a maximum score of 200 points. Any error that is less than a one-point deduction in Obedience is not to be deducted in Rally. The following deductions shall apply while the team is on the course:

1-point deduction for each occurrence of any of the following:

- Tight leash
- Dog interfering with handler
- Poor sit
- Slow or resistant to respond
- Touching or ticking a jump, pylon, post, distraction, sign or person
- Out of position
- Giving the appearance of baiting
- Whistling
- Snapping fingers
- Dog fails to remain under reasonable control while being praised
- In Excellent and Masters, handler patting their legs or clapping to encourage their dog
- Unless specified in the exercise description, handler touching the dog at any time on the course after the judge has said "Are you ready?" and prior to passing Finish and attaching the leash
- In Masters, an additional command or signal on any element of an exercise (except exercise #401, see below)

3-point deduction for each occurrence of any of the following:

- Repeat of a station (only one retry of each station will be allowed for all class levels except Novice, where two are permitted)
- Pylon/post knocked over on the Figure Eight, Spiral, or Serpentine station
- Lack of control
- Loud command or intimidating signal
- Excessive barking
- Picking up or disrupting Distractions
- A verbal command given in the Masters Signal exercise (#401) during signals, or the dog's name is used with only a signal

10-point deduction for each occurrence of the following:

- Incorrectly Performed station (IP) with a ten-point value
- Physical guidance, such as placing the dog in position with the hands (**EXCEPTION:** sign #101 in Novice) or straightening the dog with knees or feet for stations with a ten-point value
- A handler error large enough to interfere with the completion of an exercise valued at ten points
- Jump station worth 10 points not at initial height or length
- Jump worth ten points not left at initial height or length after Jump Station is attempted.
- Failure to complete the Sit/Stay or Down/Stay exercise (IP) when not starred, no retries allowed

20-point deduction for occurrence of any of the following:

- Incorrectly Performed station (IP) designated as a Star station
- Physical guidance, such as placing the dog in position with the hands (**EXCEPTION:** sign #101 in Novice) or straightening the dog with knees or feet for stations with a twenty-point value
- A handler error large enough to interfere with the completion of an exercise valued at twenty points
- Jump station worth 20 points not left at initial height or length (IP)
- Jump worth 20 points not left in initial height or length after Jump Station is attempted (IP)
- Failure to complete the Sit/Stay or Down/Stay exercise (IP) when starred, no retries allowed

Incorrectly Performed station (IP): When a team attempts a station and fails to perform the primary parts of the station on the first attempt, the handler may choose to retry the station for a correct performance, accepting the mandatory 3-point deduction for the retry of the station. The station is considered an IP if the handler chooses not to retry or fails to perform that station correctly on the second or in Novice, the third attempt.

1 to 5-point deductions for each occurrence of any of the following:

- Lack of teamwork
- Lack of accuracy in the dog's performance
- Lack of briskness
- Handler error
- Hitting the jump
- Misbehavior such as nipping, barking, or running away from its handler

Handler errors can be assessed 1 to 5 points at each station or up to an IP.

- Once a handler has stopped at any halt station, the handler cannot move his feet to assist a dog
- Use of leash or hand to correct the dog
- Exceeding the number of steps specified in the sign description between elements of an exercise (i.e. Sign #'s: 106, 107, 227, 304)

Non-Qualifying (NQ) scores shall be given for:

- Minimum requirements not met
- Dog unmanageable or uncontrolled barking
- Consistently tight lead
- A dog that eliminates while in the ring
- Any food in the ring
- Station not attempted by handler
- Excessive handler errors
- Dog is lame
- Double Handling
- Harsh physical correction
- Harsh or excessively loud command
- Misbehavior that is deemed too serious for the team to continue attempting the course

2.24 Timing

2.24.1 Ties

All Teams will be timed. Times will be used only in the event of ties for placement, as mentioned in Section 2.9 Ties. Timing will begin when the Judge gives the order "Forward" and will end when the dog and handler pass the Finish station. Times will be entered to the 1/100 of a second on all runs.

2.24.2 Timer Malfunction

In the event of timer malfunction, no time will be recorded for the Team. When determining placements, if a tie involves a Team without a time, the handler will be given the option to run the course again for score and time or accept the loss of the run-off. If they decide to rerun the course, it will be scored and timed for tie breaking purposes only. The original scores shall be kept as their official score in the Judge's Book.

- If the re-run score is higher than the original, they will be considered the winner of the run-off.
- If the re-run score is lower than their original score the team will be considered to have lost the run-off.
- If the re-run score is the same with a faster time, they will be considered the winner of the run-off.
- If the re-run score is the same with a slower time, they will be considered the loser of the run-off.

- If the re-run score is the same with the same time, all involved Teams shall rerun the full course, excluding the Stay station if used, and the new tiebreaker scores and times shall be used solely to determine the winner of the run-off using the criteria defined in Chapter 2 Section 9.

2.24.3 Timer Malfunction with Scores of 200

If a team with a timer malfunction has a score of 200 (which cannot be bettered as in the example in 2.24.2) and they are tied with a team or teams with scores of 200, all teams with scores of 200 in the class will re-run the course, excluding the Stay exercise if used, for score and time. The team with the highest score during the run-off will be the winner of the class. If teams end up with the same score, the team with the faster time will be the winner of the run-off. The original scores shall be kept as their official score in the Judge's Book.

2.25 Misbehavior

2.25.1 Deductions/Excusal

Any display of fear or nervousness by the dog, or any uncontrolled behavior of the dog such as nipping, barking, or running away from its handler, whether it occurs during an exercise, or before or after judging, must be penalized according to the seriousness of the misbehavior. Deductions for misbehavior shall be scored under the exercise if it occurs during that performance or under Heeling and Conduct if between exercises, before the Judge commands "Forward", or after the team passes the Finish sign. The Judge may excuse the dog from further competition in the class.

2.25.2 Fouling the Ring

In any class (regular or non-regular) at any Trial (including Nationals and Finals), any dog that fouls the ring while in the ring, (except for placement awards) shall lose all allowable points for that class. In the case of Team competition, any dog that fouls the ring will lose their total 200 points while the other dogs will continue to be judged. At the Judge's discretion, a dog that fouls the ring may be excused from further competition in the class.

2.26 Training and Warm-up on the Show Grounds

2.26.1 Training on Show Grounds

There shall be no drilling nor intensive or abusive training of dogs on the grounds or premises at a Specialty or Sanctioned Rally Trial. Physical or verbal disciplining of dogs shall not be permitted except to a reasonable extent in the case of an attack on a person or another dog.

2.26.2 Training Collars

All dogs shall be kept on lead except when in the Rally ring or exercise ring. Special training collars shall not be used on the grounds or premises at a Rally Trial.

2.26.3 Warm-Ups

These requirements shall not be interpreted as preventing a handler from moving normally about the grounds or premises, nor from warming up his or her dog using any exercise performed in the Rally ring, provided that the dog is on a lead being held by the handler. The warm up should be performed away from the Rally ring and must not be disruptive to any other person or dog.

2.26.4 Practice Rings

Practice rings may be provided at the discretion of the show-giving club but are not mandatory.

2.27 Training and Disciplining in the Ring

2.27.1 Physical Corrections

Handlers are not permitted to physically correct the dog, either by use of hands or leash, while in the ring. Handler Error deductions for such shall occur under Heeling and Conduct.

2.27.2 Harsh Commands

The Judge shall not permit any handler to use harsh or excessively loud verbal commands or harsh physical corrections in any way while in the ring. Training the dog by moving toward the dog to correct it or practicing any exercise before or after the course is not permitted. The Judge shall excuse any dog from further competition in the class whose handler does so, and the team shall not receive a Qualifying score.

2.27.3 Abuse of Dog

Any abuse of a dog in the ring must be immediately reported by the Judge to the Show or Rally Trial Committee for action under the ASCA Conflict Resolution Protocol.

2.28 Abuse of Dogs

The Show or Rally Trial Committee shall investigate any reports of abuse of dogs on the grounds or premises of a Specialty or Sanctioned Rally Trial. Any person at a Specialty or Sanctioned Rally Trial who conducts himself in such manner or in any other manner prejudicial to the best interests of the sport, or who fails to comply with the requirements of Chapter 2, Section 26, shall be dealt with promptly, during the Trial if possible. The offender must be notified of the specific charges against him and must be given an opportunity to be heard in his own defense in accordance with the ASCA Conflict Resolution Protocol.

2.29 Discipline

See the ASCA Conflict Resolution Protocol.

3 Rally Novice

3.1 Rally Novice Title

3.1.1 Requirements for RN Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Novice certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RN after its name when it has received three qualifying scores in Novice by at least two different Judges.

3.1.2 Requirements for RNX Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Novice X certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RNX after its name when it has received three qualifying scores in Novice of 195 or more by at least two different Judges. Qualifying scores for the RNX title may be earned from any of the three classes or a combination of the classes. The RNX is required for the RTX title.

3.1.3 Requirements for RNC Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Novice C certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RNC after its name when it has received five qualifying scores in Novice C of 190 or more by at least three different Judges. All scores for the RNC title must be earned from the Novice C Class.

3.2 Rally Novice A Class

3.2.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Novice A class shall be for dogs not less than six months of age that have not earned any ASCA Obedience or ASCA Rally title or equivalent title from any registry, prior to the close of entries of the Rally Trial entered. The handler may not have previously handled or regularly trained a dog that has earned an Obedience or Rally title from any registry.

3.2.2 Relationship to Dog; Number of Dogs a Person May Exhibit

The handler or a member of the handler's household or immediate family must own the entered dog. A person may handle more than one eligible dog in the Novice A class.

3.2.3 Moving Out of Novice A Class

A dog may continue to be shown in Rally Novice A until written notification has been received from the ASCA Business Office that it has completed the requirements for an RN. Once a Rally Novice A dog enters the Rally Novice B, C, or Advanced class, it can no longer enter the Rally Novice A class. If the dog earns the RNX title from this class, it then moves to Novice C class if the handler chooses to remain in the Novice level. Dogs may not compete in Rally Novice A and any other regular class in one Trial.

3.3 Rally Novice B Class

3.3.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Novice B class shall be for dogs not less than six months of age.

3.3.2 Relationship to Dog; Number of Dogs a Handler May Exhibit

The owner or any other person may handle dogs in this class. A person may handle more than one dog in this class.

3.3.3 Moving Out of Novice B Class

A dog can continue to be shown in Rally Novice B until written notification has been received from the ASCA Business Office that it has completed the requirements for an RNX or until they receive a qualifying score in Rally Advanced. Dogs may not compete in more than one Novice class at the same Trial. Dogs may not compete in Rally Novice B and any other regular class in one Trial.

3.4 Rally Novice C Class

3.4.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Novice C class shall be for dogs not less than six month of age that have completed a minimum of an ASCA Rally Novice (RN) title.

3.4.2 Number of Dogs a Handler May Exhibit

A person may handle more than one dog in this class.

3.4.3 Indefinite Showing/HIT Awards

A dog can continue to be shown in Rally Novice C indefinitely. Dogs may not compete in Rally Novice C and any other regular class in one Trial. Dogs in the Novice C class are not eligible for HIT awards.

3.5 Novice Exercises and Scores

3.5.1 Leash Requirements

All exercises in Rally Novice classes are judged on leash. The leash must be made of fabric or leather and be six feet in length.

3.5.2 Course Requirements

Rally Novice A, B, and C courses must have between 16 and 19 stations (Finish not included) with a minimum of three and a maximum of six Stationary exercises, and a minimum of three Novice only signs per course. Each sign will have a 10-point value except for Star stations, which will have a 20-point value. The total number of points per course must equal 200. All Novice courses will require the Start/ Heeling and Conduct station and one Sit Stay or Down Stay station. Star stations will be determined by the Judge and marked with a Star designator.

Maximum Total Score: 200 points

SIGNS FOR NOVICE:

- Finish
- 1 Start/Heeling & Conduct
- 2 Halt, Fast
- 3 Fast Pace
- 4 Slow Pace
- 5 Normal Pace
- 6 Halt, 1-2-3
- 7 Call Dog Front, 1-2-3 Backwards
- 8 360 Circle Right
- 9 360 Circle Left
- 10 Right Turn
- 11 270 Left
- 12 90 Pivot Right
- 13 Left Turn
- 14 270 Right
- 15 90 Pivot Left
- 16 About Turn
- 17 U Turn
- 18 Left About Turn
- 19 Spiral Right
- 20 Spiral Left
- 21 Serpentine Cones, One Way
- 22 Serpentine Cones, Down & Back
- 23 Sit Stay
- 24 Down Stay
- 25 Offset Serpentine Right
- 26 Offset Serpentine Left
- 27 45 Diagonal Right
- 28 45 Diagonal Left
- 29 225 Loop Right
- 30 225 Loop Left
- 100 Halt, Down *
- 101 Halt, Stand *
- 102 Halt, Front Dog, Finish Right, Halt *
- 103 Halt, Front Dog, Finish Left, Halt *
- 104 Call Dog Front, Return Right *
- 105 Call Dog Front, Return Left *
- 106 About Turn U Turn *
- 107 U Turn About Turn *
- 120 Halt
- 121 Down
- 122 Moving Side Step Right
- 123 Halt, Walk Around Dog
- 124 Halt, Down, Walk Around Dog
- 125 Off Set Figure 8

* = Novice Only exercises

4 Rally Advanced

4.1 Rally Advanced Title

4.1.1 Requirements for RA Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Advanced (RA) certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RA after its name when it has received three qualifying scores in Advanced by at least two different Judges.

4.1.2 Requirements for RAX Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Advanced X (RAX) certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RAX after its name when it has received three qualifying scores in Advanced of 195 or more by at least two different Judges. Qualifying scores for the RAX title may be earned from any of the three classes or a combination of the classes. The RAX is required for the RTX title.

4.1.3 Requirements for RAC Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Advanced C (RAC) certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RAC after its name when it has received five qualifying scores in Advanced C of one hundred ninety (190) or more by at least three different Judges. All scores for the RAC title must be earned from the Advanced C Class.

4.2 Rally Advanced A Class

4.2.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Advanced A class shall be for any dogs that have earned the Rally Novice (RN) title from ASCA and have not earned the Rally Advanced (RA) or equivalent title or any obedience title from any registry, prior to the close of entries of the Rally Trial entered. The RAX title may be earned from this class.

4.2.2 Relationship to Dog; Number of Dogs a Handler May Exhibit

A handler must own the dog entered or be a member of the owner's household or immediate family. More than one dog may be shown by the handler in Rally Advanced A class.

4.2.3 Moving out of Advanced A Class

A dog may continue to be shown in Rally Advanced A until written notification has been received from the ASCA Business Office that it has completed the requirements for an RA. Dogs may not compete in Rally Advanced A and any other regular class in one Trial. Once a Rally Advanced A dog enters the Rally Advanced B, C, or Excellent class, it can no longer enter the Rally Advanced A class. If the dog earns the RAX title from this class, it then moves to Advanced C class if the handler chooses to stay in the Advanced level.

4.3 Rally Advanced B Class

4.3.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Advanced B class will be for any dog that has earned the RN title from ASCA prior to the close of entries of the Rally Trial entered.

4.3.2 Relationship to Dog; Number of Dogs a Handler May Exhibit

The owner or any other person may handle the dog in Rally Advanced B class. The handler in Rally Advanced B class may show more than one dog.

4.3.3 Moving out of Advanced B Class

A dog may continue to be shown in Rally Advanced B until receiving written notification from the ASCA Business Office that it has completed the requirements for an RAX or until they receive a qualifying score in Rally Excellent. Dogs may not compete in

more than one Advanced class at the same Trial. Dogs may not compete in Rally Advanced B and any other regular class in one Trial.

4.4 Rally Advanced C Class

4.4.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Advanced C class shall be for dogs not less than six month of age that have completed a minimum of an ASCA RA title.

4.4.2 Number of Dogs a Handler May Exhibit

A person may handle more than one dog in this class.

4.4.3 Indefinite Showing; HIT Awards

A dog may continue to be shown in Rally Advanced C indefinitely. Dogs may not compete in Rally Advanced C and any other regular class in one Trial. Dogs in the Advanced C class are not eligible for HIT awards.

4.5 Advanced Exercises and Scores

4.5.1 Leash Requirements

All exercises in Rally Advanced classes are judged off-leash, however, all dogs must enter and leave the ring on leash.

4.5.2 Course Requirements

Rally Advanced A, B, and C courses must have between 16 and 19 stations (Finish not included) with a minimum of three and a maximum of seven stationary exercises. Advanced level courses must also have the Start/Heeling and Conduct station and a minimum of four Advanced (not eligible for Novice) exercises. A Sit Stay or Down Stay exercise is optional at the Advanced level. Each sign will have a 10-point value except for the Star stations, which will have a 20 -point value. The total number of points per course must equal 200. Star stations will be determined by the Judge and marked with a Star designator.

Maximum Total Score: 200 points

SIGNS FOR ADVANCED

| | | | |
|----|---------------------------------|-----|---|
| | Finish | 27 | 45 Diagonal Right |
| 1 | Start/Heeling & Conduct | 28 | 45 Diagonal Left |
| 2 | Halt, Fast | 29 | 225 Loop Right |
| 3 | Fast Pace | 30 | 225 Loop Left |
| 4 | Slow Pace | 120 | Halt |
| 5 | Normal Pace | 121 | Down |
| 6 | Halt, 1-2-3 | 122 | Moving Side Step Right |
| 7 | Call Dog Front, 1-2-3 Backwards | 123 | Halt, Walk Around Dog |
| 8 | 360 Circle Right | 124 | Halt, Down, Walk Around Dog |
| 9 | 360 Circle Left | 125 | Off Set Figure 8 |
| 10 | Right Turn | 200 | Halt, Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Return ** |
| 11 | 270 Left | 201 | Halt, Stand, Walk Around Dog ** |
| 12 | 90 Pivot Right | 202 | Halt, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call Front, Finish, Halt ** |
| 13 | Left Turn | 203 | Stand ** |
| 14 | 270 Right | 220 | Halt, Down, Sit ** |
| 15 | 90 Pivot Left | 221 | Halt, About Turn ** |
| 16 | About Turn | 222 | Halt, U Turn ** |
| 17 | U Turn | 223 | Call Dog Front, Finish Right, Forward ** |
| 18 | Left About Turn | 224 | Call Dog Front, Finish Left, Forward ** |
| 19 | Spiral Right | 225 | Call Dog Front, Finish Right, Halt ** |
| 20 | Spiral Left | 226 | Call Dog Front, Finish Left, Halt ** |
| 21 | Serpentine Cones, One Way | 227 | About Turn, Side Step Right ** |
| 22 | Serpentine Cones, Down & Back | 228 | About Turn, Fast ** |
| 23 | Sit Stay | 229 | U Turn, Fast ** |
| 24 | Down Stay | 230 | Cloverleaf Right ** |
| 25 | Offset Serpentine Right | 231 | Cloverleaf Left ** |
| 26 | Offset Serpentine Left | | |

** = Not eligible for Novice

5 Rally Excellent

5.1 Rally Excellent Title

5.1.1 Requirements for RE Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Excellent (RE) certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RE after its name when it has received three qualifying scores in Excellent by at least two different Judges.

5.1.2 Requirements for REX Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Excellent X (REX) certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of REX after its name when it has received three qualifying scores in Excellent of 195 or more by at least two different Judges. Qualifying scores for the REX title may be earned from any of the three classes or a combination of the classes. The REX is required for the RTX title.

5.1.3 Requirements for REC Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Excellent C (REC) certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of REC after its name when it has received five qualifying scores in Excellent C of one 190 or more by at least three different Judges. All scores for the REC title must be earned from the Excellent C Class.

5.2 Rally Excellent A Class

5.2.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Excellent A class shall be for any dogs that have earned the Rally Advanced (RA) title from ASCA and have not earned the Rally Excellent (RE) or equivalent title from any registry or the ASCA obedience title of CD or above or equivalent from any registry, prior to the close of entries of the Rally Trial entered.

5.2.2 Relationship to Dog; Number of Dogs a Handler May Exhibit

A handler must own the dog entered or be a member of the owner's household or immediate family. More than one dog may be shown by the handler in Rally Excellent A class.

5.2.3 Moving out of Excellent A Class

A dog may continue to be shown in Rally Excellent A until written notification has been received from the ASCA Business Office that it has completed the requirements for an RE. Dogs may not compete in Rally Excellent A and any other regular class in one Trial. Once a Rally Excellent A dog enters the Rally Excellent B or Masters class, it can no longer enter the Rally Excellent A class. If the dog earns the REX title from this class, it then moves to Excellent C class if handler chooses to stay in the Excellent level.

5.3 Rally Excellent B Class

5.3.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Excellent B class shall be for any dogs that have earned the Rally Advanced (RA) title from ASCA, prior to the close of entries of the Rally Trial entered.

5.3.2 Relationship to Dog

The owner or any other person may handle dogs entered in this class.

5.3.3 Moving out of Excellent B Class

A dog may continue to be shown in Rally Excellent B until receiving written notification from the ASCA Business Office that it has completed the requirements for a REX or until they receive a qualifying score in Rally Masters. If staying at the Excellent Level, the dog must then move to the C class.

5.3.4 Competing in Excellent B after Rally Masters Title is Earned

Once a dog receives the RM title, they can then compete in the Excellent B class at any Trial in which they are also competing in Masters B. Dogs may not be entered more than one Excellent class in the same Trial.

5.4 Rally Excellent C Class

5.4.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Excellent C class shall be for dogs not less than six month of age that have completed a minimum of an ASCA Rally Excellent (RE) title.

5.4.2 Number of Dogs a Handler May Exhibit

A person may handle more than one dog in this class.

5.4.3 Indefinite Showing; HIT Awards

A dog may continue to be shown in Rally Excellent C indefinitely. Dogs may not compete in Rally Excellent C and any other regular class in one Trial. Scores in the Rally Excellent C class are not eligible for the REM or REMX titles. Dogs in the Excellent C class are not eligible for HIT awards.

5.5 Excellent Exercises and Scores

5.5.1 Leash Requirements

All exercises in Rally Excellent classes are judged off-leash, however, all dogs must enter and leave the ring on leash.

5.5.2 Jump Station

One Jump station must be used in the Excellent class and shall be designated as a Star station. The jump may be any jump described in Chapter 1, Section 15, as standard equipment, with jump height as outlined on the reference page of these Rules and Regulations.

5.5.3 Restrictions of Patting Legs/Clapping Hands

Unlike Rally Novice and Advanced, Rally Excellent handlers are not allowed to pat their legs or clap to encourage their dogs. Any other kind of verbal encouragement and commands and/or signals is allowed.

5.5.4 Course Requirements

Rally Excellent A, B, and C courses must have between 16 and 19 stations (Finish not included) with a minimum of three and a maximum of eight Stationary exercises per class. Excellent level courses must also have the Start/Heeling and Conduct station and a minimum of four Excellent (not eligible for Novice or Advanced) and three Advanced (not eligible for Novice) exercises, not including the jump. A Sit Stay or Down Stay exercise is optional at the Excellent level. Each sign will have a 10-point value except for Star stations, which will have a 20-point value. The total number of points per course must equal 200. Any other Star stations will be determined by the Judge and marked with a Star designator.

Maximum Total Score: 200 points

SIGNS FOR EXCELLENT

| | | | |
|-----|---|-----|--|
| | Finish | 222 | Halt, U Turn |
| 1 | Start/Heeling & Conduct | 223 | Call Dog Front, Finish Right, Forward |
| 2 | Halt, Fast | 224 | Call Dog Front, Finish Left, Forward |
| 3 | Fast Pace | 225 | Call Dog Front, Finish Right, Halt |
| 4 | Slow Pace | 226 | Call Dog Front, Finish Left, Halt |
| 5 | Normal Pace | 227 | About Turn, Side Step Right |
| 6 | Halt, 1-2-3 | 228 | About Turn, Fast |
| 7 | Call Dog Front, 1-2-3 Backwards | 229 | U Turn, Fast |
| 8 | 360 Circle Right | 230 | Cloverleaf Right |
| 9 | 360 Circle Left | 231 | Cloverleaf Left |
| 10 | Right Turn | 300 | Halt, Slow *** |
| 11 | 270 Left | 301 | Halt, Stand, Sit *** |
| 12 | 90 Pivot Right | 302 | Halt, Stand, Down *** |
| 13 | Left Turn | 303 | Halt, Side Step Right, Halt *** |
| 14 | 270 Right | 304 | Double Left About *** |
| 15 | 90 Pivot Left | 305 | Halt, Turn Right One Step, Call to Heel Halt *** |
| 16 | About Turn | 306 | About Turn, Halt *** |
| 17 | U Turn | 307 | U Turn, Halt *** |
| 18 | Left About Turn | 308 | Halt, 180 Pivot Right, Halt *** |
| 19 | Spiral Right | 309 | Halt, 180 Pivot Left, Halt *** |
| 20 | Spiral Left | 310 | Halt, Call Front, Finish Right, Halt *** |
| 21 | Serpentine Cones, One Way | 311 | Halt, Call Front, Finish Left, Halt *** |
| 22 | Serpentine Cones, Down & Back | 312 | Moving Stand, Walk Around Dog *** |
| 23 | Sit Stay | 313 | Moving Down, Walk Around Dog *** |
| 24 | Down Stay | 314 | Off Set Figure 8 with Distractions *** |
| 25 | Offset Serpentine Right | 315 | Back 3 Steps *** |
| 26 | Offset Serpentine Left | 316 | Send Over Jump *** |
| 27 | 45 Diagonal Right | 317 | About Turn, Slow *** |
| 28 | 45 Diagonal Left | 318 | U Turn, Slow *** |
| 29 | 225 Loop Right | 319 | Spiral Right, with Distractions *** |
| 30 | 225 Loop Left | 320 | Spiral Left, with Distractions *** |
| 200 | Halt, Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Return | 321 | Moving Down, Call to Heel *** |
| 201 | Halt, Stand, Walk Around Dog | 322 | Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Call to Heel *** |
| 202 | Halt, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call Front, Finish, Halt ** | 325 | Call Front, 1 Step Right, Finish, Forward *** |
| 203 | Stand ** | 326 | Call Front, 1 Step Left, Finish, Forward *** |
| 220 | Halt, Down, Sit | 327 | Halt, Down, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call Front, Finish, Halt *** |
| 221 | Halt, About Turn | | |

*** = Not eligible for Novice or Advanced

6 Rally Masters

6.1 Rally Masters Title

6.1.1 Requirements for RM Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Masters (RM) certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RM after its name when it has received three qualifying scores in Masters by at least two different Judges.

6.1.2 Requirements for RMX Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Masters X (RMX) certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RMX after its name when it has received three qualifying scores in Masters of 195 or more by at least two different Judges. Qualifying scores for the RMX title may be earned from any of the three classes or a combination of the classes. The RMX is required for the RTX title.

6.1.3 Requirements for RMC Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Masters C (RMC) certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RMC after its name when it has received five qualifying scores in Masters C of one 190 or more by at least three different Judges. All scores for the RMC title must be earned from the Masters C Class.

6.2 Rally Masters A Class

6.2.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Masters A class shall be for any dogs that have earned the Rally Excellent (RE) title from ASCA and have not earned the Rally Masters (RM) or equivalent from any registry or the ASCA obedience title of CDX/ODX or above or equivalent from any registry, prior to the close of entries of the Rally Trial entered.

6.2.2 Relationship to Dog; Number of Dogs a Handler May Exhibit

A handler must own the dog entered or be a member of the owner's household or immediate family. More than one dog may be shown by the handler in Rally Masters A class.

6.2.3 Moving out of Masters A Class

A dog may continue to be shown in Rally Masters A until written notification has been received from the ASCA Business Office that it has completed the requirements for an RM. Dogs may not compete in Rally Masters A and any other class in one Trial. Once a Rally Masters A dog enters the Rally Masters B class, it can no longer enter the Rally Masters A class.

6.3 Rally Masters B Class

6.3.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Masters B class shall be for any dogs that have earned the Rally Excellent (RE) title from ASCA prior to the close of entries of the Rally trial entered.

6.3.2 Relationship to Dog

The owner or any other person may handle dogs entered in this class.

6.3.3 Moving out of Masters B Class

A dog may continue to be shown in Rally Masters B until receiving written notification from the ASCA Business Office that it has completed the requirements for an RMX. If competing solely at the Masters level, the dog must then move to the C class.

6.3.4 Staying in Masters B While Competing in Excellent B

A dog may continue to compete in the Masters B class at any trial in which they are also competing in Excellent B. Dogs may not be entered more than one Masters class at the same trial.

6.4 Rally Masters C Class

6.4.1 Eligibility to Enter

The Rally Masters C class shall be for dogs not less than six months of age that have completed a minimum of an ASCA Rally Masters (RM) title.

6.4.2 Number of Dogs a Handler May Exhibit

A person may handle more than one dog in this class.

6.4.3 Indefinite Showing; HIT Awards

A dog may continue to be shown in Rally Masters C indefinitely. Dogs may not compete in Rally Masters C and any other class in one Trial. Scores in the Rally Masters C class are not eligible for the REM or REMX title. Dogs in the Masters C class are not eligible for HIT awards.

6.5 Masters Exercises and Scores

6.5.1 Leash Requirements

All exercises in the Rally Masters class are judged off-leash, however, all dogs must enter and leave the ring on leash.

6.5.2 Jump Station

At least one Jump station must be used and starred in Masters, but two Jump stations may be used.

- a. If one jump is used, it must be a different jump than what is used in the Excellent level at the same trial.
- b. If two jumps are used, only one must be designated a Star station.
- c. The same physical jump may be used for two stations.
- d. There must be at least two stations performed between two jump exercises.
- e. If one jump is used, it may be either the offset jump (415 or 416) or the standard jump (316).
- f. The jumps may be any jumps outlined in Chapter 1, Section 15 as standard equipment, with jump heights as outlined on the Reference page of these Regulations.

6.5.3 Restricted Commands; Proper Heel Position

As in the Excellent level, Rally Masters handlers are not allowed to pat their legs or clap to encourage their dogs. The handler at the Masters level will use a single command and/or signal per element of an exercise to prompt the dog to perform. (See Glossary for the definition of an element.) If both command and signal are given, they must be given simultaneously. Additional commands and/or signals on an element of an exercise will be a minor deduction for each occurrence except as defined elsewhere in these rules (i.e. Sign #401, Moving Stand, Walk 3 steps, Face Dog, Signals, Return).

A brief word or phrase of praise after the completion of each station is allowed, but the dog must remain under control. Proper heel positions should be maintained throughout the course.

6.5.4 Course Requirements

Rally Masters courses must have between 16 and 19 stations (Finish not included) with a minimum of three and a maximum of nine stationary exercises per class. Masters level courses must also have the Start/Heeling and Conduct station, the Sit/Stay or Down/Stay station, and a minimum of four Masters only and three Excellent (not eligible for Advanced or Novice) exercises, not including the jumps. Each sign will have a 10-point value except for Star stations that will have a 20- point value. The total number of points per course must equal 200. Any other Star stations will be determined by the Judge and marked with a Star designator.

Maximum Total Score: 200 points

SIGNS FOR MASTERS

| | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-----|--|
| | Finish | 302 | Halt, Stand, Down |
| 1 | Start/Heeling & Conduct | 303 | Halt, Side Step Right, Halt |
| 2 | Halt, Fast | 304 | Double Left About |
| 3 | Fast Pace | 305 | Halt, Turn Right One Step, Call to Heel Halt |
| 4 | Slow Pace | 306 | About Turn, Halt |
| 5 | Normal Pace | 307 | U Turn, Halt |
| 6 | Halt, 1-2-3 | 308 | Halt, 180 Pivot Right, Halt |
| 7 | Call Dog Front, 1-2-3 Backwards | 309 | Halt, 180 Pivot Left, Halt |
| 8 | 360 Circle Right | 310 | Halt, Call Front, Finish Right, Halt |
| 9 | 360 Circle Left | 311 | Halt, Call Front, Finish Left, Halt |
| 10 | Right Turn | 312 | Moving Stand, Walk Around Dog |
| 11 | 270 Left | 313 | Moving Down, Walk Around Dog |
| 12 | 90 Pivot Right | 314 | Off Set Figure 8 with Distractions |
| 13 | Left Turn | 315 | Back 3 Steps |
| 14 | 270 Right | 316 | Send Over Jump |
| 15 | 90 Pivot Left | 317 | About Turn, Slow *** |
| 16 | About Turn | 318 | U Turn, Slow *** |
| 17 | U Turn | 319 | Spiral Right, with Distractions *** |
| 18 | Left About Turn | 320 | Spiral Left, with Distractions *** |
| 19 | Spiral Right | 321 | Moving Down, Call to Heel *** |
| 20 | Spiral Left | 322 | Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Call to Heel *** |
| 21 | Serpentine Cones, One Way | 325 | Call Front, 1 Step Right, Finish, Forward *** |
| 22 | Serpentine Cones, Down & Back | 326 | Call Front, 1 Step Left, Finish, Forward *** |
| 23 | Sit Stay | 327 | Halt, Down, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call Front, Finish, Halt *** |
| 24 | Down Stay | 400 | Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Down, Return **** |
| 25 | Offset Serpentine Right | 401 | Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Signals, Return **** |
| 26 | Offset Serpentine Left | 402 | Side Step, Forward Step, Halt **** |
| 27 | 45 Diagonal Right | 403 | Halt, Pivot Left, Halt x 3 **** |
| 28 | 45 Diagonal Left | 404 | 270 Left, Halt **** |
| 29 | 225 Loop Right | 405 | Halt, Pivot Right, Halt, x 3 **** |
| 30 | 225 Loop Left | 406 | 270 Right, Halt **** |
| 220 | Halt, Down, Sit | 407 | Left About, Halt **** |
| 221 | Halt, About Turn | 408 | Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call to Heel **** |
| 222 | Halt, U Turn | 409 | Moving Down, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call Front, Finish **** |
| 223 | Call Dog Front, Finish Right, Forward | 410 | Serpentine One Way with Distractions **** |
| 224 | Call Dog Front, Finish Left, Forward | 411 | Serpentine Down & Back with Distractions **** |
| 225 | Call Dog Front, Finish Right, Halt | 412 | Halt, Back 1 Step, Halt **** |
| 226 | Call Dog Front, Finish Left, Halt | 414 | Halt, Leave Dog **** |
| 227 | About Turn, Side Step Right | 415 | Offset Recall RIGHT Over Jump **** |
| 228 | About Turn, Fast | 416 | Offset Recall LEFT Over Jump **** |
| 229 | U Turn, Fast | | |
| 230 | Cloverleaf Right | | |
| 231 | Cloverleaf Left | | |
| 300 | Halt, Slow | | |
| 301 | Halt, Stand, Sit | | |

**** = Masters Only Exercises

7 Rally Excellent Masters Title

7.1 Requirements for REM Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Excellent Masters certificate to any dog with an ASCA registration or a QTracker number and will permit the use of REM after its name when it has received five double qualifying scores in both Excellent B and Masters B at the same Trial. Double qualifying scores must be earned under at least three different judges.

7.2 Requirements for REMX Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Excellent Masters X certificate to any dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of REMX after its name when it has received five double qualifying scores of 195 or higher in each class of Excellent B and Masters B in the same trial. Double qualifying scores must be earned under at least three different judges.

7.3 Entering Masters B and Excellent B in Same Trial

A dog must have earned the RM title prior to a trial in which the dog enters both Masters B and Excellent B.

8 Rally Trial X Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Trial X certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RTX after its name when it has received the RNX, RAX, REX, RMX, and the REMX in ASCA Rally.

9 Rally Trial C Title

ASCA will issue a Rally Trial C certificate to a dog with an ASCA registration or QTracker number and will permit the use of RTC after its name when it has received the RNC, RAC, REC, and RMC, in ASCA Rally.

10 Rally Trial Championship

10.1 Rally Trial Championship Point Requirements

10.1.1 Point Accumulation

A dog may begin earning points toward the RTCH certificate as soon as the Rally Masters (RM) certification requirements have been completed.

10.1.2 Requirements

The RTCH Certificate will be awarded to dogs that have successfully earned a minimum of 200 points total from competing in both the Excellent B and Masters B classes in the same Trial.

- a. 100 points must come from the Rally Excellent B class, including a minimum of five scores of 195 or higher
- b. 100 points must come from the Rally Masters B class, including a minimum of five scores of 195 or higher

10.1.3 Point Schedule

- a. Points will be awarded according to the following schedule:

| SCORE | POINTS | SCORE | POINTS |
|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| 200 | 10 | 194 | 4 |
| 199 | 9 | 193 | 3 |
| 198 | 8 | 192 | 2 |
| 197 | 7 | 191 | 1 |
| 196 | 6 | 170-190 | 0 |
| 195 | 5 | | |

- b. A qualifying score must be earned in both classes in the same Trial for points to be awarded for either class.
EXAMPLES: Dog A earns a 190 in Excellent and a 196 in Masters. Dog A is awarded 6 Masters points and 0 Excellent points. Dog B earns a 194 in Excellent and a 169 in Masters. Dog B is awarded 0 points. Dog C earns a 198 in Excellent and a 197 in Masters. Dog C is awarded 8 Excellent points, 7 Masters points, and a leg on the REMX title.
- c. Points earned prior to January 1, 2013, will be credited toward the RTCH.

10.1.4 RTCH Title Designation

Subsequent RTCH titles will be followed by a numeric designation reflecting the number of times that the dog has met the requirements of the RTCH title as outlined above.

EXAMPLE: RTCH-2, RTCH-3.

10.2 Certification

10.2.1 Use of RTCH Prefix

Any dog that has met the qualification requirements for the RTCH will receive a certificate for the title and will be allowed to use the prefix "RTCH" before the name of qualified dog.

10.2.2 Tracking of Score Accrual

The Business Office will track the score accrual for each eligible dog. Handlers are encouraged to keep their own records as well but will not be required to submit those records unless verification is required.

10.2.3 Suffix Titles

Once a dog has earned the RTCH prefix, the only Rally suffix titles that may be used are the RTC and RTX.

11 Non-Regular Classes

A dog entered in a regular class may also enter non-regular Team, Pairs and/or Fast Classes offered at the same trial. A dog not entered in a regular class may enter only non-regular classes. (Effective June 27, 2019)

11.1 Ribbons and Prizes

A Qualifying score shall not be required for the awarding of ribbons and prizes in any Non-regular class.

11.2 Team Relay Rally Class

11.2.1 Number of Dogs on a Team

The Team Relay Class shall be for four dogs and their handlers that are eligible under these Rules and Regulations. Five dogs may be entered, one to be considered an alternate for which no entry fee shall be required. However, the same four dogs must perform all exercises of the course. Dogs need not be owner-handled, need not be entered in another class at the same Trial, and need not have Rally titles. A separate Official Entry Form must be completed in full for each dog entered.

11.2.2 Performance of the Team; Timing Team Relay Rally

The dogs on a team will perform the course individually and will be judged as specified by the Rally class level being offered. The class will be run like a relay with the time starting as soon as the Judge says "Forward" to the first Team. Each member will start after the previous dog and handler team passes the Finish sign, without any additional commands from the Judge to do so. The four dogs of the Relay team will be timed from the start of the first dog until the fourth dog and handler team passes Finish sign.

11.2.3 Entry Gate and Exit Gate Placement

Entry and exit gates for team relay rally classes will be at least 15 feet apart to minimize congestion in the gate area and help ensure safety of the contestants.

11.2.4 Team Class, Scoring

- a. Scoring of the Team class shall be based on the performance of the dogs and handlers individually plus team total time. Each dog and handler will be scored against the customary maximum for the Rally Class level performed, for a team total of 800 maximum available points. Individual dog's score need not be recorded.
- b. At the ASCA Nationals Rally Trial, the Team Relay Rally Class will be based on Advanced level exercises and scoring.

- c. At other ASCA sanctioned events, affiliates can determine the rules for the non-regular rally classes being offered at their trials and can choose what level(s) exercises and scoring to use. Details of the non-regular class(es) being offered must be clearly outlined in the premium.

Maximum Total Score: 800 points

11.2.5 Rally Masters Pairs Class

Dogs may only be entered in Pairs once in each trial; they cannot enter with multiple pair partners in a single trial.

Eligibility to Enter: The Rally Masters Pairs class shall be for any dog eligible to compete in regular Masters level class.

Masters Pairs Exercises and Scores:

Leash Requirements - All exercises in the Rally Masters Pairs class are judged off-leash, except for the Tagging Zone. Dogs will be on leash in the Tagging Zone. Leashes will stay with the handlers at all times when not on leash in the Tagging Zone. Leashes may be put in a pocket or draped around the handler's neck or waist. Leash cannot be carried in hand.

Jump Station - At least one jump station must be used and starred in Rally Masters Pairs, but two jump stations may be used.

- a. If two jumps are used, only one must be designated a Star station.
- b. The same physical jump may be used for two stations.
- c. There must be at least two stations performed between two jump exercises.
- d. If two jumps are used, each dog/handler team must perform one of the jumps.
- e. Only the 316 jump exercise may be used in pairs.
- f. The jumps may be any jumps outlined in Chapter 1, Section 15 as standard equipment, with jump heights as outlined on the Reference page of these regulations. Jumps will be set to the lowest jump height of the dogs on the Pairs team.

Restricted Commands; Proper Heel Position - All performance requirements for Rally Masters apply to Rally Masters Pairs.

Course Requirements - Rally Masters Pairs must have 17 or 19 stations, one of which must be either station 23 or 24 which will be exactly halfway through the course. There will be a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 5 stationary exercises. Stations 23 & 24 do not count as one of the stationary exercises. There must be a minimum of four Masters level exercises and three Excellent (not eligible for Advanced or Novice) exercises, not including the jump(s). Each sign will have a 10-point value except for Star stations that will have a 20-point value. The total number of points on the course must equal 200. Any star stations aside from at least one jump being starred will be determined by the judge and marked with a Star designator. Level specific exercises should be distributed throughout the course so that both dog/handler teams perform some of the level specific exercises and neither team performs all the Masters or all the Excellent exercises.

Performing Pairs - Each exhibitor will use the armband number they are assigned by the trial secretary, but they do not have to perform in armband number order, either member of the pair can go first. Scoresheets designate both armband numbers separated by a forward slash (i.e. 312/421). The judge will call both exhibitors into the ring. The dog/handler team going second will go to the midway point in the course, the tagging zone and will have their dog sit, down or stand under control, while the dog/handler team going first performs the first half of the course. When the 2nd dog/handler team is in position in the tagging zone and the 1st dog and handler team is at the start line, the judge asks the team, "Are you Ready?" and with an affirmative response from the team, the Judge then says, "Forward" starting the time. When the 1st dog/handler team arrives at the tagging zone, the handler will leash their dog, and once their dog is under control, will shake hands with their teammate, signaling them to start the second half of the course. The 2nd dog/handler team will then perform the second half of the course. After passing the finish sign, the 2nd handler will leash their dog and go directly to the tagging zone, and with their dog under control, will shake hands with their teammate signaling the time to stop. Dogs in the Tagging Zone must remain under control in a sit, down or stand. The team will lose either 10 or 20 points for being out of control in the Tagging Zone depending on if the exercise is starred. (Effective June 27, 2019)

11.2.6 Rally Excellent Pairs Class

Dogs may only be entered in Pairs once in each trial; they cannot enter with multiple partners in a single trial.

Eligibility to Enter: The Rally Excellent Pairs class shall be for any dog eligible to compete in regular Excellent level classes.

Rally Excellent Pairs Exercises and Scores:

Leash Requirements - All exercises in the Rally Excellent Pairs class are judged off-leash, except for the stay exercise in the Tagging Zone. Dogs will be on leash in the Tagging Zone. Leash will stay with the handlers at all times when not on leash in the Tagging Zone. Leashes may be put in a pocket or draped around handler's neck or waist. Leashes cannot be carried in hand.

Jump Station - One jump station must be used and starred in Rally Excellent Pairs.

- a. The jump may be any jump outlined in Chapter 1, Section 15 as standard equipment, with jump heights as outlined on the Reference page of these regulations. Jump will be set to the lowest jump height of the dogs on the Pairs team.

Performance Requirements - All performance requirements for Rally Excellent apply to Rally Excellent Pairs.

Course Requirements - Rally Excellent Pairs must have 17 or 19 stations, one of must be either station 23 or 24 which will be exactly halfway through the course. There will be a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 5 stationary exercises. Stations 23 & 24 do not count as one of the stationary exercises. There must be a minimum of four Excellent level exercises, not including the jump exercise and three Advanced (not eligible for Novice) exercises. Each sign will have a 10-point value except for Star stations that will have a 20-point value. The total number of points on the course must equal 200. Any star stations aside from at least one jump being starred will be determined by the judge and marked with a Star designator. Level specific exercises should be distributed throughout the course so that both dog/handler teams perform some of the level specific exercises and neither team performs all the Excellent or all the Advanced exercises.

Performing Pairs - Each exhibitor will use the armband number they are assigned by the trial secretary, but they do not have to perform in armband number order, either member of the pair can go first. Scoresheets designate both armband numbers separated by a forward slash (i.e. 312/421). The judge will call both exhibitors into the ring. The dog/handler team going second will go to the midway point in the course, the tagging zone and will have their dog sit, down or stand under control, while the dog/handler team going first performs the first half of the course. When the 2nd dog/handler team is in position in the tagging zone and the 1st dog and handler team is at the start line, the judge asks the team, "Are you Ready?" and with an affirmative response from the team, the Judge then says, "Forward" starting the time. When the 1st dog/handler team arrives at the tagging zone, the handler will leash their dog, and once their dog is under control, will shake hands with their teammate, signaling them to start the second half of the course. The 2nd dog/handler team will then perform the second half of the course. After passing the finish sign, the 2nd handler will leash their dog and go directly to the tagging zone, and with their dog under control, will shake hands with their teammate signaling the time to stop. Dogs in the Tagging Zone must remain under control in a sit, down or stand. The team will lose either 10 or 20 points for being out of control in the Tagging Zone depending on if the exercise is starred. (Effective June 27, 2019)

11.2.7 Rally Advanced Pairs Class

Dogs may only be entered in Pairs once in each trial; they cannot enter with multiple pair partners in a single trial.

Eligibility to Enter: The Rally Advanced Pairs class shall be for any dog eligible to compete in regular Advanced level classes.

Rally Advanced Pairs Exercises and Scores:

Leash Requirements - All exercises in the Rally Advanced Pairs class are judged off-leash, except for the Tagging Zone. Dogs in the Tagging Zone will be on leash. Leashes will stay with the handlers at all times while performing their section of the course. Leashes may be put in a pocket or draped around handler's neck or waist. Leashes cannot be carried in hand.

Performance Requirements - All performance requirements for Rally Advanced apply to Rally Advanced Pairs.

Course Requirements - Rally Advanced Pairs must have 17 or 19 stations, one must be either station 23 or 24 which will be exactly halfway through the course. There will be a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 5 stationary exercises. Stations 23 & 24 do

not count as one of the stationary exercises. There must be a minimum of four Advanced level exercises. Each sign will have a 10-point value except for Star stations that will have a 20-point value. The total number of points on the course must equal 200. Any star stations aside from at least one jump being starred will be determined by the judge and marked with a Star designator. Level specific exercises should be distributed throughout the course so that both dog/handler teams perform some of the level specific exercises and neither team performs all the Advanced exercises.

Performing Pairs - Each exhibitor will use the armband number they are assigned by the trial secretary, but they do not have to perform in armband number order, either member of the pair can go first. Scoresheets designate both armband numbers separated by a forward slash (i.e. 312/421). The judge will call both exhibitors into the ring. The dog/handler team going second will go to the midway point in the course, the tagging zone and will have their dog sit, down or stand under control, while the dog/handler team going first performs the first half of the course. When the 2nd dog/handler team is in position in the tagging zone and the 1st dog and handler team is at the start line, the judge asks the team, "Are you Ready?" and with an affirmative response from the team, the Judge then says, "Forward" starting the time. When the 1st dog/handler team arrives at the tagging zone, the handler will leash their dog, and once their dog is under control, will shake hands with their teammate, signaling them to start the second half of the course. The 2nd dog/handler team will then perform the second half of the course. After passing the finish sign, the 2nd handler will leash their dog and go directly to the tagging zone, and with their dog under control, will shake hands with their teammate signaling the time to stop. Dogs in the Tagging Zone must remain under control in a sit, down or stand. The team will lose either 10 or 20 points for being out of control in the Tagging Zone depending on if the exercise is starred. (Effective June 27, 2019)

11.2.8 Rally Novice Pairs Class

Dogs may only be entered in Pairs once in each trial; they cannot enter with multiple pair partners in a single trial.

Eligibility to Enter: The Rally Novice Pairs class shall be for any dog eligible to compete in regular Novice level classes.

Rally Novice Pairs Exercises and Scores:

Leash Requirements - All exercises in the Rally Novice Pairs class are judged on-leash.

Performance Requirements - All performance requirements for Rally Novice apply to Rally Novice Pairs.

Course Requirements - Rally Novice Pairs must have 17 or 19 stations, one must be either station 23 or 24 which will be exactly halfway through the course. There will be a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 5 stationary exercises. Stations 23 & 24 do not count as one of the stationary exercises. There must be a minimum of three Novice Only level exercises. Each sign will have a 10-point value except for Star stations that will have a 20-point value. The total number of points on the course must equal 200. Any star stations aside from at least one jump being starred will be determined by the judge and marked with a Star designator. Level specific exercises should be distributed throughout the course so that both dog/handler teams perform some of the level specific exercises and neither team performs all the Novice Only exercises.

Performing Pairs - Each exhibitor will use the armband number they are assigned by the trial secretary, but they do not have to perform in armband number order, either member of the pair can go first. Scoresheets designate both armband numbers separated by a forward slash (i.e. 312/421). The judge will call both exhibitors into the ring. (Effective June 27, 2019)

11.2.9 Rally Fast Classes

Rally Fast Classes will have no stationary exercises, no site, downs, stays or stops. The course should be free flowing to showcase the team's heeling, precision and speed. Class will be divided into Masters, Excellent, Advanced, and Novice levels. (Effective June 27, 2019)

11.2.9.1 Fast Masters

Fast Masters must include 1 jump or 2 jumps using sign 316 and must be starred. No stay exercise may be used. Any non-stationary exercises allowed for use in Masters may be used. (Effective June 27, 2019)

11.2.9.2 *Fast Excellent*

Fast Excellent must include 1 jump, which must be starred. No stay exercise may be used. Any non-stationary exercises allowed for use in Excellent may be used. (Effective June 27, 2019)

11.2.9.3 *Fast Advanced*

Fast Advanced, no stay exercise may be used. Any non-stationary exercises allowed for use in Advanced may be used. (Effective June 27, 2019)

11.2.9.4 *Fast Novice*

Fast Novice, no stay exercise may be used. Any non-stationary exercises allowed for use in Novice may be used. (Effective June 27, 2019)

12 Merits

12.1 Miscellaneous

12.1.1 Eligible Dogs

Eligible dogs are ASCA or LEP registered Australian Shepherds owned or co-owned by a full ASCA member in good standing during the qualifying period of the current Merit program year.

12.1.2 Program Dates

The program will run from June 1st through May 31st of the following year.

12.1.3 Listing of Scores and Average

Scores used for calculating the average will be listed under the dog's name followed by their averaged score.

12.1.4 Top 20 Dogs Listed

The top 20 dogs will be listed in the Aussie Times and/or on the ASCA Website by placement using averaged scores. If there is a tie for 20th place, all dogs tied for 20th place will be listed.

EXAMPLE: Dog A has an average score of 197.5; dogs B, C, and D each have average scores of 196. They will be listed as dog A in 1st place, dogs B, C, and D in 2nd place, and dog E in 5th place.

12.1.5 Ranking in Multiple Merit Lists

A dog may be ranked in more than one Merit list during the same year.

12.1.6 Top 10 Certificates; Photos of Merit Winners

Certificates will be issued for 1st through 10th place including all dogs tied for 10th place. Each year, the first-place winners will receive a complementary photo of their dog in the issue of the Aussie Times where Merit winners are recognized.

12.2 Novice, Advanced, Excellent, and Masters Merit Lists

12.2.1 Separate Lists; Scores from A, B and C Classes

There will be separate lists for Novice, Advanced, Excellent, and Masters. Scores for each level may be earned in the A, B, and C classes.

12.2.2 Calculating the Average

The top three scores from the current Merit year will be used for each dog's averaged score. A minimum of three scores are needed to be included in the Merit list.

12.2.3 Ties for Placements

Ties for placements will be determined by the dog with the fewest number of trials placing higher. If a tie still exists, the higher placement will be awarded to the dog with the highest individual score. If a tie still exists, dogs will be listed alphabetically.

12.2.4 Eligibility to Earn Scores at Different Levels

Once a dog earns the next level title, they are no longer eligible to earn scores toward the lower level Merit standings. Earned scores in a level remain eligible in the Merit level list regardless of titles earned.

12.2.5 Eligibility for Masters Merit List

Once a dog qualifies in Excellent B and Masters B at the same trial, they are no longer are eligible to earn scores for Masters Merits.

12.3 REM (Rally Excellent Masters) Merit List

12.3.1 Scores for REM Merit List

The REM Merit list will come from combined (double qualifying) scores. Scores will come from the B classes.

EXAMPLE: A Masters B score of 192 and an Excellent B score of 197, both in same trials, will be a combined score of 389.

12.3.2 Number of Scores Used for the Average

The top five combined scores from the current Merit year will be used for each dog's averaged score.

12.3.3 Ties for Placements

Ties for placements will be determined by the dog with the highest combined score placing higher. If a tie still exists, the five Masters scores from the combined scores used will be averaged, and the dog with the highest average places higher. If a tie still exists, dogs will be listed alphabetically.

12.3.4 Eligibility for REM Merit List After Earning the RTCH

Once a dog earns a RTCH, it is no longer eligible for REM Merits past the end of the Merit year when the RTCH was earned.

12.4 RTCH (Rally Trial Champion) Merit List

12.4.1 Eligibility for RTCH Merit List

Dogs holding the title of the RTCH will be eligible for this list after the Merit year in which the title was earned. Qualified combined scores will be calculated when a dog qualifies in both Masters B and Excellent B in the same trial.

12.4.2 Scores Used for Average

The top five combined scores from the current Merit year will be used for each dog's averaged score.

12.4.3 Ties for Placements

Ties for placements will be determined by the dog with the highest individual combined score placing higher. If a tie still exists, the five Masters scores from the combined scores used will be averaged, and the dog with the highest average places higher. If a tie still exists, dogs will be listed alphabetically.

12.4.4 Competing for RTCH Merit List and Other Merit Lists

A dog competing for the RTCH Merit list cannot earn scores towards any other Merit list.

13 Rally Finals

Statement of Purpose: This competition is designed to be self-supporting by those teams who take pride in their contribution of showcasing the intelligence and teamwork of the Australian Shepherd. The intention is to showcase ASCA's finest Rally dogs to the world so that we may share the virtues of this versatile breed with others.

13.1 Finals Runs

13.1.1 Run in Conjunction with the National Specialty

The Rally Finals will be run in conjunction with the National Specialty each year. It is suggested that the Finals not be on a day when another Rally competition is being held. It is recommended that the Rally Finals be held on the same day as the Obedience Finals.

13.1.2 Finals Defined

The Finals will consist of four runs, two each in the Excellent and Masters classes.

13.1.3 Random Run Order

The Host Club(s) will determine the random run order. Dogs will not run in their order of ranking.

13.2 Finals Eligibility

13.2.1 Program Year; Notification from the Business Office

Eligible points will be those received during the ASCA Finals year. The ASCA Finals year will be the 12-month period from June 1st of the previous year to May 31st of the year that the Finals are held. The ASCA Business Office will send the Nationals Host Club a Rally Finals entry form for each dog by the close of the pre-entries for the Nationals.

13.2.2 Eligible Dogs

Eligible dogs are ASCA or LEP registered Australian Shepherds owned or co-owned by a Full ASCA member in good standing who have received qualifying scores from both Excellent B and Masters B at five (5) individual trials during the current Finals year.

13.2.3 Scores Used for Placements

The top five (5) combined scores (from Masters B and Excellent B from each of 5 trials) will be added for each dog to determine placements.

EXAMPLE: Dog A earns in one trial, a combined score of 396 from Masters B and Excellent B in first trial. Second trial same dog earns a 390, third trial a 395, fourth trial a 392, fifth trial a 350 and sixth trial a 397, the total points for Finals to date would be 1970. The 350 from the fifth trial would be dropped.

13.2.4 Invitations

Invitations will be sent to the top 20 Rally dogs as ranked in the Aussie Times from the combined scores of Excellent B and Masters B. There may be more than 20 dogs if there is a tie for the 20th placement. Dogs with ties will be listed alphabetically in the placement they are tied for.

EXAMPLE: Dog A has 92 points; dogs B, C, and D have 89 points. They will be listed as A in first place and B, C, and D in second place, and dog E in fifth place. By July 1st of each year, the next twenty 20 will be notified that they are on the alternates list, should any of the top 20 not be able to participate.

13.2.5 Bitches in Season

Bitches in season that have qualified will be allowed to compete in Finals. They must be crated (not placed in an exercise pen) in a separate area (may be designated by Host Club) at least 50 feet away from the Rally rings prior to and during the trial, until they are called to compete. Bitches in season must compete wearing panties. They will compete last in each of the four classes and if involved in a run-off, will compete last in the run-off.

They must remain on leash when not in the ring. All attempts should be made to potty bitches in season in an isolated area or areas designated by the Host Club. Bitches in season shall not be brought back into the ring for ribbons and awards.

Failure to comply with any restrictions in this chapter will result in elimination from Finals.

13.3 Finals Verification

13.3.1 Certified Mail Notification

All eligible contestants who have qualified for the Finals will be notified by certified mail by the Business Office by July 1 of the year the competition will be held. Alternates will be notified of their standing as well. The Business Office will take necessary steps to notify foreign qualifiers.

13.3.2 Completion of Entry Form; Postmark Deadline

All eligible contestants and alternates notified by the ASCA Business Office wishing to compete must complete an official entry form and send it and the entry fees (except for the alternates who will pay when they become eligible) to the Business Office. This confirmation of intent to compete must be postmarked no later than July 15th of the competition year. The Business Office will send all entries of the Rally Finals to the Host Club(s) by the close of entries for that year's Nationals.

13.3.3 Notification of Alternates; Refunds

If an eligible contestant fails to send in an entry form, the Business Office will notify the next alternate who has stated his/her intent to attend. If a cancellation occurs the day of the Finals, one of the 20 alternates on the grounds will become eligible in order of their rankings. If no alternates are available, the Finals will run short. No entry fee will be refunded.

13.4 Finals Fees

13.4.1 Entry Fees

The entry fee for the Rally Finals Competition is set by the ASCA Board of Directors (see the ASCA Schedule of Fees). This money will be used to cover any expenses the Host Club(s) may incur hosting the Rally Finals Competition as well as awards for the top Rally Finals winners. The Host Club(s) will submit their expenses to the ASCA Board of Directors. When all expenses have been met, any additional monies will be used for funding the next year's competition.

13.4.2 Finals Fund

The Business Office will keep an accounting of all monies received for the Finals fund and is responsible for informing the Host Club(s) of the Finals, the Board of Directors, and the ASCA Rally Committee as to the amount received by August 1st of the competition year.

13.4.3 Proposed Budget

The Host Club shall submit a proposed budget to the Board of Directors and the Rally Committee at least six months prior to the Finals. The Rally Committee will send comments, if any, to the Board of Directors within 30 days of receipt.

13.5 Finals Prizes and Rosettes

| Award | Rosette | Prize - Level/Cost |
|------------------------|--|---|
| 1st | A | Level 1 \$250 |
| 2nd-10th | B | Level 3 \$75 |
| Finalists Participants | B | None |
| | | |
| Level | Cost per Rosette | Rosette Descriptions |
| A | \$21 | 8.5-inch head, 7 streamers, 24-inch streamers |
| A.5 | \$20 | 8-inch head, 7 streamers, 22-inch streamers |
| B | \$18 | 7.5-inch head, 7 streamers, 18-inch streamers |
| D | \$12 | 6-inch head, 5 streamers, 14-inch streamers |
| E | \$1 | 2 layered, 10-inch flat ribbon |
| Name Streamers | \$5 - 7.50 each, depending on length of name | |

All Finals Qualifiers will receive a rosette labeled "Finalist," with the qualifying dog's ASCA registered name and ASCA titles entered on a side streamer. Non-ASCA titles will not be included. The name streamer will be placed on the Finals participation rosette, not on the placement rosette. All rosettes will have the date and location of the Finals. Any qualifying team that is unable to participate in the Finals is responsible for the cost of shipping their Finals rosette or requesting that the rosette be entrusted to someone else for delivery. The host club is not responsible for the cost of shipping rosettes.

Placements will be awarded 1st-10th place. Colors for the center streamer shall be as follows for placement rosettes: 1st - blue; 2nd - red; 3rd - yellow; 4th - white, 5th - 10th - same color (to coordinate with colors of host's rosette colors) and will have placements on rosette.

13.6 Finals Judges and Judging

13.6.1 Judge Eligibility

Judges must be in good standing with ASCA and be on the list of judges eligible to judge Rally Finals.

13.6.2 Number of Judges Required; Scoring

Two Judges are necessary for the Finals. Their scores will be added together for placements.

13.6.3 Classes Judged by Each Judge

Each Judge shall judge one run of Rally Excellent and one run of Rally Masters.

13.6.4 Ring Assignments

Each Judge will stay with his/her respective ring. The dog and handler teams will change rings.

13.6.5 Running Order

The host club will determine the running order of the classes and rings for the day of competition. (Done on the first day if there is more than one day of competition.)

13.6.6 Number of Runs

Each dog shall have four runs, two under each Judge at the two different levels.

13.6.7 Determining Placements

The scores and time will be added for each dog for the four runs to determine the placements. All scores will be used, including non-qualifying. The time will be used to break any tie scores, with the dog and handler team with least amount of time receiving the higher placement.

13.6.8 Ties

If there are tied scores and times, placements will be determined by a run-off using the Masters level course. Runoffs will be done after all dogs have competed; this includes any bitches in season.

13.6.9 One Finals Winner

There will be one Finals winner from the combined scores of Rally Excellent and Masters level.

13.6.10 Judging Standard

The ASCA Rally Rules and Regulations will be the standard by which these classes are judged.

13.6.11 Run-off Judge

The run-off Judge will be decided by a coin toss and that Judge's ring shall be used for run-offs.

13.7 Ring Requirements

13.7.1 Reference Chapter 1 Section 15

Refer to Chapter 1 Section 15 for ring requirements for Rally Finals in addition to below.

13.7.2 Size of Ring

The ring shall be rectangular with a minimum of 2000 square feet with no side being less than 40 feet for all Rally Classes.

13.7.3 Number of Stewards and Stopwatches

Each ring should have a minimum of three Stewards: a Gate Steward, a Table Steward, and a Timing Steward.

Due to the importance of having a valid time for each run, two stopwatches must be used for each run in Rally Finals. One stopwatch will be designated as the primary stopwatch. In the event there is a timer malfunction of the primary stopwatch, the time on the secondary stopwatch will be used for that run.

Jump height changes, when needed, can be made by any of these stewards to help the trial run smoothly.

13.8 Finals Miscellaneous

13.8.1 Posting of Finals Scores

Scores will be posted as soon as they are available. It is required that two different people who are not entered in the Finals check the addition of the scores before they are posted.

13.8.2 Refunds

There will be no refunds.

13.8.3 Finals Judges Used in Other Trials During National Specialty

Judges for the Rally Finals will not be used to judge the same classes at any Trial held in conjunction with the National Specialty.

13.8.4 Presentation of Awards

Presentation of awards should be done in a manner to showcase the Event.

13.8.5 Finals Scores

Scores earned in Finals will not count toward any ASCA titles.

13.8.6 Course Submission and Approval

Courses used for Finals must be submitted at least 60 days prior to the event date to those on the Rally Course Review Subcommittee not competing in the current year's Finals.

14 Nationals Rally

14.1 Judge Eligibility

Judges must be in good standing with ASCA and be on the list of judges eligible to judge the National Rally Trial.

14.2 Course Submission and Approval

Courses used for any National Specialty must be pre-approved by submitted to those on the Rally Course Review Subcommittee not competing in the Nationals Rally Trial at least 60 days prior to the event date.

14.3 Ring Size

Rings must be a minimum of 2000 square feet with no side being less than 40 feet in length. There must be at least a ten-foot border around any open side of the ring that is clearly marked off limits to crating, holding of dogs, or any food or drinks.

14.4 Number of Stewards and Stopwatches

Each ring should have a minimum of three Stewards: a Gate Steward, a Table Steward, and a Ring Timing Steward.

Due to the importance of having a valid time for each run, two stopwatches must be used for each run. One stopwatch will be designated as the primary stopwatch. In the event there is a timer malfunction of the primary stopwatch, the time on the secondary stopwatch will be used for that run.

Jump height changes, when needed, can be made by any of these stewards to help the trial run smoothly.

14.5 Bitches in Season

Bitches in season are not allowed to compete in the National Rally trial unless they are entered in MVA and/or MVJ for the current Nationals. Those entered in MVA and/or MVJ are not eligible for placements and will be competing for scores only (no placements or title legs). They must be pottied in a designated area. They must remain on leash, preferably with panties on.

14.6 Bitches in Season Running Order

If bitches in season are entered in MVA or MVJ, they must run last and held at a distance of a minimum of 50 feet from the ring and must be kept crated away until such time they are called.

14.7 Handler Conflicts

Handlers with conflicts must check in prior to the start of their competing level. If any conflicts are expected, the Handler must inform the Steward at this time. All attempts will be made to accommodate all teams; however, the trial will not be expected to be held up more than 30 minutes per level.

15 Judges

15.1 Licensed Rally and Obedience Judge Qualification Requirements

15.1.1 Approved Rally Judges from Other Registries

Any Judge who has been approved for a minimum of one year for all levels of AKC, CKC, UKC, and/or WCRL (World Cynosport) Rally judging may apply to become an ASCA Rally Judge.

15.1.2 Approved Obedience Judge with Rally Titles

ASCA, AKC, CKC, and/or UKC Obedience Judges who are approved to Judge through Open and have earned one Rally Masters (RM) title (from ASCA) or two Rally Excellent titles (RE) (one from ASCA and the other from ASCA, AKC, or CKC, or the UKC URO3 or WCRL RL3) may apply to become an ASCA Rally Judge.

15.1.3 Application Process

- a. Applicants must be at least 21 years old.
- b. Submit an application to the ASCA Business office.
- c. Upon verification of qualifications, the applicant will complete the Judges Education Seminar, available free online. To get the link for the online seminar please contact the ASCA Business Office or the ASCA Rally Committee Chair.
- d. Upon completion of the Judges Education Seminar, the applicant will be sent an Open Book test and a request for a complete set of Rally courses (one for each level), with completed Rally Course Checklist.
- e. Pass with 100% the ASCA Rally Open Book Test. The test may be retaken until all questions have been answered correctly.
- f. Submit a complete set of courses (one for each level) and have them approved. A completed ASCA Rally Course Checklist (available on the ASCA Website) must be submitted with the courses.
- g. Once all steps above are completed within the timeframe outlined in 15.1.4, the ASCA Business Office will forward the applicant's information to the Board of Directors for approval.

15.1.4 Timeframe for Completing the Application Process

Rally judge applicants will have six months to complete steps b. through e. outlined above in the application process. The time clock will start when the application is received in the Business Office. It is recommended the set of course maps be submitted for review within the first two months of the application process. There is no minimum length of time to complete the process, only that all steps must be completed within six months of the date the Business Office receives the application. Applicants must wait one year to reapply if sections b. through e. are not completed in the six-months timeframe.

15.2 Other Person Rally Judge Qualification Requirements

15.2.1 Requirements to Become a Judge

All "other persons" wishing to become an ASCA Rally Judge must fulfill all requirements from either Option A or B.

- a. Option A Qualifications
 - i. Two Companion Dog (CD) titles (from ASCA, AKC, CKC, or UKC)
 - ii. One Companion Dog Excellent (CDX) title (from ASCA, AKC, CKC or UKC) or One Open Dog Excellent (ODX) title (from ASCA)
 - iii. One Rally Masters (RM) title (from ASCA)
- b. Option B Qualifications
 - i. One Companion Dog (CD) title (from ASCA, AKC, CKC, or UKC)
 - ii. One Rally Excellent Masters (REM) title (from ASCA)
 - iii. Three Rally Excellent (RE) titles (at least one RE must be from ASCA; others may be a combination from ASCA, AKC, CKC, the UR03 from UKC, and/or the WCRL RL3)

15.2.2 Application Process

- a. All applicants must be at least 21 years old.
- b. Submit an application to the ASCA Business office. Upon verification of the qualifications, the applicant will be sent an Open Book test and a request for a complete set of Rally courses (one for each level, and nested to the extent possible, following the same path).
- c. Include with your application proof of completion of four ASCA Rally stewarding assignments, at least two of which are serving as Table Steward for all classes at a Trial, signed and dated by the Judge(s) for whom you stewarded. The other two stewarding assignments must include time split between acting as a timing steward, and gate steward.
- d. Complete the Judges Education Seminar, available free online. To get the link for the online seminar please contact the ASCA Business Office or the ASCA Rally Committee Chair.
- e. Pass with 100% the ASCA Rally Open Book Test. The test may be retaken until all questions have been answered correctly.
- f. Submit a complete set of courses (one for each level) and have them approved. A completed ASCA Rally Course Checklist (available on the ASCA Website) must be submitted with the courses.
- g. Once items b. through f. above are completed and approved, the applicant must complete the Apprentice Judge requirements, below. The timeframes for completing steps b. through f. and the Apprentice Judging are found below in Section 15.2.4.
- h. Upon completion of all steps above, the ASCA Business Office will forward the applicant's information to the Board of Directors for approval.

15.2.3 Apprenticing Requirements and Procedures

- a. The Apprentice must complete minimum of two apprentice assignments under at least two different ASCA approved Rally Judges.
- b. The applicant should contact the judge and the affiliate club for approval prior to the trial.
- c. The applicant shall set the course, working with club members. The applicant should then walk the course with the judge to verify spacing, etc.
- d. The Apprentice must judge a minimum of 50 runs and must judge runs from all four levels of ASCA Rally.
- e. The Apprentice will observe from the most advantageous position(s) ringside and score each dog as if they were the Judge. The Apprentice shall score each dog independently from the Judge and without interference from spectators or competitors.
- f. After judging is completed, the official Judge and the Apprentice will confer and review their scores, discussing how each arrived at their score. This time should be positive and educational, giving the Apprentice confidence and knowledge to further their judging experience.
- g. The Official Judge shall complete the Rally Apprentice Judge Evaluation (available from the Business Office) at the conclusion of the apprenticing assignment and return the form to the ASCA Business Office.

- h. The Judge applicant must complete and return the Apprentice Judge Comparison Report (available from the Business Office) and their score sheets within 15 days of the trial to receive credit for the apprenticing assignment.
- i. Rally Apprentice Judge Comparison Worksheets shall be reviewed by a designated member of the Rally Committee or the Chair. Differences in scores of 3 or more points will be evaluated, with an emphasis on 10 points or greater. Should the percentage of differences be 10% or greater, the committee may require additional apprentice runs with closer monitoring of scores and evaluation of the differences.
- j. Apprenticing shall not take place during the Rally Finals or National Specialty.

15.2.4 Timeframe for Completing the Application Process

Rally judge applicants who enter the program as an Other Person, will have six months to complete steps b. through f. outlined above in the application process. The time clock will start when the application is received in the Business Office. It is recommended the set of course maps be submitted for review within the first two months of the application process. Applicants will be allowed an additional twelve months, if needed, from the time they complete steps b. through f., to finish their Apprentice Judge requirements. There is no minimum length of time to complete the process, only that steps b. through f. be completed within six months of the date the Business Office receives the application and the apprentice judging be completed within twelve months following the timely completion of steps b. through f. Applicants must wait one year to reapply if sections b. through f. are not completed in the six-months timeframe and if the Apprentice judging is not completed within twelve months of the timely completion of steps b. through f.

15.3 Acceptance

15.3.1 Acceptance

- a. The Board of Directors will instruct the ASCA Business Office to notify the applicant when they have been approved and will issue a Judge's number if the applicant is not already an ASCA Judge.
- b. If the Board of Directors does not approve the applicant, he or she will be notified by the Executive Secretary at the direction of the Board of Directors.
- c. All new ASCA Rally judges are initially approved as Provisional Judges.

15.4 Provisional Judge

15.4.1 Provisional Judge

- a. The Provisional Judge will be able to accept assignments and judge ASCA Trials if their courses are submitted for approval by the ASCA Rally Review Subcommittee at least 30 days prior to each judging assignment. The course reviewers shall review the proposed courses to ensure they are: (1) Safe, (2) Flowing, (3) Appropriately challenging, considering the level for each course, (4) Consistent with the ASCA Rally Philosophy and these Rules and Regulations; (5) Consistent with the ring size and surface and consider any known obstructions in the ring, i.e. columns, floor grates, etc. Course reviewers are empowered to direct mandatory course revisions to comply with these criteria, as well as to suggest non-mandatory course revisions to improve the challenges, flow, or other aspects of the course or courses. However, course reviewers shall respect the judge's individuality, and not re-design the provisional judge's courses solely based on personal preferences. The Course Review Subcommittee will return copies of the proposed courses, together with any mandatory and recommended non-mandatory changes to the provisional judge not later than 15 days prior to the first day of the applicable trial(s). Provisional judges must return a final copy of all courses for the trial including any required /mandatory /recommended changes made on any course to the course reviewer at least 7 days prior to the trial to receive final approval on courses to be used at the trial. Final approval of courses must be obtained to judge the trial. To avoid any appearance of a conflict of interest, course reviewers shall not review courses to be used at trials where they expect to compete.
- b. All Judges will remain Provisional until such time the Rally Course Review Subcommittee receives three complete sets of courses, not previously submitted for review, that do not need any revisions prior to a Trial in which the Provisional Judge is scheduled to judge. Once a Provisional Judge submits three sets of courses that do not require mandatory changes, the judge may complete the required form requesting a move from provisional to regular status.

- c. After moving from provisional to a higher status of judge, to avoid the possibility of using courses that do not meet ASCA standards, judges are encouraged and invited to submit their courses at least 30 days prior to using them at trials they have been hired to judge. Feedback will be provided for the voluntary submissions no later than 15 days prior to the first day of the trial they are judging.
- d. At the direction of the ASCA Board of Directors, a judge may be moved from approved status to provisional if it is determined it is in the judge's best interest and ASCA's best interest for the judge to submit courses to the Rally Course Review Subcommittee for approval as described above in 15.4.1 a.

15.5 Rally Judge Classifications and Progression

15.5.1 Provisional Judge

- a. All judges enter the ASCA Rally Judging ranks as a provisional judge.
- b. A provision judge can accept assignments to judge any ASCA sanctioned rally trial, except the National Rally Trial and Rally Finals.
- c. To progress to regular status, the Provisional Judge must submit three complete sets of courses, never before submitted for review, which do not require any mandatory corrections for trials they have been hired to judge.
- d. Once a Provisional Judge submits three sets of courses not requiring mandatory revisions, he/she must submit a change of classification form to the Business Office requesting to be moved to Regular status. The Business Office will verify the information on the form and notify the Rally Committee Chair that the request has been received. A motion will be made at the committee level and upon passing at the committee level will be referred to the Board of Directors for final approval. When final approval is received, the judge will be notified and the judge's classification on the Judges Directory will be changed to Regular judge.

15.5.2 Regular Judge

- a. A regular judge can accept assignments to judge any ASCA sanctioned rally trial, except the National Rally Trial and Rally Finals.
- b. To progress to National status, the Regular Judge must have completed a Rally Masters title in ASCA.
- c. Once a judge completes the titling requirement, he/she must submit a change of classification form to the Business Office requesting to be moved to National status. The Business Office will verify the information on the form and notify the Rally Committee Chair that the request has been received. A motion will be made at the committee level and upon passing at the committee level will be referred to the Board of Directors for final approval. When final approval is received, the judge will be notified and the judge's classification on the Judges Directory will be changed to National judge.

15.5.3 National Judge

- a. A National judge can accept assignments to judge any ASCA sanctioned rally trial and the National Rally Trial but is not eligible to judge Rally Finals.
- b. To progress to Senior status, the National Judge must have completed at least five judging assignments for rally trials sanctioned by ASCA.
- c. Once a judge completes the judging requirement, he/she must submit a change of classification form to the Business Office requesting to be moved to Senior status. The Business Office will verify the information on the form and notify the Rally Committee Chair that the request has been received. A motion will be made at the committee level and upon passing at the committee level will be referred to the Board of Directors for final approval. When final approval is received, the judge will be notified and the judge's classification on the Judges Directory will be changed to Senior judge.

15.5.4 Senior Rally Judge

A Senior Rally Judge can accept assignments to judge any ASCA sanctioned or sponsored rally trial, including the National Rally Trial and Rally Finals.

15.5.5 Request Change of Classification

Request forms for moving to a new judge classification are found in the Appendix of the Rally Rulebook and on the ASCA Website.

15.5.6 Multiple Requests

Multiple requests may be submitted at the same time if the requirements for the requests have been met. **EXAMPLE:** if a provisional judge who has already titled a dog to the RM title and submits three sets of courses that do not require mandatory corrections, he/she would be eligible to submit requests to move to Regular and to National judge classification on the same form. Once the approval process is completed, the higher classification will be listed on the Judges Directory.

15.5.7 No Requirement to Change Classification

Judges are not required to move to a higher classification if they do not choose to make themselves eligible to judge the National Rally Trial or Rally Finals.

15.6 Eligible to judge the National Rally Trial and/or Rally Finals List

Host clubs for ASCA Nationals and Finals will look at the Judges Directory to note which Rally judges are eligible to judge the National Rally Trial and Rally Finals. Judges with a classification letter of "N" (National Judge) are eligible to judge the National Rally Trial. Judges with a classification letter of "S" (Senior Judge) are eligible to judge the National Rally Trial or Rally Finals.

15.6.1 National Rally Trial

To be eligible to judge the National Rally Trial, a judge must be in good standing with ASCA and be listed on the current approved ASCA Rally Judges List with a classification of "N". See Section 15.5 for instructions to move from Regular Judge (R) to National Judge (N) on the Judges Directory.

It is the judge's responsibility to complete the request form and submit it to the Business Office for verification that the judge meets the requirements for judging the National Rally Trial. Once the Business Office verifies the requirements are met, the judge's name will be added to the list of judges eligible to judge the National Rally Trial.

The Request Form can be found in the Appendix of the Rally Rulebook or online on the ASCA Website.

15.6.2 Rally Finals

To be eligible to judge Rally Finals, a judge must be in good standing with ASCA and be listed on the current approved ASCA Rally Judges List with a classification of "S". See Section 15.5 for instructions to move from National Judge (N) to Senior Judge (S) on the Judges Directory.

It is the judge's responsibility to complete the request form and submit it to the Business Office for verification that the judge meets the requirements for judging Rally Finals. Once the Business office verifies the requirements are met, the judge's name will be added to the list of judges eligible to judge Rally Finals.

The Request Form can be found in the Appendix of the Rally Rulebook or online on the ASCA Website.

15.7 Continuing Education Requirements for all ASCA Rally Judges

15.7.1 Staying Up to Date on Rules

It is the responsibility of all ASCA Rally judges to stay up to date on the current rules and regulations affecting the ASCA Rally program. Rule Books will be updated and reprinted June 1 of each calendar year. Individual program rulebooks may be updated and reprinted January 1 of the same calendar year if deemed necessary by the Board of Directors. Only those program rules contained in the latest version of each rule book shall be enforceable.

15.7.2 ASCA Rally Judges Seminar

All ASCA Rally Judges will be required to participate in the ASCA Rally Judges Education Seminar online ~~or in person~~ (Effective June 1, 2019) at least every two years. A notice will be sent by the Business Office to all ASCA Rally Judges during the first week of January in odd-numbered years (i.e. 2017, 2019, etc.). All sections in the Supplemental Packet must be answered correctly to receive credit for participating in the seminar. The completed Supplemental Packet must be returned to the Business Office within 60 days of the distribution date of the notice from the Business Office. The seminar may be watched repeatedly, and Supplemental Packet resubmitted repeatedly until all questions are answered correctly. In mid-February of odd numbered years, the Business Office will contact any judge who has not returned his/her Supplemental Packet to assure that the exam was received. Judges not returning the completed Supplemental Packet by the deadline will be removed from the approved ASCA Judges Directory and will need to reapply if they choose to judge ASCA Rally again in the future.

~~Judges who participate in the Judges Seminar at ASCA Nationals in the fall of an even-numbered year (i.e. 2016, 2018, etc.), will receive credit for completing their 2-year continuing education provided they submit a completed Supplemental Packet with all questions answered correctly to the Business Office within 60 days of the live seminar. (Effective June 1, 2019)~~

New ASCA Rally judges who completed their application process in the last quarter of an even-numbered year (i.e. 2016, 2018, etc.) will receive credit for completing their 2-year continuing education during their application process.

15.8 Publication

15.8.1 Aussie Times

The name and state of residence of new ASCA Rally Judges shall be published in the next edition of the Aussie Times following their approval by the ASCA Board of Directors.

15.8.2 ASCA Website

The name and personal information of all ASCA Rally Judges will be published on the ASCA Website under contact information unless that Judge has checked the opt-out box on their application.

The ASCA Rally Rules, Icons, Checklist, and Application may be found at www.asca.org

16 Trial Guidelines

16.1 Judges

16.1.1 Judge as Ambassador

The Judge is the ambassador of the sport during the event. From the presence of the Judge, all involved within that event, including exhibitors, spectators and workers, shall leave that event with the understanding of the sport of Rally, as given to them by the Judge.

16.1.2 Judging Limits; Reusing Courses

Judges can judge up to 120 runs per day. It is suggested that a Judge not judge more than eight hours in a single day. If a Rally Judge is judging more than one ASCA sanctioned event per day, the eight hours includes all assignments. Courses may not be reused within 6 months in any Trial that is within 300 miles from previous use of same courses.

16.1.3 Judge Demeanor

Judges must be fair, impartial, confident, and friendly. Beginners in the sport should feel at ease and welcomed by the Judge, not intimidated. Experienced exhibitors should have no doubt but that the Judge is in control by the Judge's confident and respectful manner.

16.1.4 Soliciting Assignments

Neither a judge, nor a family member of a judge, may solicit or promote assignments on the judge's behalf.

Definitions:

- a. Solicitation is the repeated contact and/or the use of influence, persuasion or coercion in an effort to obtain a judging assignment.
- b. Promotion is a Judge's or his/her immediate family member's attempt to sell or popularize the Judge or his/her judging assignments through verbal or written advertising and/or publicity.

16.1.5 Available Equipment

The Judge shall only use equipment that is approved by the current Rules and Regulations of ASCA and that the Affiliate Club is required to provide.

- a. The distribution of the stations should balance the area given for the ring.
- b. When designing courses, Judges should always keep in mind that 'flow' and safety are important in all classes.
- c. Course paths may not pass between distractions unless the exercise utilizing those distractions is being performed. Distractions are to be placed on the course in such a manner as to test the dog only during exercises where distractions are a primary part of the exercise.
- d. When judging, the Judge should be mindful in placing themselves out of the way of the Team yet in places where they can clearly see the Team perform each exercise completely.

16.1.6 Briefing Stewards

It is the Judges' responsibility to give a briefing to the Table Steward and all other Stewards for the trial. It is also the Judge who should see that all Stewards are ready to go.

16.1.7 Designing Courses That Meet ASCA Requirements

- a. It is the Judge's responsibility to provide courses that meet the ASCA Rally Rules and Regulations at all ASCA sanctioned Trials. If it is found that a Judge's course(s) did not meet these requirements, a Judge's status may be moved back to Provisional.
- b. If during a post-trial course review, it is determined the set of courses used did not follow ASCA's Rules and Regulations, the judge will be notified and provided details of the determination. If a second set of courses during the same calendar year is determined to also not comply with ASCA's Rules and Regulations, the judge and the Business Office will be notified by the ASCA Rally Committee Chair that the judge must submit course sets at least 30 days prior to future judging assignments. Judges will be notified in the sanctioning letter for future assignments of the need to submit courses for pre-trial course review.
- c. To determine if a course meets ASCA Rules and Regulations, a Course Design Checklist will be utilized. The same checklist is available on the website for judges to use.
- d. To avoid using courses that do not meet ASCA standards, all judges are encouraged and invited to submit their courses at least 30 days prior to using them at trials they have been hired to judge and to use the Course Design Checklist available on the website. Feedback will be provided for the voluntary submissions no later than 15 days prior to the first day of the trial they are judging.
- e. All judges in provisional status effective 11/1/19 will be required to submit a completed course review checklist with each set of courses. **(Effective December 20, 2019)**

16.1.8 Rule Infraction Pre-Trial Course Review

Timely Submission of Courses for pre-trial review is critical to assuring all trial maps meet minimum standards detailed in the Rally Rules & Regulations.

- a. Judges on pre-trial review who fail to submit courses 30 days in advance of the trial date will be sent a warning of the infraction via email by the ASCA Rally Committee Chair. A second failure to submit courses 30 days in advance of a trial will be reported (with documentation included) to the ASCA Board of Directors for possible suspension of judging privileges.
- b. Judges who have submitted courses for pre-trial review who fail to make the required changes and submit for review prior to the trial will be reported (with documentation included) to the ASCA Board of Directors for possible suspension of judging privileges.

- c. All provisional and pre-trial status review judges will be advised of this rule when they are sent their judges letter, or when their status is changed to pre-trial review after submitting courses that do not meet standards.
(Effective March 27, 2019)

16.2 Stewards

16.2.1 Volunteers

In Rally, the more help the Judge and Club receive, the smoother the Trial will run. The following positions may be required, and some jobs may be combined, where appropriate, when there is a shortage of volunteer help.

16.2.2 Table Steward

A Table Steward is necessary and required to help the Judge in recording scores and times in the Official ASCA Judges Book. They also prepare the paperwork needed for the next dog in line. If only one Steward is available, they must act as Table Steward. The Table Steward may not compete in the level they are acting as Table Steward but may compete in another level if someone else is designated the Table Steward. If two Table Stewards are used for a Trial, they must both be present at the beginning of the Trial to be briefed and instructed by the Judge. No more than two Table Stewards are permitted per Trial unless the Club has the Judge's approval.

16.2.3 Gate Steward

A Gate Steward is preferred to keep things running smoothly. This Steward will ensure jump heights are correct and help with the leash when removed and given back to handler before dog leaves the ring. It is helpful if the Gate Steward has two dogs in line ready to compete. They will also help reset jump heights, reset courses, and perform any other duties assigned to them by the Judge.

16.2.4 Timing Steward

A Timing Steward is also helpful, but the Gate Steward may perform the duties of the Timing Steward. The Judge will designate this position at the beginning of the Trial. The Timing Steward may not show in the class where they act as the Timer but may show in any other class(es). Timers will preferably time the entire level; if that is not possible, they must complete the entire class.

17 Course Design

It is the Judge's responsibility to design courses that offer level appropriate challenges and meet the current ASCA Rules and Regulations. Safety, flow and interesting course design are primary factors and contribute directly to the exhibitor's ability to demonstrate teamwork and proficiency on the course.

At all levels, the judge shall design a course that meets the following criteria.

17.1 Equipment

- a. The judge shall only use equipment that is approved by the current Rules and Regulations of ASCA. (See Chapter 1 Section 15)
- b. Only equipment the Affiliate is required to provide may be used. (See Chapter 1.15.1)

17.2 Course Map Requirements

The following items must appear on all course maps.

17.2.1 Tools for Designing Courses

There are many tools available on the ASCA Website to assist in designing courses.

Available on the website are:

- a. 2015 Course Design Template (excel based template)
- b. Course Design Checklist
- c. Mini .jpeg signs for use in other software programs

Judges are allowed the freedom to choose which software to use when designing courses. They can even choose to hand draw course maps if the following criteria are met.

17.2.2 Map Basics

The following are required on all maps:

- a. Judge's name
- b. Date of the trial; if there is more than one trial on that date, further identification such as Trial #1, Trial #2, or A.M., P.M. must be included on each map.
- c. Affiliate club hosting the trial
- d. Course level
- e. Ring size
- f. ASCA sign icons
- g. Station numbers
- h. Star indicators, enough to have a total of 200 points available on the course.
- i. Cone icons, if any cone exercises are used. Food or toy icon for exercises that include distractions. (No more than 7 cones may be used on a course.)
- j. Separate entrance and exit gates.
- k. Leash location indicator for courses that utilize a Stay exercise requiring the handler to retrieve a leash as part of the exercise.
- l. List that includes:
 1. Station # to match that on course
 2. Class (i.e. M, E, A, N) for all level specific exercises, based on the lowest class in which they can be used
Signs 1-30 can be used on all levels, no class designation on the list
Signs 100-107 are novice only so N would be listed under Class on the list
Signs 120-125 can be used for Novice and Advanced, no class designation on the list
Signs 200-231 are for Advanced, Excellent & Masters, so would be marked A on the list
Signs 300 - 327 are for Excellent & Masters, so would be marked as E on the list. Sign 316 is not designated as E on the list
Signs 400-416 are for Masters only, so would be marked as M on the list
 3. Stationary (S or blank)
 4. Exercise Name
 5. Name of Jump to match icon shown on course
 6. Stars, where needed
 7. Sign Number to match that on course
 8. "Finish" with no number, before the Stay exercise, when applicable.

17.2.3 Jump icons and distraction icons

- a. Jump icons (1 for excellent; 1 or 2 for Masters. If a single physical jump is used in Masters, the jump used must be different than the jump used in Excellent.)
- b. Jump types must be identified on the course maps and must be identified (high, bar or broad) on the exercise list and must match the icon on the map.
- c. Toy or food icons for distraction exercises must be shown on course maps and must be identified (toy and/or food) on the exercise list.

17.2.4 Handler Path Arrows

- a. The handler path shall be indicated by arrows on Novice level courses.
- b. Handler paths may be marked at the other levels but are not required.

17.3 Design Requirements

17.3.1 General Requirements

- a. Safety and flow are required on all courses.
- b. The distribution of stations should balance the area given for the ring. L patterns or other patterns that leave large blocks of ring space empty do not meet this requirement.
- c. Sign icons and station numbers shall appear on the map in the order the exercises are to be performed.
- d. Courses at all levels will have 16 to 19 stations with enough star stations for the course to have a starting value of 200 points.
- e. Courses must be designed in a manner that dogs of any size and handlers with mobility aids can perform the stations with adequate space to do so.
- f. There should be significant differences in the signs used for Excellent and Masters; both to provide course variety and to prevent a distinct advantage for exhibitors competing in both classes over exhibitors competing in only one level. At a minimum, to reach the level of significantly different, any excellent level signs used on the Masters course (except for the jump exercise), must be moved to a different location on the course or replaced with a different exercise. If a stay exercise is used on the Excellent course, it must be different than the one used on the Masters course. The Jump exercise may remain in the same location, however moving the jump to a different location on the Excellent course further increases the difference between the Masters and Excellent courses. Switching out other signs to make the two courses even more different is strongly encouraged.
- g. Courses should be designed and laid out in a way that all teams, even those whose handlers miss the walk through, have a reasonable chance of qualifying.
- h. Sign selection should be made so that courses are challenging but fair at all levels.
- i. The selection of signs should demonstrate a variety of behaviors and provide an opportunity for teams to demonstrate teamwork and proficiency.

17.3.2 Sign Placement

- a. Sign icons shall be shown on the map to the right of the team's path except for change of direction signs which shall be shown placed directly in front of the team. Angle turns (45 degree and 225 degree) are considered a change of direction so must be placed in the team's path.
- b. Sign icons and numbers should be oriented to the team's path as they will move through the course.
- c. Signs including more than two elements are to be readable to the handler during the performance of all elements of the exercise.
- d. Placement of the Start sign must allow adequate room for the team to enter the ring and set up.
- e. Placement of the Finish sign when facing the ring gate must be at least 6 feet from the gate.
- f. Fast (sign #3), Halt, Fast (sign #2), About Turn, Fast, and U Turn, Fast (sign #228), must be followed by the Normal sign.
- g. Slow (sign #4), Halt, Slow (sign #300), About Turn, About Turn Slow (sign #229), Slow (sign #317), and U Turn, Slow (sign #318) may be followed by either the Normal sign or the Finish sign.
- h. Sign Placement and Performance Location Chart (see Appendix)
- i. Proper placement of signs for the Masters Directed jump exercises 414, 415 and 416 is detailed in the Appendix, ASCA Example 8.

17.3.3 Stationary Exercises

- a. The chart below shows the allowed number of stationary exercises allowed on a course for each level.

| NOVICE | ADVANCED | EXCELLENT | MASTERS |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 3-6 | 3-7 | 3-8 | 3-9 |

- b. A stationary exercise is any exercise where the handler and dog come to a complete stop at any point in the performance of the exercise.
- c. Stationary exercises are marked with an "S" in the Stationary column in Chapter 18 Signs and Descriptions.
- d. The Sit Stay and Down Stay exercises do not count in the total number of stationary exercises on a course.

17.3.4 Stay exercises

- a. A Sit Stay or a Down Stay is required in Novice and Masters. They are allowed in Advanced and Excellent. The following distance requirements for the stays are below.

| NOVICE | ADVANCED | EXCELLENT | MASTERS |
|-----------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| End of a 6-foot leash | 10 feet | 15 feet | 20 feet |

17.3.5 Distraction Exercises

- a. Distractions can be either toys (6" to 12" in size) or bowls (1-2-quart size) with food securely covered.
- b. No more than two (2) toy or two (2) food bowl distractions can appear on the course.
- c. Cones that are part of a distraction exercise may not be used by any other exercise. For instance, if the Serpentine Cones One Way with Distractions is used, neither of the end cones of that exercise can be used as part of any other cone exercise.
- d. No more than seven (7) cones can be used on a course.
- e. Other sections of the course path may not pass through a distraction exercise.
- f. Distractions should be placed so they do not accidentally or intentionally become part of other exercises on the course.

17.3.6 Level Specific Exercise Requirements

- a. The chart below shows the sign requirements specific to each level of competition.
- b. Jump exercises are not included in the total count of Excellent exercises included on a course.

| NOVICE | ADVANCED | EXCELLENT | MASTERS |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|
| 3 Novice only exercises | 4 Advanced exercises (not eligible for Novice) | 4 Excellent exercises (not eligible for Novice or Advanced) 3 Advanced exercises (not eligible for Novice) 1 Jump exercise | 4 Masters only exercises 3 Excellent exercises (not eligible for Novice or Advanced) 1 or 2 Jump exercises |

17.4 Additional Design Criteria

17.4.1 Jump exercises

- a. If only one physical jump is used in Masters, it must be different than the jump used in Excellent.
- b. If two jump exercises are used in Masters, there must be at least 2 exercises performed between the two jump exercises.
- c. For Sign #316, adequate space must be allowed before the jump and after the jump to ensure safe take-off and landing zones. At least 10 feet are required before and after a bar jump or high jump. The broad jump needs at least 10 feet before the jump and at least 12 feet after the jump.
- d. The jump exercise in Excellent must be starred.
- e. At least one jump exercise in Masters must be starred.
- f. For Sign #414 there must be at least 10 ft before the jump.
- g. For sign #415 and #416 there must be at least 12 ft after the jump.

17.4.2 Stationary exercises

- a. Care should be taken to avoid any disruption of course flow caused by too many consecutive stationary exercises. Things to consider when determining if there are too many in a row are how many sits, downs, and stands there are in that sequence and on the complete course. The analysis of this really depends on the exercises chosen. For instance, on a Masters level course if station numbers 310 (Halt, Call Front, Finish Right, Halt), 7 (Call Dog Front, 1-2-3 Backwards) and 405 (Halt, Pivot Right, Halt, x3) are used in sequence, there are 11 sits required within a short distance which can really destroy flow and interest on a course and it feels like too many stationary exercises in a row. If on the other hand, stations 313 (Moving down, Walk Around Dog), 402 (Side Step, Forward Step, Halt) and 408 (Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call to Heel) are used, there is 1 down, 1 stand and 2 sits with the handler moving to

different positions in the stations which gives 3 stationary exercises in a row a totally different feel. In the second example, 3 stationary exercises don't destroy the flow and interest of the course.

- b. The use of stationary exercises on a course should demonstrate the ability of teams to perform a variety of stationary positions.

17.4.3 Turns

- a. Care should be taken to avoid too many consecutive turns, which can cause dizziness. An example might include spirals, 360 circles and 270s all run together in a sequence. Breaking up turn exercises with other exercises will help reduce the potential dizzy factor.
- b. The following signs can be used to change the team's path on the course:

| Signs 1-30 | | Signs 100-125 | |
|------------|--|---------------|---|
| 10 | Right Turn | 102 | Halt, Front Dog, Finish Right, Halt |
| 11 | 270 Left | 103 | Halt, Front Dog, Finish Left, Halt |
| 12 | 90 Pivot Right | 104 | Call Dog Front, Return Right |
| 13 | Left Turn | 105 | Call Dog Front, Return Left |
| 14 | 270 Right | 125 | Offset Figure 8 – can be used to change direction based on set-up |
| 15 | 90 Pivot Left | | |
| 16 | About Turn | | |
| 17 | U Turn | | |
| | | Signs 200-231 | |
| 18 | Left About Turn | 202 | Halt, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call Front, Finish, Halt |
| 19 | Spiral Right | 221 | Halt About Turn |
| 20 | Spiral Left | 222 | Halt U Turn |
| 22 | Serpentine Down & Back | 227 | About Turn, Side Step Right |
| 27 | 45 Diagonal Right | 228 | About Turn Fast |
| 28 | 45 Diagonal Left | 229 | U Turn Fast |
| 29 | 225 Loop Right | 230 | Cloverleaf Right |
| 30 | 225 Loop Left | 231 | Cloverleaf Left |
| | | Signs 300-327 | |
| | | Signs 400-416 | |
| 305 | Halt, Turn Right One Step, Call to Heel, Halt | 403 | Halt Pivot Left Halt x 3 |
| 306 | About Turn Halt | 404 | 270 Left Halt |
| 307 | U Turn Halt | 405 | Halt Pivot Right Halt x 3 |
| 308 | 180 Pivot Right Halt | 406 | 270 Right Halt |
| 309 | 180 Pivot Left Halt | 407 | Left About Halt |
| 314 | Off set Figure 8 With Distractions - can be used to change direction based on set-up | 408 | Moving Stand Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call to Heel |
| 317 | About Turn Slow | 409 | Moving Down, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call to Front, Finish, Halt |
| 318 | U Turn Slow | 411 | Serpentine Down & Back with Distractions |
| 319 | Spiral Right with Distractions | 415 | Offset Recall Right Over Jump Finish, Halt |
| 320 | Spiral Left with Distractions | 416 | Offset Recall Left Over Jump, Finish Halt |
| 327 | Halt, Down Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Finish, Halt | | |

- c. Serpentine exercises are not designed to include a 90-degree turn at the first cone or a 90-degree turn out of the exercise. If a course requires the team to make a 90 degree turn to get into the serpentine, then a turn exercise must be used as the station before the serpentine so that the serpentine exercise can be approached straight. If the course

requires a turn coming out of a serpentine, the turn must be made using a turn exercise following the serpentine rather than using the last cone as a turning mechanism.

- d. 45 Diagonal and 225 Loop turns are for use coming out of or going into a diagonal path and are considered a change of direction.
- e. Care must be taken with all turns to assure the sign is placed appropriately to allow the team to make the correct angle turn as indicated on the sign.

17.4.4 Cones

- a. Serpentine and spiral exercises are set up with 6-8 feet between the cones.
- b. Serpentine exercises with distractions require 8-10 feet between the cones and distractions.
- c. The Offset Figure 8 and Offset Figure 8 with Distractions exercises are set up with 8- 10 feet between the cones. Distractions for the Offset Figure 8 with Distractions are placed 6 – 8 apart and at 90-degree angles to the cones.
- d. Sign #25 & #26 Offset Serpentine requires the middle cone to be moved 3-4 ft to the left or right of the first and third cones.

17.4.5 Spacing of Exercises

- a. Careful consideration must be given to how much space an exercise requires for correct performance. Some stations require much more than others. For instance, the Halt station takes up very little space compared to the Halt, 1, 2, 3. The following chart is provided to offer suggestions for space needed for some of the exercises. These are not hard and fast numbers. The amount of space it takes for a sign depends a lot on the exhibitor and the size of the dog. It is up to the judge to set a course that ensures there is enough space to perform the selected exercises.

| SIGN NAME | APPROXIMATE SPACE REQUIRED |
|---|----------------------------|
| Halt, 1-2-3 | 15 ft |
| Call Dog Front, 1-2-3 Backwards | 15 ft |
| Serpentine exercises without distractions | 22-28 ft |
| Serpentine exercises with distractions | 28-34 ft |
| Offset Serpentine | 8-12 ft long, 5 ft wide |
| Spiral Right; Spiral Left | 19-23 ft |
| Off Set Figure 8 | 8-10 ft |
| Cloverleaf | 6 ft x 6 ft |
| Any station that requires the handler to walk away from their dog 3 steps | 7-10 ft |
| Standard Bar jump or High jump | 22 ft |
| Broad Jump | 25 ft |
| Offset Jump | 24 ft |

- b. Spacing not only involves the distance needed for performing exercises, but how much width is required for exercises. Consideration must be given to ensure paths are suitable for dogs of all sizes and mobility aids. One never knows when a Chihuahua and Great Dane will enter the same trial or when a wheel chair, walker, or other mobility aid will need to be used by a handler. Some mobility aids can be as wide as 30". As an example, a 4-foot wide section for a handler path that has the ring gates on one side of it and Rally signs to the handler's right should be sufficient in most cases.
- c. When designing courses, you should take the necessary measures to ensure there is enough space in each sequence for correct performance of all the exercises. Setting up the course or setting up sections of the course for testing may help.
- d. Signs on the course maps should not be placed haphazardly, but with intention and care. The distance between exercises should be proportionate to the distance required to perform the exercise. While exact distances are not required, it is possible to create maps that depict courses with correct sign placement and reasonable approximations of distances needed for each station and the path between them.
- e. Teams should have room to complete each exercise before beginning their approach to the next sign. Allowing room between stations and before and after change of directions requires teams to demonstrate control and teamwork. The

Heeling and Conduct sign exists so that imperfections in heeling, misconduct, lack of teamwork and handler errors that occur between stations can be scored.

- f. Large drifts should be avoided and can frequently be corrected by altering a course path, adding another turn, allowing more space between exercises and various other design techniques.
- g. Exercises that require a 45, 90, 180, 225, 270 or 360-degree performance must be placed on the course so that the complete angle can be accomplished. For instance, a 180-degree pivot, must be placed so the team can perform a complete 180-degree pivot. Anything less than 180 degrees or more than 180 degrees will result in an incorrect performance and should not be due to poor course design.
- h. Creative course paths are encouraged, even allowing diagonal courses or diagonal sections of courses. However, course design must always direct each team to a position that allows the correct completion of every exercise.
- i. Sometimes using a cone exercise to get into and out of diagonal sections allows for the correct completion of exercises. Care should be taken to avoid obscure, unconventional or backside entrances to cone exercises.
- j. Signs for 45-degree diagonal and 225-degree loops can be used to go into, or transition from, a diagonal path.
- k. When the available ring size is unknown it is always best to design for the minimal legal-size ring, 40' x 50'. Courses can be easily spread out to use more space, but many times do not squish together well.

18 Signs and Descriptions

18.1 Start/Heeling and Conduct

The "Start/Heeling and Conduct" Station shall be the first numbered Station on the course. Until January 1, 2016, affiliates will be allowed to continue providing the individual Start and Heeling and Conduct signs for trials, rather than the combined sign. Judges must place the Heeling and Conduct sign to the right of the Start sign if the set of signs provided by the affiliate still includes the two signs.

Signs list at the end of each level's chapter will also show the Start/Heeling and Conduct as one combined sign rather than as separate signs.

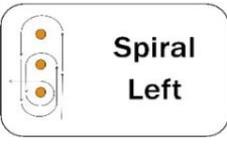
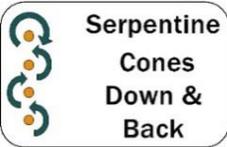
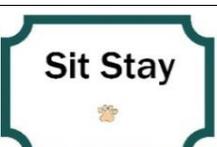
18.2 Primary Parts of Exercises; Stationary Exercises

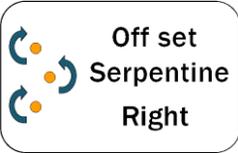
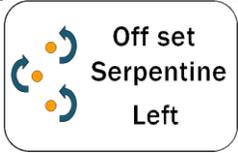
The "Primary" parts of the exercises are bold and underlined. These portions must be performed correctly, or the exercise shall be scored Incorrectly Performed (IP). The column 'S' denotes Stationary exercises.

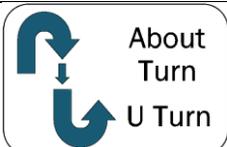
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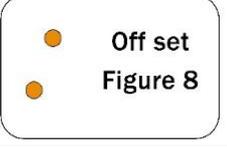
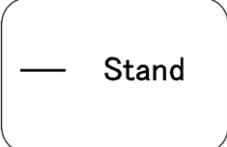
| # | SIGN | LEVEL | S | NAME & DESCRIPTION |
|---|---|------------|---|---|
| |  | N, A, E, M | | Finish: Designates the end of the course. Both handler and dog must pass the Finish sign for time to stop. When the sign directly faces the gate, it must be placed at least six feet away. |
| 1 |  | N, A, E, M | | Start, Heeling and Conduct: Designates the beginning of the course. Team lines up with dog sitting in heel position just before or at the left of sign. All imperfections in heeling on the course between stations shall be scored here. All Handler Errors and misbehavior not associated with specific exercises while in the ring shall also be scored here. (See Chapter 2 Sections 19, 21, 23, 25, and 27.) No ½-point deductions. |
| 2 |  | N, A, E, M | S | Halt, Fast: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. At sign, <u>Team heels forward at a noticeably faster than normal pace</u> in heel position until the next sign which must be a Normal Pace sign. |
| 3 |  | N, A, E, M | | Fast Pace: At sign, <u>team's speed increases at a noticeably faster than normal pace</u> in heel position until next sign, which must be a Normal Pace sign. |
| 4 |  | N, A, E, M | | Slow Pace: At sign, <u>team's speed decreases at a noticeably slower than normal pace</u> in heel position until next sign, which must be a Normal Pace or Finish sign. |
| 5 |  | N, A, E, M | | Normal Pace: At sign, <u>team's speed returns to normal pace</u> in heel position. |
| 6 |  | N, A, E, M | S | Halt, 1- 2- 3: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. While maintaining heel position, <u>Team heels one handler step, handler stops, dog sits. Team heels two handler steps, handler stops, dog sits. Team heels three handler steps, handler stops, dog sits.</u> Team heels forward. |
| 7 |  | N, A, E, M | S | Call Dog Front 1 - 2 - 3 Backwards: <u>Team stops heeling forward</u> , as handler steps backwards and <u>calls dog to front position, dog sits facing handler. Handler takes one step back with dog, dog sits facing handler. Handler takes two steps back with dog, dog sits facing handler. Handler takes three steps back with dog, dog sits facing handler. Handler has dog return to heel position by the method of choice without sitting.</u> Team heels forward. |

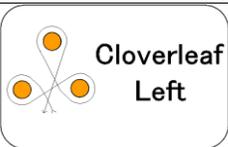
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| 8 |  360° Circle Right | N, A, E, M | | 360 Circle Right: Team turns in a small <u>360-degree (full) circle to the right</u> while in heel position. |
| 9 |  360° Circle Left | N, A, E, M | | 360 Circle Left: Team turns in a small <u>360-degree (full) circle to the left</u> while in heel position. |
| 10 |  Right Turn | N, A, E, M | | Right turn (limit one in E, M): Team makes a <u>90-degree turn to the right</u> in heel position. |
| 11 |  270° Left | N, A, E, M | | 270 Left: Team makes a small <u>270-degree circle turn to the left</u> in heel position. |
| 12 |  90° Pivot Right | N, A, E, M | S | 90 Pivot Right: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team makes a <u>90-degree pivot (turn in place) to the right, dog moves with handler</u> in heel position. <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 13 |  Left Turn | N, A, E, M | | Left Turn (limit one in E, M): Team makes a <u>90-degree turn to the left</u> in heel position. |
| 14 |  270° Right | N, A, E, M | | 270 Right: Team makes a small <u>270-degree circle turn to the right</u> in heel position. |
| 15 |  90° Pivot Left | N, A, E, M | S | 90 Pivot Left: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team makes a <u>90-degree pivot (turn in place) to the left, dog moves with handler</u> in heel position. <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 16 |  About Turn | N, A, E, M | | About Turn: Team makes an <u>about turn to the right</u> in heel position, moving the opposite direction they were traveling. |
| 17 |  U Turn | N, A, E, M | | U Turn: Team makes an <u>about turn to the left</u> in heel position, moving the opposite direction they were traveling. |

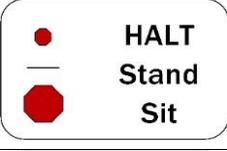
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|----|---|------------|---|
| 18 |  <p>Left About Turn</p> | N, A, E, M | <p>Left About Turn: <u>Handler makes an about turn to the left. While handler turns left, the dog moves right and behind handler,</u> resuming heel position while moving forward.</p> |
| 19 |  <p>Spiral Right</p> | N, A, E, M | <p>Spiral Right: Three cones are placed six to eight feet apart in a straight line. <u>Team enters with first cone (base) on their right. They circle all three cones using the first cone as their base. They then circle two cones, returning to the base, then circle the base cone, and exit with base cone on their right.</u></p> |
| 20 |  <p>Spiral Left</p> | N, A, E, M | <p>Spiral Left: Three cones are placed six to eight feet apart in a straight line. <u>Team enters with first cone (base) on their left. They circle all three cones using the first cone as their base. They then circle two cones, returning to the base, then circle the base cone, and exit with base cone on their left.</u></p> |
| 21 |  <p>Serpentine Cones One Way</p> | N, A, E, M | <p>Serpentine Cones, One Way: Four cones are placed 6 to 8 feet apart in a straight line. <u>Team enters with first cone to their left, and weaves while heeling through the cones and exits with last cone on their right.</u></p> |
| 22 |  <p>Serpentine Cones Down & Back</p> | N, A, E, M | <p>Serpentine Cones, Down & Back: Four cones are placed 6 to 8 feet apart in a straight-line <u>Team enters with first cone to their left, and while heeling weaves through the cones, around the last one, and back the other way and exits with last cone to their left.</u></p> |
| 23 |  <p>Sit Stay</p> | N, A, E, M | <p>Sit Stay: Immediately after passing the "Finish" sign, the team proceeds to this sign. <u>The dog is placed in sit.</u> The handler commands and/or signals the dog to stay. In Novice, the <u>handler shall walk forward to the end of the 6-foot leash, turn to face the dog, pause, and then return around the dog</u> to heel position. The dog must <u>remain in a sit</u>. When the judge says, "Exercise Finished" the handler releases the dog and exits the ring. In Advanced, Excellent and Masters, the <u>handler proceeds to the leash</u> placed along the side of the ring where the exit is located, <u>retrieves it and returns around behind the dog</u> to heel position. The dog must <u>remain in a sit</u>. After the judge says, "Exercise Finished", the handler attaches the lead to the dog's collar and exits the ring. In Advanced, the leash shall be 10 feet away, in Excellent, the leash shall be 15 feet away, and in Masters, the leash shall be 20 feet away.</p> |
| 24 |  <p>Down Stay</p> | N, A, E, M | <p>Down Stay: Immediately after passing the "Finish" sign, the team proceeds to this sign. The <u>dog is placed in down.</u> The <u>handler commands and/or signals the dog to stay.</u> In Novice, <u>the handler shall walk forward to the end of the 6-foot leash, turn to face the dog, pause, and then return around the dog</u> to heel position. The dog must <u>remain in a down</u>. When the judge says, "Exercise Finished" the handler releases the dog and exits the ring. In Advanced, Excellent and Masters, <u>the handler proceeds to the leash</u> placed along the side of</p> |

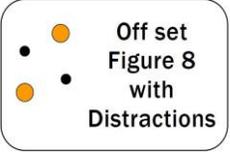
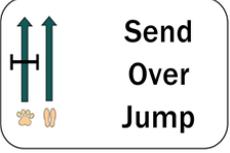
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| | | | | the ring where the exit gate is located, retrieves it and returns around behind the dog to heel position. The dog must remain in a down . After the judge says, "Exercise Finished", the handler attaches the lead to the dog's collar and exits the ring. In Advanced, the leash shall be 10 feet away, in Excellent, the leash shall be 15 feet away, and in Masters, the leash shall be 20 feet away. |
| 25 |  Off set Serpentine Right | N, A, E, M | | Offset Serpentine Right: Three cones are set 6 - 8 feet apart for Novice and Advanced; 4-6 feet apart for Excellent and masters. The middle cone is moved 3 - 4 feet to the right. The team enters with the first cone on their right, and weaves through with the second offset cone to their left and the final cone to their right. Entrance and exit for this sign are straight on and do not create a turn for the entrance or exit. |
| 26 |  Off set Serpentine Left | N, A, E, M | | Offset Serpentine Left: Three cones are set 6 - 8 feet apart for Novice and Advanced; 4 - 6 feet apart for Excellent and masters. The middle cone is moved 3 - 4 feet to the left. The team enters with the first cone on their left, and weaves through with the second offset cone to their right and the final cone to their left. Entrance and exit for this sign are straight on and do not create a turn for the entrance or exit. |
| 27 |  45° Diagonal Right | N, A, E, M | | 45° Diagonal Right: Team makes a 45-degree turn to the right in heel position. |
| 28 |  45° Diagonal Left | N, A, E, M | | 45° Diagonal Left: Team makes a 45-degree turn to the left in heel position. |
| 29 |  225° Loop Right | N, A, E, M | | 225° Loop Right: Team makes a 225-degree turn to the right in heel position. |
| 30 |  225° Loop Left | N, A, E, M | | 225° Loop Left: Team makes a 225-degree turn to the left in heel position. |
| 100 |  HALT Down | N | S | Halt, Down: Handler stops, dog sits in heel position. At handler's command and/or signals Dog downs from sit. Handler pauses. Team heels forward from down. |
| 101 |  HALT Stand | N | S | Halt, Stand: Handler stops, dog sits in heel position. At handler's command and/or signals, dog stands in heel position. Handler pauses. Team heels forward from stand. Handler may gently assist dog to stand. |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|------|---|--|
| 102 |  | N | S | Halt, Front Dog, Finish Right, Halt: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. <u>Handler steps around to front of dog. Dog finishes right, around handler</u> back to heel position, <u>dog sits</u> . Team heels forward moving in the opposite direction they were traveling. |
| 103 |  | N | S | Halt, Front Dog, Finish Left, Halt: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. <u>Handler steps around to front of dog. Dog finishes back left to handler</u> to heel position, <u>dog sits</u> . Team heels forward moving in the opposite direction they were traveling. |
| 104 |  | N | S | Call Dog Front, Return Right: <u>Team stops heeling forward</u> as handler steps backwards and <u>calls dog to front position, dog sits facing handler. Handler returns around dog, stops in heel position, pauses</u> . Team heels forward moving in the opposite direction they were traveling. |
| 105 |  | N | S | Call Dog Front, Return Left: <u>Team stops heeling forward</u> as handler steps backward and <u>calls dog to front position, dog sits facing handler. Handler returns back to left, stops in heel position, pauses</u> . Team heels forward moving in the opposite direction they were traveling. |
| 106 |  | N | | About Turn, U Turn: Team makes an <u>about turn to the right</u> in heel position, moving the opposite direction they were traveling. Upon completion of the about turn, <u>without hesitation</u> the team makes an <u>about turn to the left</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. Up to two steps can be taken between turns for balance. |
| 107 |  | N | | U Turn, About Turn: Team makes an <u>about turn to the left</u> in heel position, moving the opposite direction they were traveling. Upon completion of the about turn, <u>without hesitation</u> the team makes an <u>about turn to the right</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. Up to two steps can be taken between turns for balance. |
| 120 |  | N, A | S | Halt: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 121 |  | N, A | S | Down: <u>While heeling, dog downs</u> in heel position at handler's command and/or signals, <u>handler pauses</u> in heel position while dog remains down. Team heels forward. |
| 122 |  | N, A | | Moving Side Step Right: Without hesitation and still heeling forward, team takes <u>one handler right diagonal step</u> in heel position towards sign. |
| 123 |  | N, A | S | Halt, Walk Around Dog: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. <u>Handler walks around dog and pauses</u> in heel position while <u>dog remains sitting</u> . Team heels forward. |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|---------|---|---|
| 124 |  | N, A | S | Halt, Down, Walk Around Dog: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. <u>Dog downs on command and/or signal. Handler walks around dog and pauses</u> in heel position while <u>dog remains down</u> . Team heels forward. |
| 125 |  | N, A | | Offset Figure 8: Two cones are set 8 to 10 feet apart. <u>Team enters center of cones, heeling a single complete figure eight, and exits. Team shall pass the center of cones three times.</u> |
| 200 |  | A, E | S | Halt, Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Return: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> . At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog stands</u> in place in heel position. <u>Handler walks at least three steps, turns, faces dog and pauses. Handler returns around dog and pauses</u> in heel position while dog remains standing. Team heels forward. |
| 201 |  | A, E | S | Halt, Stand, Walk Around Dog: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. <u>Dog stands on command and/or signal. Handler walks around dog and pauses</u> in heel position while <u>dog remains standing</u> . Team heels forward. |
| 202 |  | A, E | S | Halt, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call Front, Finish, Halt: <u>Team halts and dog sits</u> . At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog stays</u> in place <u>while handler continues at least three steps forward. Handler turns and faces dog</u> , at handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog comes directly to front position and sits. Dog finishes and sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 203 |  | A, E | S | Stand: <u>While heeling, dog stops and stands</u> in heel position. <u>Handler pauses</u> in heel position while <u>dog remains standing</u> . Team heels forward. |
| 220 |  | A, E, M | S | Halt, Down, Sit: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> , in heel position. At handler's command and/or signals, <u>Dog downs from sit, then sits from down</u> , all in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 221 |  | A, E, M | S | Halt, About Turn: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team makes an <u>about turn to the right</u> and moves forward in heel position. |
| 222 |  | A, E, M | S | Halt, U Turn: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team makes an <u>about turn to the left</u> and moves forward in heel position. |
| 223 |  | A, E, M | S | Call Dog Front, Finish Right, Forward: <u>Team stops heeling forward</u> , as handler steps backwards and <u>calls dog to front position, dog sits facing handler. Dog finishes right while handler moves forward, dog catches up</u> to heel position. There is <u>no sit after the finish</u> . |

| | | | | |
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| 224 |  Call Dog Front Finish Left Forward | A, E, M | S | Call Dog Front, Finish Left, Forward: <u>Team stops heeling forward</u> , as handler steps backwards and calls dog to front position, dog sits facing handler. Dog finishes left while handler moves forward, dog catches up to heel position. There is no sit after the finish . |
| 225 |  Call Dog Front Finish Right, HALT | A, E, M | S | Call dog Front, Finish Right, Halt: <u>Team stops heeling forward</u> , as handler steps backwards and calls dog to front position, dog sits facing handler. Dog finishes right to heel position while handler remains stationary, dog sits . Team heels forward. |
| 226 |  Call Dog Front Finish Left, HALT | A, E, M | S | Call Dog Front, Finish Left, Halt: <u>Team stops heeling forward</u> , as handler steps backwards and calls dog to front position dog sits facing handler. Dog finishes left to heel position while handler remains stationary, dog sits . Team heels forward. |
| 227 |  About Turn Side Step Right | A, E, M | | About Turn, Side Step Right: Team makes an about turn to the right in heel position, moving the opposite direction they were traveling. Handler may take 1 or two steps, then without hesitation and still heeling forward, team takes one handler right diagonal step in heel position. |
| 228 |  About Turn Fast | A, E, M | | About Turn, Fast: Team makes an about turn to the right in heel position, moving the opposite direction they were traveling. Immediately after completing the turn, team's speed increases at a noticeably faster than normal pace in heel position until the next sign, which must be a Normal Pace sign. |
| 229 |  U Turn Fast | A, E, M | | U Turn, Fast: Team makes an about turn to the left in heel position, moving the opposite direction they were traveling. Immediately after completing the turn, team's speed increases at a noticeably faster than normal pace in heel position until the next sign, which must be a Normal Pace sign. |
| 230 |  Cloverleaf Right | A, E, M | | Cloverleaf Right: Three cones are placed in a triangle pattern with cones about 6 feet apart. Team enters in the center of the base cones and starting with the base cone to their right heels a single complete figure eight around the base cones in heel position. Upon completing the loops around the base cones, team makes a loop around the third cone at the top of the triangle in heel position. Team exits between the base cones in heel position moving in the opposite direction they were traveling. This is a 180° change of direction exercise. |
| 231 |  Cloverleaf Left | A, E, M | | Cloverleaf Left: Three cones are placed in a triangle pattern with cones about 6 feet apart. Team enters in the center of the base cones and starting with the base cone to their left heels a single complete figure eight around the base cones in heel position. Upon completing the loops around the base cones, team makes a loop around the third cone at the top of the triangle in heel position. Team exits between the base cones in heel position moving in the opposite |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|------|---|--|
| | | | | direction they were traveling. This is a 180° change of direction exercise. |
| 300 |  | E, M | S | Halt, Slow: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. At sign, Team heels at a noticeably slower than normal pace in heel position until the next sign which must be a Normal Pace or the Finish sign. |
| 301 |  | E, M | S | Halt, Stand, Sit: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. At handler's command and/or signals, dog stands from sit, then sits from stand , all, in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 302 |  | E, M | S | Halt, Stand, Down: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. At handler's command and/or signals, dog stands from sit, then downs from stand , all, in heel position. <u>Handler pauses</u> . Team heels forward. |
| 303 |  | E, M | S | Halt, Side Step Right, Halt: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team takes one handler step to the right towards sign, <u>handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 304 |  | E, M | | Double Left About: Handler makes an <u>about turn to the left. While handler turns left, dog moves right and behind handler. Team repeats this one more time</u> , resuming heel position while moving forward. This is in essence a 360 left for handler and 360 right for dog. Up to two steps can be taken between turns for balance. |
| 305 |  | E, M | S | Halt, Turn Right 1 Step, Call to Heel, Halt: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Dog stays while handler turns right and takes one handler step and stops. Handler then calls dog to a sit in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 306 |  | E, M | S | About Turn, Halt: <u>Team makes an about turn to the right</u> in heel position. <u>At end of turn, handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 307 |  | E, M | S | U Turn, Halt: <u>Team makes an about turn to the left</u> in heel position. <u>At end of turn, handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 308 |  | E, M | S | Halt, 180 Pivot Right, Halt: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team makes a 180-degree pivot (turn in place) to the right. Dog moves with handler in heel position. <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 309 |  | E, M | S | Halt, 180 Pivot Left, Halt: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team makes a 180-degree pivot (turn in place) to the left. Dog moves with handler in heel position. <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|------|---|--|
| 310 |  | E, M | S | Halt, Call Front, Finish Right, Halt: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. <u>While stationary, handler calls dog to front position, dog sits facing handler. Dog finishes right</u> to heel position while handler remains stationary, <u>dog sits</u> . Team heels forward. |
| 311 |  | E, M | S | Halt, Call Front, Finish Left, Halt: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. <u>While stationary, handler calls dog to front position, dog sits facing handler. Dog finishes left</u> to heel position while handler remains stationary, <u>dog sits</u> . Team heels forward. |
| 312 |  | E, M | S | Moving Stand, Walk Around Dog: At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog stands and stays</u> in place <u>while handler continues moving and walks around dog. Handler pauses</u> in heel position while <u>dog remains standing</u> . Team heels forward. |
| 313 |  | E, M | S | Moving down, Walk Around Dog: At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog downs and stays</u> in place <u>while handler continues moving and walks around downed dog. Handler pauses</u> in heel position while <u>dog remains down</u> . Team heels forward. |
| 314 |  | E, M | | Offset Figure 8 with Distractions: Two cones are set eight 8 to 10 feet apart. Two distractions, either toys (6-12" in size) or bowls (1-2 qt. size) with food (securely covered), shall be placed six 6 to 8 feet apart, at right angles to cones. <u>Team enters center of cones, heeling a single complete figure eight, and exits. Team shall pass the center of cones three times.</u> Cones and distractions may not be used by any other exercise. Other sections of the course path may not pass through the cones and distractions. |
| 315 |  | E, M | | Back 3 Steps: <u>Without hesitation, team takes at least three handler steps back,</u> dog maintains heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 316 |  | E, M | | Send Over Jump: While heeling, Team approaches jump, and without hesitation, <u>dog jumps over jump</u> and returns to heel position before next sign, without crossing handler's path. |
| 317 |  | E, M | | About Turn, Slow: Team makes an <u>about turn to the right</u> in heel position, moving the opposite direction they were traveling. Immediately after completing the turn, <u>team's speed decreases at a noticeably slower than normal pace</u> in heel position until the next sign, which must be a Normal Pace or Finish sign. |
| 318 |  | E, M | | U Turn, Slow: Team makes an <u>about turn to the left</u> in heel position, moving the opposite direction they were traveling. Immediately after completing the turn, <u>team's speed decreases at a noticeably slower than normal pace</u> in heel position until the next sign, which must be a Normal Pace or Finish sign. |

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| 319 |  | E, M | | Spiral Right, with Distraction: Two cones and a distraction in the middle are placed six to eight feet apart in a straight line. <u>Team enters with first cone (base) on their right. They circle all three objects using the first cone as their base. They then circle two objects, returning to the base, then circle the base cone, and exit with base cone on their right.</u> |
| 320 |  | E, M | | Spiral Left, with Distraction: Two cones and a distraction in the middle are placed six to eight feet apart in a straight line. <u>Team enters with first cone (base) on their left. They circle all three objects using the first cone as their base. They then circle two objects, returning to the base, then circle the base cone, and exit with base cone on their left.</u> |
| 321 |  | E, M | | Moving Down, Walk 3 Steps, Call to Heel: At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog downs and stays</u> in place while <u>handler continues at least three steps forward. Without hesitation, handler commands and/or signals the dog to resume heel position.</u> |
| 322 |  | E, M | | Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Call to Heel: At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog stands and stays</u> in place <u>while handler continues at least three steps forward. Without hesitation, handler commands and/or signals the dog to resume heel position.</u> |
| 325 |  | E, M | S | Call Front, 1 Step Right, Finish, Forward: <u>Team stops heeling forward</u> , as handler steps backwards and <u>calls dog to front position, dog sits facing handler. Team takes 1 step to handler's right, dog sits facing handler. Dog finishes while handler moves forward, dog catches up</u> to heel position. There is <u>no sit after the finish.</u> |
| 326 |  | E, M | S | Call Front, 1 Step Left, Finish, Forward: <u>Team stops heeling forward</u> , as handler steps backwards and <u>calls dog to front position, dog sits facing handler. Team takes 1 step to handler's left, dog sits facing handler. Dog finishes while handler moves forward, dog catches up</u> to heel position. There is <u>no sit after the finish.</u> |
| 327 |  | E, M | S | Halt, Down, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call Front, Finish, Halt: <u>Team halts and dog sits.</u> At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog downs</u> in place <u>while handler continues at least three steps forward. Handler turns and faces dog.</u> At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog comes directly to front position and sits. Dog finishes and sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. |
| 400 |  | M | S | Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Down, Return: At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog stands</u> in place <u>while handler continues at least three steps forward. Handler turns, faces dog, and pauses.</u> At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog downs</u> in place. <u>Handler returns around dog</u> and <u>pauses</u> in heel position. Team heels forward. |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| 401 |  <p>Moving Stand Walk 3 Steps Face Dog Signals Return</p> | M | S | <p>Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Signals, Return: At handler's command and/or signal <u>dog stands</u> in place <u>while handler continues at least three steps forward. Handler turns, faces dog, and pauses. At handler's signals, dog downs, then sits</u>, both in place. <u>Handler returns around dog</u> and <u>pauses</u> in heel position. Team heels forward.</p> |
| 402 |  <p>Side Step Forward Step HALT</p> | M | S | <p>Side Step, Forward Step, Halt: <u>Without hesitation</u>, and towards sign, <u>Team takes one handler step to the right, then, one handler step forward</u>, both in heel position. <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels Forward.</p> |
| 403 |  <p>HALT Pivot Left HALT X 3</p> | M | S | <p>Halt, Pivot Left, Halt X 3: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team makes a <u>90-degree pivot (turn in place) to the left. Dog moves with handler</u> in heel position. <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. <u>Team repeats this two more times</u>. Team heels forward. This exercise has four (4) Halts and puts you in the same direction as a 270-degree turn.</p> |
| 404 |  <p>270° Left Halt</p> | M | S | <p>270 Left, Halt: Team makes a small <u>270-degree circle turn to the left</u> in heel position. At end of turn <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward.</p> |
| 405 |  <p>HALT Pivot Right HALT X 3</p> | M | S | <p>Halt, Pivot Right, Halt, X 3: <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. The Team makes a <u>90-degree pivot (turn in place) to the right. Dog moves with handler</u> in heel position. <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. <u>Team repeats this two more times</u>. Team heels forward. This exercise has four (4) halts and puts you in the same direction as a 270-degree turn.</p> |
| 406 |  <p>270° Right Halt</p> | M | S | <p>270 Right, Halt: Team makes a small <u>270-degree circle turn to the right</u> in heel position. At end of turn <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward.</p> |
| 407 |  <p>Left About HALT</p> | M | S | <p>Left About, Halt: <u>Handler makes an about turn to the left. While handler turns left, dog moves right and behind handler</u>, at end of turn <u>Handler stops, dog sits</u> in heel position. Team heels forward.</p> |
| 408 |  <p>Moving Stand Walk 3 Steps Face Dog Call to Heel</p> | M | S | <p>Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call to Heel: At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog stops at a stand</u> in place <u>while handler continues at least three steps forward. Handler turns and faces dog</u>. At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog returns directly to a sit</u> in heel position. Team heels forward.</p> |
| 409 |  <p>Moving Down Walk 3 Steps Face Dog Call to Front Finish, HALT</p> | M | S | <p>Moving Down, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Call to Front, Finish, Halt: At handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog downs and stays</u> in place <u>while handler continues at least three steps forward. Handler turns and faces dog</u>, at handler's command and/or signal, <u>dog comes directly to front position and sits. Dog finishes and sits</u> in heel position prior to moving forward.</p> |

FOOTNOTES:

 = Stand

 = Down

 = Dog's Position

 = Handler's Position

 = Star Station Worth 20 Points

A FEW TIPS:

- Anytime a Handler returns to their dog, there is a Pause before moving forward.
- Dogs must complete a Sit, Down, or Stand before moving to next command.
- In all Call Front exercises, the dog must sit in front of Handler.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

| | |
|---|---|
| Approved Judge | a licensed ASCA Judge who can judge without needing prior approval on courses used for trials |
| Baiting | holding hand(s) in such a way to give the pretense of holding food to accomplish an element of an exercise |
| Briskly | keenly alive, alert, energetic |
| Cluster | more than one ASCA sanctioned event held on either one or more consecutive days |
| Command | verbal order from handler to dog |
| Crooked | a dog that is not straight in line with the direction the handler is facing |
| Crowding | a dog so close to handler as to interfere with handler's freedom of motion |
| Directly | immediately, without deviation or hesitation |
| Drop Completely | a down position that would be acceptable for a Long Down exercise |
| Element | a single piece of an exercise, such as a sit, stand, front, finish, or continuous movement specific to the exercise being performed. EXAMPLE: Halt, Call Front, Finish Left, Halt (Sign #311) – there are four elements: the initial sit, the call to the front position, the finish to the left, and the sit in heel position at the end. EXAMPLE: Back 3 Steps (sign #315) – there are two elements: the continuous movement of the team taking at least three handler steps back, and then the movement of the team heeling forward. |
| Gently | with kindness, without harshness or roughness |
| Incorrectly Performed Station (IP) | one or more parts of an exercise are not performed or are performed incorrectly |
| Lack of Control | momentary lapse of control (i.e.: dog runs to gating and comes back quickly to the handler; dog takes a jump when it is not the next exercise, but returns quickly; dog makes a running circle of the ring, but returns to heel upon command) |
| Lame | irregularity or impairment of the function of locomotion, irrespective of the cause or how slight or severe |
| Minor Deduction | deduction worth 1 – 2 points |
| Natural | not artificial; free of affectation; what is customarily expected in the home or public places |
| On the Course | Following the Judge's order "Forward" until the team passes the Finish signs |
| Pause | a complete stop; no forward motion by the handler |
| Pivot | turning in the circle occupied by the handler before they started the turn; a turn in place |
| Prompt Response | without hesitation, immediate, quick |
| Provisional Judge | a licensed ASCA Judge who must have courses pre-approved by the Rally Course Review Subcommittee at least 30 days prior to any trial for which they judge |
| Repeat of Station/Retry | a station that is repeated in its entirety, including the approach, before beginning the next station |
| Resentment | resistance, unwillingness |
| Signal | nonverbal direction from the handler to dog |
| Star Station | designated by a star card above the top of the sign; worth 20 points |
| Station Not Attempted by Handler | a station skipped/missed by the handler before attempting the next station |
| Substantial Deduction | deduction worth 3 or more points |
| Teamwork | cooperation or collaboration between the handler and dog; the dog and handler are working together in a joint effort |
| Withers | highest point of the dog's shoulder |

Sign Placement & Performance Location Charts

ASCA EXAMPLE 1 - CHANGE OF PACE SIGNS

Exercise performed at the sign.

SIGN



ASCA EXAMPLE 2 - CHANGE OF DIRECTION SIGNS

Exercise performed in front of the sign.

SIGN



ASCA EXAMPLE 3 - SIGNS NOT REQUIRING HANDLER TO MOVE AWAY FROM THEIR DOG

Exercise performed near and to the left of the sign.

SIGN



ASCA EXAMPLE 4 - SIGNS REQUIRING HANDLER TO MOVE AWAY FROM THEIR DOG

3

Handler turns and faces their dog before performing the next element(s) of the exercise and then handler returns to heel position.



SIGN

2

Handler moves 3 steps away from dog.



NOTE: The sign will be readable during all elements of the exercise.

1

Handler performs 1st element of the exercise back here.



ASCA EXAMPLE 5 - SIGNS REQUIRING HANDLER TO MOVE AWAY FROM THEIR DOG - CHANGE OF DIRECTION

3

Handler turns and faces their dog before performing the next element(s) of the exercise, ultimately turning the team 180 degrees.

SIGN



2

Handler moves 3 steps away from dog.



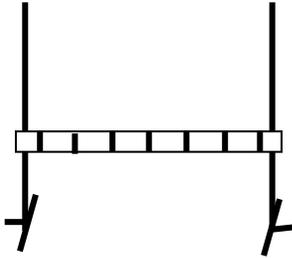
NOTE: The sign will be readable during all elements of the exercise.

1

Handler performs 1st element of the exercise back here.



ASCA EXAMPLE 6 - SIGN LOCATION FOR JUMP EXERCISES



SIGN

Sign is placed before and to the right of the jump to allow adequate space for the team to perform the exercise.

ASCA EXAMPLE 7 - SIGN LOCATION FOR CONE EXERCISES



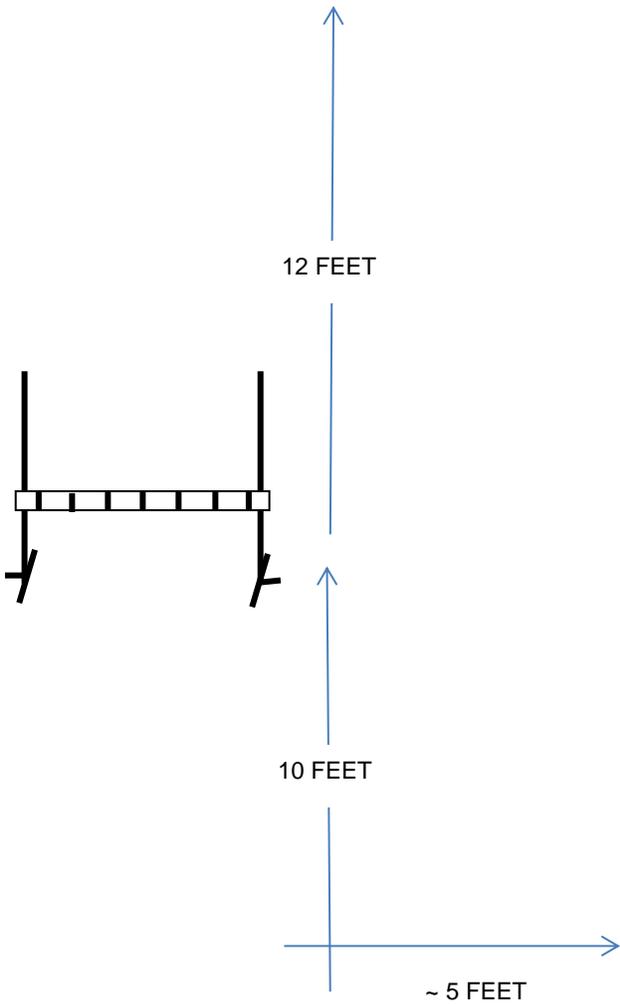
SIGN

Sign is placed before and to the right of the 1st cone to allow adequate space for the team to perform the exercise.

ASCA EXAMPLE 8 - SIGN LOCATION FOR MASTERS JUMP EXERCISES 414 & 415 - OFFSET RECALL RIGHT OVER JUMP

Sign is placed about 12 feet beyond the jump and on the same path the handler will be on when he/she walks straight forward from sign 414. This is a 180 degree change of direction.

SIGN 415



Sign is placed about 5 feet to the right of and at least 10 feet before the jump when used with sign 415. This sign is always followed by sign 415 or 416.

SIGN 414

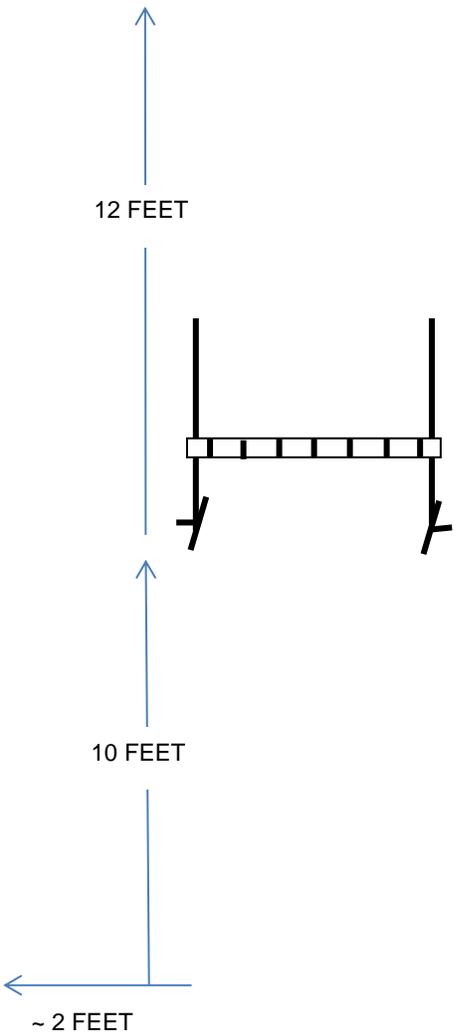
ASCA EXAMPLE 9 - SIGN LOCATION FOR MASTERS JUMP EXERCISES 414 & 416 - OFFSET RECALL LEFT OVER JUMP

Sign is placed about 12 feet beyond the jump and on the same path the handler will be on when he/she walks straight forward from sign 414. This is a 180 degree change of direction

**SIGN
416**

Sign is placed about 2 feet to the left of and at least 10 feet before the jump when used with sign 416. This sign is always followed by sign 415 or 416.

**SIGN
414**



Request to Change ASCA Judge Classification

| | | | |
|------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Judge's Name: | | Judge's Number: | |
| Email Address: | | | |
| Mailing Address: | | | |
| City: | | State: | |
| | | Zip: | |
| | | Country: | |

Indicate the Classification(s) you are requesting:

- Regular Judge
 National Judge
 Senior Judge

Regular Judge Requirements:

- In good standing with ASCA
 Currently an ASCA Provisional Judge
 Submitted three (3) sets of courses, never before submitted for review, which did not require any mandatory corrections for trials the judge was hired. List trial dates and affiliates for which these sets were submitted.

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |

National Judge Requirements:

- In good standing with ASCA
 Currently an ASCA Regular Judge (can submit for Regular and National at the same time if requirements are met)
 Completed an ASCA Masters title on a dog;

List Registered name and ASCA Registration Number for one dog you completed a Rally Masters Title:

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | |
|----|--|

Senior Judge Requirements:

- In good standing with ASCA
 Currently an ASCA Regular Judge meeting the requirements to be an ASCA National Judge or currently an ASCA National Judge (If currently a Regular Judge and wanting to be a Senior Judge, must compete sections for National Judge Requirements and Senior Judge Requirements; can request Regular, National and Senior on same form if requirements are met)
 List five completed Rally judging assignments (Affiliate, Location, Date):

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |
| 4. | |
| 5. | |

Signature

Date

Course Review Checklist

Items that do not meet Minimum Standards (illegal) are in ***Bold & Italic***

| | | | |
|--------------|--|--------------------|--|
| Name: | | Date: | |
| Club: | | Course Set: | |

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Reviewer Comments: | (If no comments are on the checklist, the item is considered Acceptable) |
| | |

All Course Maps

| 17.1a Map Requirements | Masters | Excellent | Advanced | Novice |
|--|----------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| <i>Only two (2) of each of the following signs may be on the course: 10, 11, 13, 14, 27, 28, 29, & 30</i> | | | | |
| Sign Description | | | | |
| <i>Signs 10 & 13 may only be used once on Excellent & Masters</i> | | | | |
| 17.2.2 Map Basics | | | | |
| Judge's name - ID or identify | | | | |
| Date of the trial - ID'd as #1, #2, etc. if more than 1 trial/day | | | | |
| Affiliate Hosting Club | | | | |
| Course Level | | | | |
| Ring Size | | | | |
| ASCA sign icons | | | | |
| Station numbers | | | | |
| <i>Star indicators, to bring total to 200 points</i> | | | | |
| Cone icons, if used - No more than 7, identified on exercise list | | | | |
| Separate entrance & exit gates | | | | |
| Leash location indicated - for courses with a Stay off leash | | | | N/A |
| Finish Sign (un-numbered) is used on map | | | | |
| Finish Sign is noted in exercise list before Stay (if used) | | | | |
| On the exercise list include star symbol, class (M, E, A, N), & indication of stationary (S) in the appropriate column | | | | |
| 17.2.3 Jump & Distraction Icons | Masters | Excellent | Advanced | Novice |
| Jump icons - type of jump identified on map & exercise list | | | N/A | N/A |
| Distraction icons - type of distraction identified - No more than 4; States food or toy on exercise list | | | N/A | N/A |
| 17.2.4 Handler Path Arrows | Masters | Excellent | Advanced | Novice |
| Handler Path Arrows - Must be used in Novice and show handler path | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| 17.3.1 Design Requirements/General | Masters | Excellent | Advanced | Novice |
| Safety & Flow - for all signs/jumps | | | | |
| All signs spaced appropriately based on requirements of the station | | | | |
| Sign icons & numbers match the exercise list | | | | |
| <i>16-19 stations plus star stations equal 200 points</i> | | | | |
| Design gives enough room for any size dog and/or handler using mobility aid | | | | |

| | | | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Too many stationary exercises in a row? (Based on # of sits involved) | | | | |
| <i>Excellent course is significantly different than Masters. All Excellent signs are moved to a new location, or replaced with other signs (except for the jump)</i> | | | N/A | N/A |
| Design is such that handlers who miss the walk-through have a reasonable chance to qualify | | | | |
| Sign selection is challenging but fair | | | | |
| Sign selection uses a variety of behaviors to demonstrate teamwork and proficiency | | | | |
| 17.3.2 Sign Placement | Masters | Excellent | Advanced | Novice |
| Sign icons are to the right of the team's path except change of direction signs. They are placed directly in front of the team | | | | |
| Signs with more than 2 elements must be placed where readable during performance of all elements | | | | |
| Start/H & C sign provides enough room for team entry & set-up | | | | |
| <i>Finish sign, if facing a ring gate, must be at least 6 feet away</i> | | | | |
| <i>All Fast signs must be followed by a Normal sign</i> | | | | |
| <i>All Slow signs may be followed by either a Normal or a Finish sign</i> | | | | |
| 17.4.3 Turns | Masters | Excellent | Advanced | Novice |
| Not too many consecutive turns | | | | |
| Entrance & exit to Serpentine is straight on | | | | |
| Entrance to Spiral is straight on, exit is straight out as shown on sign | | | | |
| 17.4.4 Cones | Masters | Excellent | Advanced | Novice |
| Serpentine, Figure-8 & spiral - 6-8 feet between cones | | | | |
| Serpentine with Distractions - 8-10 feet between cones/distractions | | | N/A | N/A |
| Offset Figure-8 - 8-10 feet between cones; 6-8 feet between distractions | | | | |
| 17.4.5 Spacing | Masters | Excellent | Advanced | Novice |
| All Exercises have adequate spacing for performance | | | | |
| Large drifts are avoided | | | | |

Specifics for Each Level

| | Masters | Excellent | Advanced | Novice |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 17.3.1 # of signs - 16-19 | # _____ | # _____ | # _____ | # _____ |
| 17.3.3 Stationary exercises - NOTE minimum & maximum exercises (Not including Sit or Down Stay) | 3-9 # _____ | 3-8 # _____ | 3-7 # _____ | 3-6 # _____ |
| | Sits # _____ | Sits # _____ | Sits # _____ | Sits # _____ |
| | Downs # _____ | Downs # _____ | Downs # _____ | Downs # _____ |
| | Stands # _____ | Stands # _____ | Stands # _____ | Stands # _____ |
| 17.3.4 Stay exercise (Not counted as a Stationary exercise) | 20 feet - Required | 15 feet - Optional | 10 feet - Optional | 6 Feet - Required |
| Stay Exercise is numbered on the chart & map | | | | |
| 17.3.5 Cones used with distraction exercise not used with other cone exercise | | | N/A | N/A |
| <i>Other sections of the course may not pass through distractions</i> | | | N/A | N/A |

| | | | | |
|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Distractions may not accidentally or intentionally become part of another exercise | | | N/A | N/A |
| 17.3.6 Minimum Specific Exercises - NOTE minimum & sign numbers necessary | 400-416 use 4+ # _____ 300-327 use 3+ # _____ | 300-327 use 4+ # _____ 200-231 use 3+ # _____ | 200-231 use 4+ # _____ | 100-107 use 3+ # _____ |
| 17.4.1, 5.5.2, 6.5.2 Excellent & Masters course must have at least one jump, which must be starred, and must be different in Masters & Excellent | | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 17.4.1 If only one Jump is used in Masters it is different than the Excellent Jump | | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| If two jumps are used in Masters, there must be at least two exercises between them | | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Adequate Space for Jumps - 10 feet bar or high; 12 feet broad | | | N/A | N/A |
| Jump exercise in Excellent must be starred. At least one Jump exercise in Masters must be starred | | | N/A | N/A |
| Sign 316 is not counted as 1 of the specific level exercises | | | N/A | N/A |
| 17.4.3 Entries into and exit from all cone exercises must be as indicated by the arrows on the specific sign | | | | |
| 17.4.3 Angle turns into a diagonal path across the course must be followed by another angle turn, or the Finish sign, they cannot lead the team into a station that must be approached in a straight line | | | | |
| 17.4.5 Angle turns must be placed so the complete angle can be finished | | | N/A | N/A |
| Leave dog exercises are spaced to allow the handler to leave the dog, but still able to read sign | | | N/A | N/A |
| Space allowed for Directed Jump, if used (10 & 12 feet) | | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Signs for Directed Jump placed appropriately on the map | | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Offset serpentine spaced with wider path to allow proper setup of cones, spaced per sign description | | | | |

Renumbering of ASCA Rally Signs Chart

| New # | Old # | Basic Description | Novice | Advanced | Excellent | Masters | Stationary |
|---|-------|---|--------|----------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Sign #1 must be used on all courses. Signs 2 - 24 are allowed on courses at all levels. | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | Heeling & Conduct | N | A | E | M | |
| 2 | 4 | Halt, Fast | N | A | E | M | S |
| 3 | 17 | Fast | N | A | E | M | |
| 4 | 18 | Slow | N | A | E | M | |
| 5 | 19 | Normal | N | A | E | M | |
| 6 | 6 | Halt 1-2-3 | N | A | E | M | S |
| 7 | 58 | Call Dog Front 1-2-3 Backwards | N | A | E | M | S |
| 8 | 21 | 360 Right | N | A | E | M | |
| 9 | 22 | 360 Left | N | A | E | M | |
| 10 | 25 | Right Turn | N | A | E | M | |
| 11 | 26 | 270 Left | N | A | E | M | |
| 12 | 27 | 90 Pivot Right | N | A | E | M | S |
| 13 | 32 | Left Turn | N | A | E | M | |
| 14 | 33 | 270 Right | N | A | E | M | |
| 15 | 34 | 90 Pivot Left | N | A | E | M | S |
| 16 | 37 | About Turn | N | A | E | M | |
| 17 | 38 | U Turn | N | A | E | M | |
| 18 | 39 | Left About Turn | N | A | E | M | |
| 19 | 70 | Spiral Right | N | A | E | M | |
| 20 | 71 | Spiral Left | N | A | E | M | |
| 21 | 72 | Serpentine Cones, One Way | N | A | E | M | |
| 22 | 73 | Serpentine Cones, Down & Back | N | A | E | M | |
| 23 | 84 | Sit Stay | N | A | E | M | |
| 24 | 85 | Down Stay | N | A | E | M | |
| Signs 100 - 105 are Novice Only signs and cannot be used at any other level. | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 3 | Halt, Down | N | | | | S |
| 101 | 7 | Halt, Stand | N | | | | S |
| 102 | 50 | Halt, Front Dog, Finish Right, Halt | N | | | | S |
| 103 | 51 | Halt, Front Dog, Finish Left, Halt | N | | | | S |
| 104 | 52 | Call Dog Front, Return Right | N | | | | S |
| 105 | 53 | Call Dog Front, Return Left | N | | | | S |
| Signs 120 - 125 can be used on Novice and Advanced courses and cannot be used at other levels. | | | | | | | |
| 120 | 2 | Halt | N | A | | | S |
| 121 | 15 | Down | N | A | | | S |
| 122 | 20 | Moving Side Step | N | A | | | |
| 123 | 63 | Halt, Walk Around Dog | N | A | | | S |
| 124 | 64 | Halt, Down Walk Around Dog | N | A | | | S |
| 125 | 74 | Offset Figure 8 | N | A | | | |
| Signs 200 - 201 can be used on Advanced and Excellent courses and cannot be used at other levels. | | | | | | | |
| 200 | 12 | Halt, Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Face Dog, Return | | A | E | | S |
| 201 | 65 | Halt, Stand, Walk Around Dog | | A | E | | S |
| Signs 220 - 226 can be used on Advanced, Excellent and Masters courses and cannot be used in Novice. | | | | | | | |
| 220 | 8 | Halt, Down, Sit | | A | E | M | S |
| 221 | 40 | Halt, About Turn | | A | E | M | S |
| 222 | 41 | Halt, U Turn | | A | E | M | S |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|----|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| 223 | 54 | Call Dog Front, Finish Right, Forward | | A | E | M | S |
| 224 | 55 | Call Dog Front, Finish Left, Forward | | A | E | M | S |
| 225 | 56 | Call Dog Front, Finish Right, Halt | | A | E | M | S |
| 226 | 57 | Call Dog Front, Finish Left, Halt | | A | E | M | S |
| Signs 300 - 316 can be used on Excellent and Masters courses and cannot be used at other levels. | | | | | | | |
| 300 | 5 | Halt, Slow | | | E | M | S |
| 301 | 9 | Halt, Stand, Sit | | | E | M | S |
| 302 | 10 | Halt, Stand, Down | | | E | M | S |
| 303 | 11 | Halt, Side Step Right, Halt | | | E | M | S |
| 304 | 24 | Double Left About | | | E | M | |
| 305 | 28 | Halt, Turn Right One Step, Call to Heel, Halt | | | E | M | S |
| 306 | 42 | About Turn, Halt | | | E | M | S |
| 307 | 43 | U Turn, Halt | | | E | M | S |
| 308 | 44 | Halt, 180 Pivot Right | | | E | M | S |
| 309 | 45 | Halt, 180 Pivot Left | | | E | M | S |
| 310 | 59 | Halt, Call Front, Finish Right, Halt | | | E | M | S |
| 311 | 60 | Halt, Call Front, Finish Left, Halt | | | E | M | S |
| 312 | 66 | Moving Stand, Walk Around Dog | | | E | M | S |
| 313 | 67 | Moving Down, Walk Around Dog | | | E | M | S |
| 314 | 75 | Offset Figure 8 with Distractions | | | E | M | |
| 315 | 78 | Back 3 steps | | | E | M | |
| 316 | 81 | Send Over Jump | | | E | M | |
| Signs 400 - 412 are Masters Only signs and cannot be used at other levels. | | | | | | | |
| 400 | 13 | Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Down, Return | | | | M | S |
| 401 | 14 | Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Signals, Return | | | | M | S |
| 402 | 23 | Side Step, Forward Step, Halt | | | | M | S |
| 403 | 29 | Halt, Pivot Left, Halt x 3 | | | | M | S |
| 404 | 30 | 270 Left Halt | | | | M | S |
| 405 | 35 | Halt, Pivot Right, Halt x 3 | | | | M | S |
| 406 | 36 | 270 Right, Halt | | | | M | S |
| 407 | 48 | Left About, Halt | | | | M | S |
| 408 | 46 | Moving Stand, Walk 3 Steps, Call to Heel | | | | M | S |
| 409 | 47 | Moving Down, Walk 3 Steps, Face, Call to Front, Finish, Halt | | | | M | S |
| 410 | 76 | Serpentine One Way w/ Distractions | | | | M | |
| 411 | 77 | Serpentine Down & Back w/ Distractions | | | | M | |
| 412 | 79 | Halt, Back 1 Step, Halt | | | | M | S |

ASCA Rally Judge's Scoresheet by Deduction

(for Judge's use only; not to be distributed)

| |
|-------------|
| DOG # _____ |
|-------------|

| | |
|--|--|
| LEVEL: <input type="checkbox"/> NOV <input type="checkbox"/> ADV <input type="checkbox"/> EXC <input type="checkbox"/> MST | CLASS: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D |
| CLUB: _____ | BREED: _____ |
| DATE: _____ | JUMP HEIGHT: _____ |

| MAX DEDUCTION | DEDUCTION | STATION # | POINTS LOST |
|---------------------|---|-----------|-------------|
| 1 POINT | Tight leash / poor sit / out of position / whistling | | |
| | Dog interfering with handler / slow or resistant to respond | | |
| | Touch or tick jump, pylon, post, person, distraction, sign | | |
| | Dog fails to remain under reasonable control when praised | | |
| | Exc & M - handler patting legs or clapping | | |
| | Touching dog while on course (except sign #101) / appearance of baiting | | |
| | Masters - additional command or signal on any element | | |
| 1-5 POINT(S) | Lack of accuracy in the dog's performance | | |
| | Lack of briskness / handler error / lack of teamwork | | |
| | Hitting the jump / moving feet after stopping at any halt station | | |
| | Misbehavior (nipping, barking, running away from handler) | | |
| | Use of leash or hand to correct dog | | |
| 3 POINTS | Repeat of station (2 retries - N, 1 retry - A, E, M) | | |
| | Pylon knocked over on Fig 8, spiral, serpentine | | |
| | Lack of control / excessive barking | | |
| | Loud command / intimidating signal / picking up/disrupting distractions | | |
| | Verbal command given on sign #401 during signals / using dog name w/ only a signal | | |
| 10 POINTS | IP of 10 pt. valued station / IP of 10 pt. stay exercise on 1st attempt, no retries | | |
| | 10 pt. jump station not left at initial height/length | | |
| | 10 pt. jump station not at initial height/length when approached | | |
| | Physical guidance (placing dog) except #101 | | |
| | Straightening dog with knees or feet | | |
| | Handler error large enough to interfere with completion of 10 pt. exercise | | |
| 20 POINTS | IP of a 20-pt. valued station (star station) | | |
| | Physical guidance (placing dog) except #101 on star station | | |
| | Straightening dog with knees or feet on the star station | | |
| | 20 pt. jump station not left at initial height/length | | |
| | 20 pt. jump station not at initial height/length when approached | | |
| | Handler error large enough to interfere with completion of star exercise | | |
| | IP of 20 pt. sit/down stay on 1st attempt, no retries | | |
| NQ | Min requirements not met / food in ring / dog is lame | | |
| | Dog unmanageable / uncontrolled barking / double handling | | |
| | Dog eliminates in ring / station not attempted / consistently tight lead | | |
| | Excessive handler error / harsh corrections / harsh, loud command | | |
| | Misbehavior too serious for team to continue | | |

| | | |
|-----------|--------------------|-----|
| COMMENTS: | MAXIMUM POINTS: | 200 |
| | TOTAL POINTS LOST: | |
| | FINAL SCORE: | |
| | TIME: | |

ASCA Rally Judge's Scoresheet by Station Number

(for Judge's use only; not to be distributed)

DOG # _____

| | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| LEVEL: <input type="checkbox"/> NOV | <input type="checkbox"/> ADV | <input type="checkbox"/> EXC | <input type="checkbox"/> MST | CLASS: <input type="checkbox"/> A | <input type="checkbox"/> B | <input type="checkbox"/> C | <input type="checkbox"/> D |
| CLUB: | | | | BREED: | | | |
| DATE: | | | | JUMP HEIGHT: | | | |

| STATION # | DEDUCTION | TOTAL POINTS | DEDUCTIONS |
|------------------------|-----------|--------------|---|
| 1 | | | 1 Point: Tight leash / poor sit / out of position / whistling / touching dog / dog interfering with handler / slow or resistant to respond / appearance of baiting / touch jump, pylon, post, distraction, sign, person / dog out of control when praised / E & M handler clapping or patting leg / Masters - additional command or signal |
| 2 | | | |
| 3 | | | |
| 4 | | | |
| 5 | | | |
| 6 | | | 1-5 Points: Lack of accuracy by dog / lack of briskness / handler error / lack of teamwork / hitting the jump / moving feet after stopping / use of leash or hand to correct dog / misbehavior of dog, nip, bark, running away |
| 7 | | | |
| 8 | | | |
| 9 | | | 3 Points: Repeat of station (2-N, 1-A, E, M) / excessive barking / pylon knocked over (fig 8, spiral, serp) / loud command / lack of control / intimidating signal / picking up or disrupting distractions / verbal command or using name in signals (sign #401) |
| 10 | | | |
| 11 | | | |
| 12 | | | |
| 13 | | | 10 Points: IP of 10 pt. valued station / 10 pt. jump stn not left at initial h/l / placing dog (except #101) / straightening w/ knees/feet on 10 pt. stn / handler error enough to interfere w/ completion of 10 pt. stn / 10 pt. jump not at initial h/l when approached / Failure to complete sit/down stay not starred, no retries |
| 14 | | | |
| 15 | | | |
| 16 | | | |
| 17 | | | |
| 18 | | | 20 Points: IP of a 20-pt. station (star) / 20 pt. jump not left at initial height/length / 20 pt. jump not at initial height/length when approached / placing dog (except #101) on star stn / straightening dog w/ knees/feet on star station / handler error interfering with completion of station / failure to complete sit/down stay w/ star, no retries |
| 19 | | | |
| Total Points Deducted: | | | |
| Final Score from 200: | | | |
| Time: | | | |
| | | | NQ: Minimum requirements not met / food in ring / dog is lame / dog unmanageable / uncontrolled barking / double handling / dog eliminates in the ring / station not attempted / harsh corrections, loud commands / consistent tight lead / misbehavior too serious for team to continue / excessive handler errors |



Established 1957

AUSTRALIAN SHEPHERD CLUB OF AMERICA

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Code of Ethics for ASCA Judges

1. ASCA Judges are expected to conduct themselves in accordance with this Code of Ethics set forth by the Australian Shepherd Club of America Board of Directors. Failure to comply with this Code of Ethics subjects a judge to disciplinary action by the ASCA Board of Directors, including the possible revocation of ASCA Judging privileges.
2. ASCA Judges carry a tremendous amount of responsibility. They function as a guiding voice of the Australian Shepherd and should represent the highest ideals in terms of honesty, integrity, impartiality and knowledge of the sport and the breed.
3. The approval to judge ASCA events is a privilege and is not a right or reward. Suspensions in other registries relevant to the task of judging will be a consideration in the approval and maintenance of ASCA judging privileges.
4. All Judges and applicants must agree to abide by the ASCA Judges Code of Ethics.
5. ASCA has the sole right to refuse, suspend or revoke the ASCA judging license of any person in violation of ASCA rules, or for the failure to comply with the provisions set forth in this Code of Ethics. Failure to comply with the Code of Ethics, or any ASCA Program rules, subjects a judge to disciplinary action by the ASCA Board of Directors, including the possible revocation of ASCA Judging privileges. Judges will be notified if such action is being considered, the reason for its consideration, and given the opportunity to reply.

Responsibilities:

1. ASCA Judges should have thorough knowledge and understanding of the rules and regulations governing the program venue in which they are judging.
2. ASCA Judges should have the safety and welfare of the stock, dog and handler as the judge's foremost concern in reviewing the trial conditions and in judging a working trial.
3. It is the Judge's responsibility to keep up to date with current changes in the program rules for which they are judging and are also expected to continue their education process throughout their career.
4. Judges are to be professional in carrying out their duties and must not allow personal preferences to interfere with the stated guidelines upon which they judge the handler (exhibitors) or dogs.
5. It is essential that exhibitors have complete faith in the impartiality of their judges. A Judge's actions and decisions should leave no doubt that they were made based solely on the merits of the dogs presented to them on that day.

Conduct:

1. The Judge's conduct must always be impartial, dignified, and respectful. The Judge's actions and professional comportment must be above reproach. Judges should avoid conduct and casual remarks that might be misconstrued or misinterpreted such as expressing favoritism or specific criticism of dogs or exhibitors.
2. A Judge or their family members should never solicit or promote assignments on the judge's behalf.
3. When attending social functions organized by the event-giving club where exhibitors are present, a Judge is expected to exercise particular discretion in discussing individual exhibitors, dogs or breeders.
4. When officiating at a show, the Judge shall not:
 - a. Discuss the merits or faults of the dogs or handlers (exhibitors) with the stewards, attendants, or spectators during the assignment.
 - b. Hold, have control of, or groom any dog on the show grounds during his assignment that is not wholly owned or co-owned by the judge.
 - c. While officiating, a Judge should not ask individuals:
 - i. Who owns the dog;
 - ii. From whom the dog was purchased;
 - iii. What bloodlines the dog is out of.
5. A Judge may not judge any dog, which is owned or co-owned, by the Judge.

6. A Judge may not give advice or guidance on how to handle his/her dog to an exhibitor during an event or class the Judge is judging. This does not prevent the Judge from answering appropriate questions, giving course instructions, informing an exhibitor where to go or inform the exhibitor of proper procedures.
7. Any alterations or changes in scores or placements must be initiated by the Judge per the program rules of the venue in which they are judging.
8. Judges shall score a trial/class based solely on the dog and handler's (exhibitor's) performance as a team as described in the ASCA Program Rules and Regulations, and in no case shall judging be based (nor any consideration be given) on the identity or reputation of the handler, owner, the breeder, or the dog's lineage.
9. Judges shall remember that trials are staffed largely or entirely with unpaid volunteers, and shall treat stock handlers, tracklayers, ring stewards, timers, helpers, exhibitors and spectators with due courtesy and consideration.
10. Judges shall be professional in demeanor and arrive appropriately dressed for the judging assignment, with due consideration of anticipated weather, arena and ring conditions.

Special Rules for Conformation and Tracking Judges:

1. When officiating at a trial:
 - a. A Judge shall not judge any dog that is co-owned or bred by the Judge's immediate family.
 - b. A Judge, while judging a tracking event, shall not place himself/herself in positions on the track so as to indicate the correct direction of the track, nor place markers or articles so as to clearly indicate corners.
2. Prior to the completion of a conformation judging assignment, a Judge shall not act as a spectator at the same conformation event at which he is scheduled to judge.
3. A Judge shall not personally exhibit a dog in Conformation in the same state as his assignment four (4) days prior to his assignment as a conformation judge.
4. A Judge or their family members should never solicit or promote assignments on the judge's behalf.

Definitions:

- a. Solicitation is the repeated contact and/or the use of influence, persuasion or coercion in an effort to obtain a judging assignment.
- b. Promotion is a Judge's or their immediate family member's attempt to sell or popularize the Judge or their judging assignments through verbal or written advertising and/or publicity.



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Dog Aggression Rules

1 Disqualified Dogs

1.1 Disqualification

A Judge shall disqualify any dog that such Judge determines has attempted to attack any person in the ring/trial arena where the Judge is judging. In accordance with this rule, the Judge shall mark that dog as "Disqualified" stating the reason for the disqualification on the score sheet, Judge's book, or Judge's Report depending on the program, shall take steps to inform the owner or owner's agent as soon as reasonably possible and shall give the Show/Trial Secretary a brief report of the dog's actions using the "Explanation Form for Disqualified or Excused Dogs". The "Explanation Form for Disqualified or Excused Dogs" and entry form shall be submitted to the Business Office as part of the Show/Trial results for any dog which has been disqualified. The Business Office shall send a Notice of Disqualification to the owner of such dog.

1.2 Jurisdiction

The Affiliate or its Show/Trial Committee has exclusive jurisdiction over an attack on any person which occurs outside of the ring/trial arena as defined below. The Affiliate or Show/Trial Committee shall have jurisdiction if the Judge did not witness the occurrence in their own ring/trial arena. The decision to disqualify a dog shall be based on the incident investigation which shall cover all circumstances surrounding the incident. The Board of Directors will either validate or reverse the Affiliate's decision, basing its action on the details of the investigation and a recommendation from Counsel. The Affiliate or its Show/Trial Committee shall take reasonable steps to inform the owner and the owner's agent of the disqualification as soon as reasonably possible.

1.3 Investigation

The Affiliate or its Show/Trial Committee must perform an investigation of any incident in which a dog has bitten a person, whether it occurred in the ring/trial arena or on the show/trial grounds. The Affiliate must fill out the Affiliate Incident Report Worksheet.

1.4 Disqualifying an Excused Dog

A Judge or Affiliate, or its Show/Trial Committee, which has excused a dog pursuant to Section 2 (Excused Dogs) below, may further disqualify the dog if, in such Judge's, Affiliate's or Show/Trial Committee's opinion, the attack on another dog was so severe that disqualification is warranted.

1.5 Incident Report

The Affiliate or its Show/Trial Committee shall submit a report of any such incident to the Business Office including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. The entry form for any dog which has been disqualified.
- b. The "Explanation Form for Disqualified or Excused Dogs."
- c. Written statements from:
 1. The person bitten;
 2. The owner and/or the owner's agent of the offending dog;
 3. Any and all witnesses, including Judge/s.
- d. Supporting photos of the offending dog and the wound.
- e. Statements describing wound/s, if any, from victim and/or attending medical professionals.
- f. A summary of the investigation and the findings by the Show/Trial Committee with their recommendations.

1.6 Materials to ASCA Board of Directors

The Business Office shall submit the materials submitted by the Affiliate or its Show/Trial Committee concerning any such incident to the Executive Secretary, who shall forward these materials to the Board of Directors and ASCA's Counsel. The Business Office will provide the report and all supporting documentation to the owner of the offending dog at the owner's request.

1.7 Review by Counsel

ASCA's Counsel shall review the materials and make recommendations to the Board of Directors.

1.8 Ineligibility

Any dog which has been disqualified by a Judge or Show/Trial Committee under this Rule shall immediately be ineligible to participate in any ASCA event in any discipline unless and until such dog is reinstated by the Board of Directors.

1.9 Appeal

The owner of any dog disqualified under this Rule may appeal such disqualification to the Board of Directors in accordance with the program specific reinstatement process in effect or a process outlined by the Board of Directors. While the appeal is pending, the dog remains disqualified.

1.10 ASCA Board of Directors

The Board of Directors has authority to disqualify any dog whose conduct the Board finds is subject to this Rule or whose actions demonstrate aggressive behavior which the Board finds is likely to cause injury or damage to persons or animals, regardless of whether or not the dog was disqualified or excused from the ring/trial arena by the Judge or Show/Trial Committee.

2 Excused Dogs

2.1 Excusal

A dog which exhibits aggressive behavior towards people or aggressively threatens or attacks another dog shall be excused from the ring/trial arena by the Judge or from the Show Grounds by the Affiliate or its Show/Trial Committee. The Judge shall mark the dog "Excused" on the score sheet, in the Judge's Book or the Judge's Report depending on the program, shall take steps to inform the owner or owner's agent of the dog as soon as reasonably possible and shall give the Show/Trial Secretary a brief report of the dog's actions on the "Explanation Form for Disqualified or Excused Dogs", which shall be submitted to the Business Office with the Show/Trial Results.

2.2 Jurisdiction

The Affiliate or its Show/Trial Committee has exclusive jurisdiction over any dog that threatens or attacks another dog outside of the ring/trial arena as described below. The Affiliate or Show/Trial Committee has jurisdiction if the Judge did not witness the occurrence in their own ring/trial arena. The Affiliate or Show/Trial Committee shall make a decision to simply warn or excuse the dog from further competition at such show or trial. The decision to excuse a dog should be based on the incident investigation which shall cover all circumstances surrounding the Incident. If the Affiliate or its Show/Trial Committee decides to excuse a dog, the Board of Directors will either validate or invalidate the Affiliate's decision, basing its action on the details of the investigation and a recommendation from Counsel.

2.3 Incident Report

The Affiliate or its Show/Trial Committee shall submit a report of any such incident to the Business Office including but not limited to the following:

- a. The entry form for any dog which has been excused.
- b. "Explanation Form for Disqualified or Excused Dogs."
- c. Written statements from:
 1. The person threatened or person owning the dog that was aggressively threatened or attacked.
 2. The owner and/or the owner's agent of the offending dog.
 3. Any and all witnesses, including Judges.
- d. Supporting photos.
- e. A summary of the investigation and the findings by the Show/Trial Committee with their recommendations.

2.4 Report and Documentation to Owner

The Business Office will provide the report and all supporting documentation to the owner of the offending dog at the owner's request.

2.5 ASCA Board of Directors

If a dog has been excused for its behavior under this Rule on two separate occasions, the Business Office shall notify the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall take whatever action it deems necessary which may include disqualification.

3 Definitions under the Dog Aggression Rules

3.1 Ring/Trial Arena

The "ring/trial arena" is the bounded area in which judging of an ASCA event occurs and over which the Judge has authority pursuant to the Dog Aggression Rules. The boundary is defined by physical barriers plus a buffer zone extending ten (10) feet from such physical barriers.

3.2 Show Grounds

The "show grounds" are the boundaries of the grounds on which ASCA events are being held. They include, but are not limited to, all areas outside the ring/trial arena (including the buffer zone) set aside for grooming, holding of dogs, and parking of vehicles of the exhibitors.

3.3 Disqualified Dog

A "disqualified dog" is a dog no longer eligible to participate in any ASCA program event from the time of disqualification.

3.4 Excused Dog

An "excused dog" is a dog which has been asked to leave the ring/trial arena for aggressive behavior or instability of temperament. Such a dog is not eligible to compete further in the program from which excused at the event but may participate in other programs at that event. An "excused dog" also refers to a dog that has been excused from an event for aggressive behavior or instability of temperament outside the ring/trial arena by the Affiliate or its Show/Trial Committee.

4 Reinstatement of Dogs Disqualified under the Dog Aggression Rules

4.1 Right to Reinstatement

A dog disqualified under the Dog Aggression Rules has no right to be reinstated for competition.

4.2 Reinstatement

ASCA will consider reinstatement of a dog disqualified under the Dog Aggression Rules in accordance with the program specific reinstatement process in effect or a process outlined by the Board of Directors after the dog satisfactorily completes the reinstatement process.

4.3 Documentation for Reinstatement

To be considered for possible reinstatement, documentation showing the dog has attended obedience training, handling classes and/or behavioral therapy with letters from trainers and/or behavioral specialists stating the dog has completed training and/or behavioral therapy and is not a threat must be submitted along when applying for reinstatement.

4.4 Other Considerations for Reinstatement

Successful completion of a reinstatement program is not a guarantee that the Board will reinstate the dog. ASCA's Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, may consider other conditions before reinstatement. Such conditions may include, but are not limited to, requiring the dog's owner to carry a personal liability policy for the dog in an amount determined by the Board. The Board may also require that such policy include ASCA as an additional named insured at such owner's sole cost and expense.

4.5 Eligibility

There are various conditions that lead to disqualifying a dog for biting/menacing. Not all dogs may be eligible for reinstatement as some conduct is so egregious that reinstatement will never occur. No dog is entitled to reinstatement and following the reinstatement procedures is no guarantee the Board will reinstate. While there is no waiting period before an owner may apply to the BOD for reinstatement of a dog, if a dog is denied reinstatement, the owner must wait one year before reapplying.



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Dog Aggression Incident Report Affiliate Worksheet

The Affiliate or its Show/Trial Committee must perform an investigation of any incident in which a dog has injured a person or another dog, whether it occurred in the ring/trial arena or on the show/trial grounds.

| | | | |
|---|--|--------------------|--|
| Name of Affiliate: | | | |
| Date of Event: | | Location of Event: | |
| Where on the show grounds did the incident occur? | | | |
| | | | |

Information on Offending Dog

Excused or Disqualified

| | | | |
|-------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Registered Name: | | | |
| Call Name: | | Registration #: | <input type="checkbox"/> Male or <input type="checkbox"/> Female |
| Registered Owner: | | | |
| Email: | | Phone: | |

Information on Dog that was Attacked or Injured

(please make appropriate selection)

| | | | |
|---|--|-----------------|--|
| Registered Name: | | | |
| Call Name: | | Registration #: | <input type="checkbox"/> Male or <input type="checkbox"/> Female |
| Registered Owner: | | | |
| Email: | | Phone: | |
| Was veterinary attention received? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes or <input type="checkbox"/> No | | | |
| If YES, written statement from attending veterinarian must be provided to the ASCA Business Office as soon as possible, preferably included with the incident report. | | | |

OR

Information on Person that was Attacked or Injured

(please make appropriate selection)

| | | | |
|---|--|--------|--|
| Name: | | | |
| Email: | | Phone: | |
| Was medical attention received? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes or <input type="checkbox"/> No | | | |
| If YES, written statement from attending medical professional must be provided to the ASCA Business Office as soon as possible, preferably included with the incident report. | | | |

Incident Investigation

Members of Investigation Committee:

| | | | |
|-------|--|--------|--|
| Name: | | Email: | |

Witness Statements

(If more space is needed, please include additional pages with this report.)

Written Statement from Owner of Offending Dog:

| | | |
|--|------------|---|
| | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Member or <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Member | Signature: | X |

Written Statement from Owner of Dog that was Attacked or Injured: (please make appropriate selection)

| | | |
|--|------------|---|
| | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Member or <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Member | Signature: | X |

OR

Written Statement from Person that was Attacked or Injured: (please make appropriate selection)

| | | |
|--|------------|---|
| | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Member or <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Member | Signature: | X |

Written Statement from Witness #1:

| | | | |
|--|------------|--------|--|
| | | | |
| Name: | | | |
| Email: | | Phone: | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Member or <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Member | Signature: | X | |

Written Statement from Witness #2:

| | | | |
|--|------------|--------|--|
| | | | |
| Name: | | | |
| Email: | | Phone: | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Member or <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Member | Signature: | X | |

Written Statement from Witness #3:

| | | | |
|--|------------|--------|--|
| | | | |
| Name: | | | |
| Email: | | Phone: | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Member or <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Member | Signature: | X | |

Summary of the Investigation:

| |
|--|
| |
|--|

Recommendation from the Investigation Committee:

| |
|--|
| |
|--|

| | |
|---|--|
| Date the Owner of the Offending Dog was notified of the Affiliate's decision: | |
|---|--|

Checklist of items that MUST to be sent to the ASCA Business Office:

- The entry form for any dog which has been disqualified
- The "Explanation Form for Disqualified or Excused Dogs"
- This filled-out investigation report worksheet and any additional pages
- Supporting photos of the offending dog (for identification purposes)
- Supporting photos of the wound

The Board of Directors will either validate or reverse the Affiliate's decision, basing its action on the details of the investigation and a recommendation from Counsel.



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AUSTRALIAN SHEPHERD CLUB OF AMERICA

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Office Contact: manager@asca.org

Board Contact: asca.execsec@gmail.com

Conflict Resolution Protocol

EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER 2016 | REVISED JULY 2017

This ASCA Conflict Resolution Protocol replaces the ASCA Dispute Rules, which are no longer in effect.

The purpose of ASCA's rules is to protect and advance the interests of the Australian Shepherd as a purebred dog and to encourage sportsmanlike conduct at dog shows, working, agility, rally, tracking and obedience trials and at any other event where Australian Shepherds participate. The purpose of our rules is to ensure fair participation in our program events, civil conduct among our members and integrity in our registry. Sometimes conflicts and disputes will arise, and, in those cases, the following protocol has been established to resolve such conflicts and disputes.

Membership in ASCA is a privilege, not a right. Members may be disciplined, or membership may be suspended by the Board of Directors for cause detrimental to the interest of ASCA or to its programs, policies, objectives or the harmonious relationship of its members, as determined by the Board of Directors.

Questions not answered by this document should be referred to the ASCA Executive Secretary.

The ASCA Conflict Resolution Form is included with each sanctioning packet sent to Affiliate Clubs. Copies of the ASCA Conflict Resolution Protocol and ASCA Conflict Resolution Form must be available at all ASCA-sanctioned events.

FIRST DECIDE WHO SHOULD RECEIVE YOUR REQUEST FOR CONFLICT RESOLUTION:

Affiliate Club

It is the duty of the Affiliate to deal initially with conflicts which occur during or in connection with its events.

The Affiliate Club should receive these requests for conflict resolution:

1. Conflicts, complaints or disputes arising from violation(s) of rules at ASCA-sanctioned events sponsored by an affiliate, including violations of ASCA Bylaws, ASCA program rule books, ASCA Policy, or ASCA codes of conduct.
2. Conflicts, complaints or disputes arising from affiliate bylaws or rules.
3. Conflicts arising from the improper actions by a judge which are correctable at the time of the event (not the decision of the judge).

Board of Directors

The ASCA Board of Directors, via the ASCA Executive Secretary, should receive these requests for conflict resolution:

1. Conflicts with a Judge that cannot be mediated at the show/trial.
2. Conflicts or disputes originating with the ASCA Board regarding the ASCA Bylaws.
3. Appeals of decisions by an affiliate.

PROCESS FOR REQUESTING CONFLICT RESOLUTION AT THE AFFILIATE LEVEL:

1. The request for conflict resolution is filed on an official ASCA Conflict Resolution Form. The form must be delivered to the Affiliate President or the Affiliate Member in charge of the event. Ordinarily, requests for conflict resolution must be filed on the day the conflict occurs. If the form is not delivered to the Affiliate President immediately, it must be delivered within 48 hours of discovery of the conflict or 48 hours of the event which incited the conflict. In an extreme emergency, a request may be filed orally. Oral requests must be followed up in writing on the official Conflict Resolution Form. Conflicts filed orally are to be dealt with immediately. In the case of an oral request, the Affiliate President or the Affiliate Member in charge of the event will determine whether immediate action must be taken or whether the request for resolution can be heard later. The decision to entertain or reject requests for resolution made after an event rests with the Affiliate, but in no case should a request be entertained which is not received by the Affiliate within five (5) days of its event.

2. A hearing body with a minimum of three members is chosen. The Affiliate President will determine the hearing body. If the Affiliate President is not present when an oral request is made, the Affiliate Member in charge of the event will determine the hearing body. This is normally either the Affiliate Board of Directors or the event committee; however, other ASCA members (program judge, experienced competitor, etc.) who are on site but who were not involved in the situation may also be appointed to the hearing body, even if they are not a member of the hosting affiliate. No party to the conflict or his/her immediate family may be a member of the hearing body. The person who determines the hearing body will chair the hearing body.
3. The complaint is delivered to the hearing body.
4. In cases involving an accused party, the chair of the hearing body advises the accused parties of their rights: to know of the testimony against them, to rebut such testimony, to question all witnesses through the investigator, to present witnesses on their own behalf and to testify on their own behalf.
5. The hearing body conducts the hearing as soon as possible. Any necessary inquiry will be pursued by the hearing officials.
6. When deciding a case of a conflict involving multiple parties, ALL parties shall be notified of the request for conflict resolution and are to be given copies of the form, ALL parties will be allowed to state their case, and ALL parties should be questioned by the hearing body. The hearing body shall make a good faith effort to obtain factual information concerning the conflict, including obtaining information from persons that witnessed the incident other than the person(s) filing the request for resolution or the person(s) involved in the conflict. This provision does not assume or admit that the hearing body is bound by any state or U.S. Constitutional requirement of due process.
7. After all parties have been heard and the investigation is complete, the hearing body will deliberate and reach a decision.
8. The hearing body will announce their decision as soon as possible. Normally this would occur immediately following the hearing. Investigations should be complete within 21 days of the receipt of the request for conflict resolution.
9. If after review and investigation of the conflict or dispute, the hearing body is of the opinion that a rule violation has occurred, the hearing body may take such disciplinary action consistent with the provisions of these rules as it deems appropriate. The hearing body shall refer to the Affiliate Level Disciplinary Guidelines in determining what disciplinary actions to take, if any.
10. All parties involved in the conflict will receive the decision in writing. A copy of this decision, a copy of the request for resolution and a summary of the investigation will be sent to the ASCA Executive Secretary.
11. The decision of the hearing body shall be final and binding unless a written notice of the member's intention to appeal the decision is received by ASCA's Executive Secretary within 7 days of the date of the letter notifying said member of the disciplinary action taken against him/her.

PROCESS FOR REQUESTING CONFLICT RESOLUTION AT THE ASCA BOARD LEVEL:

1. The request for conflict resolution is filed on an official ASCA Conflict Resolution Form and sent to the ASCA Executive Secretary (asca.execsec@gmail.com). The form must be delivered or postmarked to the ASCA Executive Secretary by email or postmarked within 5 days of the discovery of the conflict or within 5 days of the event which incited the conflict. In the case of an appeal of an affiliate decision, the form must be delivered to the ASCA Executive Secretary by email or postmarked within 7 days of the receipt of the Affiliate's decision.
Email address: asca.execsec@gmail.com
Postal address: ASCA Executive Secretary, c/o ASCA Business Office, 6091 E. State Hwy. 21, Bryan, Texas 77808-9652
2. Upon receipt of the request for conflict resolution, the Executive Secretary will forward the request to all members of the ASCA Board of Directors and will assign a Director to head the investigation of the conflict. All parties named in the request for conflict resolution will be notified by the Executive Secretary and be given a copy of the official Conflict Resolution Request Form.
3. In the case of conflicts involving an accused party, the accused party may file a written answer within 14 days of his/her receipt of the Conflict Resolution Request Form. The Director assigned to investigate the conflict will attempt to contact all involved parties so that they may present their sides of the conflict orally. This provision does not assume or admit that ASCA is bound by any state or U.S. Constitutional requirement of due process.
4. The Director will conclude the investigation and will present his/her findings and recommendation in writing to the Board within 21 days of being assigned the request by the Executive Secretary. A summary of each witness's testimony, including the questions asked, should be part of the written recommendation. The Board of Directors will discuss and vote on the findings and recommendation at the next regularly scheduled Board of Directors meeting following the 21 days.
5. Temporary Measures in Emergency Cases: When necessary, the Board may impose immediate temporary measures to remain in effect pending its decision.
6. The Board, through the Executive Secretary, will deliver dated notice of the decision to both parties within 7 days of the Board vote on the motion. There is no appeal from a Board decision.

TIMELINES FOR CONFLICT RESOLUTION:

An Affiliate and the Board of Directors may summarily rule against any party who fails to comply with these timelines.

| WHAT | WHEN |
|---|---|
| Filing of Request for Conflict Resolution | A request may be filed immediately for situations requiring emergency action at the Affiliate level. All other requests must be filed within 48 hours of the incident requiring resolution, to the Affiliate (up to 5 days with extenuating circumstances) and within 5 days to the Board, whichever should receive the request. |
| Notification of Named Parties | Immediately in the case of emergency requests for conflict resolution; before the investigation of the conflict begins. |
| Investigation by Affiliate-Level Hearing Body | Completed immediately for emergency situations; Complete within 21 days of receipt of Conflict Resolution Form for all others. |
| Decision by Affiliate-Level Hearing Body | Completed as soon as possible and provided in writing to all parties involved in the conflict. |
| Appeal to ASCA Board of Directors | Within 7 days of the date of the letter notifying said member of the disciplinary action taken against him/her. |
| Investigation by Board of Directors | Completed within 21 days of being assigned. |
| Response from Accused Party | Within 14 days of their receipt of the Conflict Resolution Form. |
| Decision by Board of Directors | At first Board meeting following the 21-day investigation. |

AFFILIATE LEVEL DISCIPLINARY GUIDELINES:

Statute of Limitations: Three (3) years after disciplinary action, is taken against a member such action shall be considered fully satisfied and absolved and a further infraction of the rules after that three-year period shall be treated as a first offense.

First Offense:

- a. Letter of instruction, reminding member of ASCA's rules, OR letter of reprimand;
- b. Fine not to exceed \$100*;
- c. Both of the above.

Subsequent Offenses:

- a. Letter of Reprimand;
- b. Fine of up to, but not to exceed \$1,000*;
- c. Referral to Board of Directors for further action;
- d. Combination of a, b, and c above.

*Failure to pay a fine will result in a member not being in good standing with ASCA, which will result in loss of member privileges; see section 14 of the ASCA Policy Book.

BOARD LEVEL DISCIPLINARY GUIDELINES:

Statute of Limitations: Three (3) years after disciplinary action, is taken against a member such action shall be considered fully satisfied and absolved and a further infraction of the rules after that three-year period shall be treated as a first offense. The Board of Directors will use the Consequences Guidelines below as a guide when resolving conflicts.

ENFORCEMENT OF BOARD SANCTIONS:

All ASCA Affiliates shall honor sanctions imposed by the Board and shall refrain from taking actions which tend to minimize or lessen such sanctions. For example, if a member is suspended from participating in competitions, Affiliates shall prohibit such participation.

NOTICE OF SANCTIONS:

Final decisions imposing sanctions against any ASCA member shall be published in the official newsletter.

ACTIONS DETRIMENTAL TO THE INTEREST OF ASCA:

The protocols outlined in this document are intended to help parties resolve conflicts associated with their participation and membership in ASCA. It is the duty of the ASCA Board of Directors to be active protectionists regarding ASCA. Membership in ASCA is a privilege, not a right. A member may be disciplined, or membership may be suspended by the Board of Directors for intentional actions taken by such member which are detrimental to the interests of ASCA or its programs, policies, or objectives, as determined by the Board of Directors.

MATTERS NOT SUBJECT TO THE CONFLICT RESOLUTION PROTOCOL:

1. **Breeder-Buyer or Co-Owner Disputes:** ASCA does not resolve Breeder-Buyer disputes or disputes between co-owners of dogs. ASCA will only take action to enforce the judgments or decisions of a court of competent jurisdiction, unless otherwise provided for in the ASCA Registry Rules.
2. **Breeder's Code of Ethics:** The Breeder's Code of Ethics is a statement of conduct and principles that ASCA requires all breeders of Australian Shepherds to adhere to in order to maintain the integrity of the Australian Shepherd and ASCA's registry. Any complaint relating to a violation of ASCA's Breeder's Code of Ethics shall not be subject to this protocol.
3. **Registry Issues:** Conflicts or disputes concerning ASCA's Registry are not subject to this Conflict Resolution Protocol. Conflicts or disputes concerning the Registry shall be presented to the ASCA Executive Secretary who shall then present them to the ASCA Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall make a final determination of any such Registry issue presented to it. The ASCA Board of Directors may impose such discipline as it deems appropriate against any person found to have violated ASCA's Registry Rules, up to and including suspension of membership for up to 25 years and imposition of fines of up to \$10,000. Imposition of a suspension of membership privileges for a period longer than 1 year or a fine of more than \$1,000 shall require the affirmative vote of at least seven (7) Directors. The Board of Directors retains the authority to handle a registry issue at any time without the filing of a formal request for Conflict Resolution.
4. **Gross Misconduct:** Gross misconduct by a member, including, but not limited to, theft of ASCA property, theft of property of an ASCA Affiliate Club, physical abuse of a member, or intentional criminal conduct at an ASCA event, will not be tolerated. What constitutes "gross misconduct" shall be determined by the ASCA Board of Directors. If the ASCA Board of Directors determines that a member has engaged in gross misconduct, the Board may impose a suspension of membership upon such person of up to 25 years and a fine of up to \$10,000. Imposition of a suspension of membership privileges for a period longer than 1 year or a fine of more than \$1,000 shall require the affirmative vote of at least seven (7) Directors.

CONSEQUENCE GUIDELINES:

| OFFENSE | CONSEQUENCE |
|--|---|
| <p>Violation of ASCA Program Rules / Regulations or Club Regulations</p> <p>(Affiliate Club Regulation offenses are to be dealt with by the Affiliate first. If the Affiliate recommends the ASCA Board investigate and impose sanction, the following will apply.)</p> | <p><u>1st offense</u>, letter of education and/or letter of reprimand, depending on offense, intent and whether education seems more appropriate for the situation; in the case of reprimand, a \$100 fine may also be assessed; first offenses deemed severe enough may receive second offense consequences.</p> <p><u>2nd offense</u>, same or similar offense - 6 months suspension and/or \$200 fine.</p> <p><u>3rd offense</u>, same or similar offense - 1-year suspension and/or a fine up to \$1000.</p> <p><u>4th offense</u>, same or similar offense - 5 years to life suspension and a fine up to \$1000.</p> |
| <p>Misconduct against a Judge</p> <p>(Including but not limited to attempting to influence a judge, verbal abuse, public criticism of a judge's decision; depending on severity of misconduct and in cases of physical abuse, the consequence will start at the 2nd offense level.)</p> | <p><u>1st offense</u>, letter of education and/or letter of reprimand, depending on offense, intent and whether education seems more appropriate for the situation; in the case of reprimand, a \$100 fine may also be assessed; first offenses deemed severe enough may receive second offense consequences.</p> <p><u>2nd offense</u>, same or similar offense - 6 months suspension and/or \$200 fine.</p> <p><u>3rd offense</u>, same or similar offense - 1-year suspension and/or a fine up to \$1000.</p> <p><u>4th offense</u>, same or similar offense - 5 years to life suspension and a fine up to \$1000.</p> |
| <p>Unsportsmanlike / unprofessional conduct during an event</p> <p>(Please refer to the Personal Code of Conduct for additional guidance.)</p> | <p><u>1st offense</u>, letter of education and/or letter of reprimand, depending on offense, intent and whether education seems more appropriate for the situation; in the case of reprimand, a \$100 fine may also be assessed; first offenses deemed severe enough may receive second offense consequences.</p> <p><u>2nd offense</u>, same or similar offense - 6 months suspension and/or \$200 fine.</p> <p><u>3rd offense</u>, same or similar offense - 1-year suspension and/or a fine up to \$1000.</p> <p><u>4th offense</u>, same or similar offense - 5 years to life suspension and a fine up to \$1000.</p> |
| <p>Disorderly conduct at an event</p> <p>(Including but not limited to abusive or foul language/ verbal altercations, destruction of property; in cases of physical altercation, the consequence will start at the 2nd offense level.)</p> | <p><u>1st offense</u>, letter of education and/or letter of reprimand, depending on offense, intent and whether education seems more appropriate for the situation; in the case of reprimand, a \$100 fine may also be assessed; first offenses deemed severe enough may receive second offense consequences.</p> <p><u>2nd offense</u>, same or similar offense - 6 months suspension and/or \$200 fine.</p> <p><u>3rd offense</u>, same or similar offense - 1-year suspension and/or a fine up to \$1000.</p> <p><u>4th offense</u>, same or similar offense - 5 years to life suspension and a fine up to \$1000.</p> |
| <p>Actions detrimental to the interest of ASCA</p> | <p>Membership suspended no less than 25 years and all associated privileges revoked.</p> |



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Board Contact: asca.execsec@gmail.com

Request for Conflict Resolution Form

If you find the need to file a request for conflict resolution or find that you are involved in a conflict/dispute, please refer to the Conflict Resolution Protocol, at the back of all ASCA program rule books. Please try to resolve problems yourself, without a formal request for resolution, whenever possible. If you are unable to resolve a problem, use this form to file a formal request for conflict resolution with an Affiliate or the ASCA® Board of Directors under ASCA®'s Conflict Resolution Protocol, which must be read and followed in this formal procedure. **If you fail to complete all fields, your request will not be processed.**

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| Your Name. | Names of parties about whom you are complaining. You must serve a copy of this form to everyone you name here. | |
| | | |
| Today's Date. | Date of event giving rise to this request for resolution. | Date you first learned of the event. |
| | | |
| State the grounds for your conflict. Include reference to ASCA® rules, regulations and bylaws which have been violated. Confine your statement to this space if possible. Lengthy statements are discouraged. | | |
| | | |
| Sign here. By doing so you certify that you have attempted to resolve this conflict informally and that you have served parties with this form as required. | X | |