## J. B. Jewitt Co., Inc. Homestead Finishing Products

1935 West 96<sup>th</sup> Street Unit Q Cleveland OH 44102-2673 Telephone: (216) 631-5309

#### **Emergency Assistance**

For emergency assistance involving this product call – 216-631-5309

#### **Section 1: Product Identification**

**Product Name: TransTint® 6006 Dark Mission Brown** 

MSDS #: 6006

Date Issued: August 23rd, 2010 Original ☐ Update ⊠

Reason For Change: General regulatory update

Section 2: Hazardous Ingredients					
Hazardous Ingredients	CAS Number	OSHA PEL (Permissible exposure limit)	ACGIH TLV (Threshold limit value)	% By Weight	EU Symbol/ Classifications
Proprietary chromium complex (Cr <sup>+</sup> 3) dye compounds	Proprietary	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Cr <sup>+</sup> 3)	$0.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$ $(as \text{ Cr}^+3)$	20-35	Not classified
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112-34-5	Not established	Not established	20-35	XI; R36
2-Propoxyethanol	2807-30-9	Not established	Not established	10-20	XN; R21/R36
1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6	Not established	Not established	5-10	Not classified
2- Furanmethanol, tetrahydro	97-99-4	Not established	Not established	5-10	XI; R36
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	34590-94-8	Not established	Not established	1-5	Not classified

<sup>\*</sup> TWA = Time weighted average, STEL= Short Term Exposure Limit

**Note:** All health hazard components above 1% composition and all carcinogens above 0.1% (1000 ppm) composition are listed.

## **Section 3: Hazard Identification**

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:** WARNING! This product is HAZARDOUS by OSHA Hazard Communication definition. May cause skin, eye and respiratory tract irritation. May be harmful if inhaled, absorbed through the skin or swallowed. Excessive exposures may cause central nervous system disorders and produce anesthetic or narcotic effects. May cause blood disorders.

Hazard Rating: NFPA ☐ HMIS ☒ Hazard Rating Scale:

Health:\*20= MinimalFlammability:21= SlightReactivity:02= Moderate

PPE:	H	3= Serious
		4= Severe

**Note:** NFPA and HMIS ratings involve data and interpretations that may vary from company to company. They are intended only for rapid, general identification of the specific hazard. To deal adequately with the safe handling of this, or any, material, all the information in the MSDS must be considered and interpreted by a trained professional.

the individual components.	hole. The data contained below is based on the properties of  The data below is based on the properties of the mixture.
Main Routes of Exposure:         ☑ Inhalation       ☐ Ing         ☑ Skin Absorption       ☒ Skin	restion n or Eye Contact
<b>Effects of Acute (Immediate) Exposure:</b>	
Eye Contact	May cause moderate eye irritation with corneal injury. Swallowing may produce gastrointestinal irritation and signs of intoxication, characterized by drowsiness, headache, nausea
Inhalation	and metabolic acidosis.  Can cause irritation to nose, throat and lungs. Inhalation of organic solvents can cause coughing, sore throat, and runny nose, headache, dullness and dizziness. May cause central nervous system depression. May cause blood disorders based
Skin Contact	on animal studies.  Mild skin irritant. Prolonged contact can cause de-fatting of skin rendering it susceptible to irritation by other substances. Harmful if absorbed. May cause blood disorders based on animal studies.  Some trivalent chromium (Cr <sup>+</sup> 3) products have demonstrated a slight skin sensitizing potential.
Effects of Chronic(Long Term) Exposure	:
Inhalation	Chronic exposure to organic solvents has been associated with various nervous system damage including permanent memory loss, loss of intellectual ability and loss of coordination. May cause decreased male fertility. May cause developmental or other harmful effects. May cause blood disorders based on animal studies. Exposure to chromium and certain chromium compounds may cause cumulative lung damage.
Ingestion	May cause developmental or other harmful disorders.
Skin Contact	Prolonged contact may cause dermatitis by de-fatting of skin from prolonged or repeated contact. May cause blood disorders based on animal studies.

## **Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:**

Persons with breathing and lung problems can be affected by breathing in any type of chemical vapor or mist. Persons with asthma, allergies, or other breathing-related problems should stay away from, not handle, and not be exposed to any product vapors or mists as a precautionary measure.

## **Target Organs Affected:**

Blood, respiratory system, skin, eyes and central nervous system

The components of this material are considered Carcinogenic by:

⊠ Not Known				
☐ National Toxicology Program (NTP)				
<ul> <li>☐ The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)</li> <li>☐ The Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA)</li> </ul>				
Eye Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelids open to rinse completely. Get medical aid.			
Ingestion	If swallowed, give 3-4 glasses of water but do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, give water again. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Get medical aid immediately. Have physician determine whether vomiting or stomach evacuation is necessary.			
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid.			
Skin Contact	In case of contact, flush skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid if irritation, redness, swelling or skin pain develops and persists. Wash clothing before re-use.			
** Note to the Physician:	None.			
Section	5: Fire Fighting Measures			
Flash Point Deg. C F	>143 degrees			
Auto – Ignition Temperature	Not determined			
Upper Flammable Limit (% Vol)	Not determined Not determined			
Lower Flammable Limit (% Vol) Extinguishing Media	Use water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Cool			
Extinguishing Hodiu	containers with water until well after the fire is out.			
Hazardous Combustion Products	Oxides of carbon, nitrogen and other toxic vapors			
General Information:	ipment and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus			
	m an explosive mixture with air. Vapors are heavier than air			
	ash back. Vapors can spread along the ground and collect in			
low areas. Use water spray to cool fire-expe				
Section 6: Accidental Release Measures				
Spill / Leak	Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in			
2F/ 2001	Section 8. Stop flow of material. Absorb with inert material			
	(e.g. dry sand, earth or other suitable absorbent), then place			
	into a suitable container. Clean up spills immediately.			
	Provide ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool. Prevent from entering floor drains or sewers.			
	Do not release any chemicals, dyes, or dye solutions of any			
	type to sewers or any waterways without proper authorization			
	from government agencies. Make appropriate notifications as			
	required.			
Section 7: Handling and Storage				
Handling Procedures				

Maintain good personal hygiene. Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling, and before eating, drinking or

using tobacco products. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep containers tightly closed. Do not cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

Storage Needs.....

Observe local regulations. Store in a cool (<100°F), dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks or open flames. 2-Propoxy ethanol can form unstable peroxides upon prolonged exposure to air. Keep from freezing. Keep from contact with oxidizing materials.

## **Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection**

When selecting personal protective equipment and clothing follow all manufacturer specifications and recommendations that apply to your specific operations and processing conditions. Take into consideration all working conditions and all chemicals to be handled or processed.

Eye / Type..... Wear splash-proof chemical safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with chemicals. A half-face or full-face NIOSH-approved respirator with Respiratory /Type..... organic vapor cartridge is recommended where exposures exceed TLV. Gloves / Type..... Wear chemical resistant gloves such as butyl rubber or neoprene. Clothing / Type..... Wear long sleeved garment such as a lab coat to prevent skin exposure. Other / Type..... Facilities using or storing this product should be equipped with an eyewash facility and safety shower within 100 feet from work area. Ventilation Requirements..... Local exhaust ventilation is required to keep exposures below TLV.

## **Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

Appearance/Odor..... Brown liquid, solvent odor Density (Specific Gravity) ..... 8.92 pounds/gallon (1.07 g/ml) Vapor Pressure/Vapor Density..... Not determined Product VOC..... 4.98 pounds (597 g/l) Evaporation Rate..... Not determined Boiling Point ..... Not determined Solubility in Water (%W/W)..... Miscible Freezing Point (deg. C F F)..... Not determined Melting Point (deg. C F )..... Not determined Not determined pH..... Flash Point.....  $>143^{\circ}F$ Flammability..... Not determined Autoflammability..... Not determined Explosive Properties ..... Not determined Oxidizing Properties..... Not determined Partition Coefficient ..... Not determined

## Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Incompatibility...... Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, strong bases

Conditions to Avoid...... Ignition sources, excess heat

Hazardous Products of Decomposition....

Oxides of carbon and nitrogen and other toxic vapors

**Section 11: Toxicology Information** 

Irritancy of Material...... May cause skin, eye and respiratory irritation.

Reproductive Effects..... For 2-Propoxy ethanol (CAS# 2807-30-9):

(Rats): Inhalation of 400 ppm of 6 hrs/day on day 6-15 of pregnancy was found to cause musculoskeletal system defects

in offspring. (NTIS study)

(Mice): Oral dose of 16 gm/kg on day 7-14 of pregnancy was found to cause stillbirth of offspring. (NTIS study)

Synergistic Materials...... Not known

**Section 12: Ecology Information** 

accidental release.

2-Propoxy ethanol (CAS# 2807-30-9) has a high biological oxygen demand (BOD) and a potential to cause oxygen depletion in aqueous systems. When diluted with a large quantity of water, it is not expected to have a significant

impact when released in the environment

**Section 13: Disposal Considerations** 

Waste Disposal ...... May be classified as a listed waste (D007, chromium) when

disposed as supplied. Waste generators must consult with federal, state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure

complete and accurate classification.

**Section 14: Transport Information** 

Combustible liquids, NOS (contains 2-propoxyethanol),

3, PG III (if shipped in containers >119 gallon)

**Section 15: Regulatory Information** 

☐ TSCA ☐ Components of this product are listed on the TSCA

Inventory or are exempt.

☐ CERCLA ☐ Glycol ether compounds: Listed, no RQ assigned

Chromium, chromium compounds: No RQ is assigned to this generic class of compounds, although the class is a

CERCLA hazardous substance.

SARA TITLE III 

☐ This product is considered, under applicable definitions,

to meet the following categories:

Section 311/312:

Immediate/acute health hazard Delayed/chronic health hazard

#### Section 313:

This product contains a toxic chemical(s) for routine annual toxic chemical release reporting under Section 313 (40 CFR 372). This information must be included in all MSDSs copied or distributed for this material: 2-Propoxyethanol (CAS# 2807-30-9)
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (CAS# 112-34-5)
Chromium compounds

## **⊠CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

# STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW LISTING

#### Illinois:

Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-(CAS# 34590-94-8)

#### Massachusetts:

Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-(CAS# 34590-94-8) 2- Furanmethanol, tetrahydro (CAS# 97-99-4)

#### Minnesota:

Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-(CAS# 34590-94-8) 1,2-Propanediol (CAS# 57-55-6)

#### New Jersey:

Ethanol, 2-propoxy- (CAS# 2807-30-9) Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-(CAS# 34590-94-8) 1,2-Propanediol (CAS# 57-55-6)

#### Pennsylvania:

Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-(CAS# 34590-94-8) Ethanol, 2-propoxy- (CAS# 2807-30-9) 1,2-Propanediol (CAS# 57-55-6) 2- Furanmethanol, tetrahydro (CAS# 97-99-4)

#### Rhode Island:

1,2-Propanediol (CAS# 57-55-6)

## **CANADA**

## Domestic Substances List:

Not determined

## WHMIS classification:

Not determined

**⊠** EUROPEAN INFORMATION

R21 Harmful

R36 Irritating to eyes

S7/S9 Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated area

S24/S25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S28 After contact with skin wash immediately with plenty of water

S36/S37/S39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye protection

XI

## **Section 16: Other Information**

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. This information is based on the material as manufactured, it may not be valid for this material if used in combination with any other materials or in any process. J.B. Jewitt Co., Inc./Homestead Finishing Products shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the product(s).