

# Dimlux maxi controller EVO1 (1.1)

## (Datalog)



### Contents:

-Introduction	Pag. 2
-Components	Pag. 2-4
-Connecting the lighting	Pag. 4
-Connecting the CO2	Pag. 5
-Connecting aux/fan	Pag. 5
Connecting the VPD	Pag. 5
-Basic/advanced menu	Pag. 6
-Basic keys	Pag. 6
-Basic light	Pag. 7
-Basic CO2	Pag. 7
-Basic aux	pag. 8
-Advanced	Pag. 8
-Advanced keys	Pag. 8
-Advanced light	Pag. 8-11
-Advanced CO2	Pag. 12-14
-Advanced aux	Pag. 15-17
-Advanced VPD	Pag. 17-18
-Advanced high/low log	Pag. 18-19
-Advanced error/alarm log	Pag. 19
-Symbols on the controller	Pag. 19
-Datalog	Pag. 20

## Introduction

The Dimlux maxi controller is a modular control system for operating and monitoring the Dimlux lighting, CO2 and VPD. The EVO controller is available with and without USB log function.

The controller also has a thermostat/hygrostat function (AUX) and can also control a fan.

A maximum of 160 Dimlux light fixtures or pre-selector devices can be controlled by means of four channels. The controller switches the lighting on or off by means of a built-in timer. If a set temperature is exceeded, the lighting dims automatically or – if necessary – switches off half or all light fixtures off. A switchboard with timer/relay/reducers is not necessary.

Besides lighting, the controller can also regulate the CO2 level in an air-conditioned room. A very accurate dual-beam CO2 sensor can be used to control CO2 generators, cold CO2 installations and ventilation systems for air replacement.

On the AUX port of the EVO 1.1, an “auxbox” can be used to connect a humidifier or a dehumidifier, a heating system and even a ventilator.

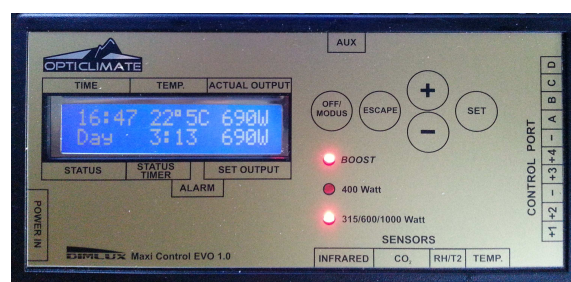
Various parameters can be read and regulated in a VPD environment. The screen shows the ambient temperature, relative humidity, plant temperature and VPD.

The DATALOG function can be used to store all values on a USB stick. The controller writes all measured values onto the stick every minute and these can be read off later in graphic form on a PC. **(only EVO 1.1 Datalog version)**

The controller can also operate the lighting in two rooms in turns. This requires a second temperature sensor, which can be connected to port RH/T2. The relative humidity sensor will no longer be required.

The controller is modular: All sensors can be purchased independently according to need.

## Components



The controller

The controller regulates and operates the lighting, CO2, VPD status and any other connected components (AUX).

### Temperature sensor



The temperature sensor measures the room temperature and should be protected against light (shaded). A cardboard cover is sufficient.

### RH% sensor



The RH% sensor measures the relative humidity in the room. This is necessary to determine the VPD or to control a humidifier or a dehumidifier. The RH% sensor should also hang in the shade.

### CO2 sensor



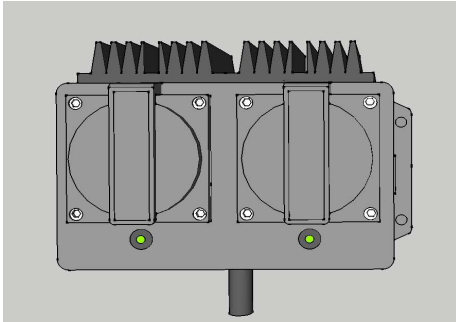
You can read and control the current CO2 level in a room using a very accurate dual-beam CO2 sensor. The sensor can control a CO2 generator or a cold CO2 installation.

### PT camera

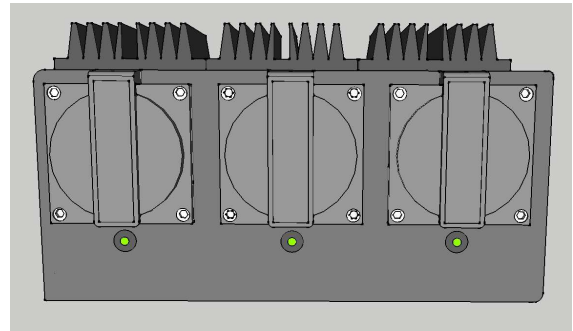


The temperature of a crop can be measured using the plant temperature camera. This temperature provides an indication of the vaporization of the crop. The camera is also needed to determine the VPD.

## The auxbox



Auxbox



Auxbox fan

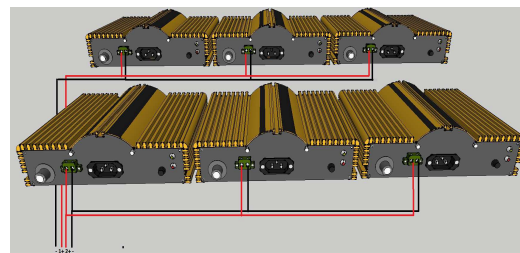
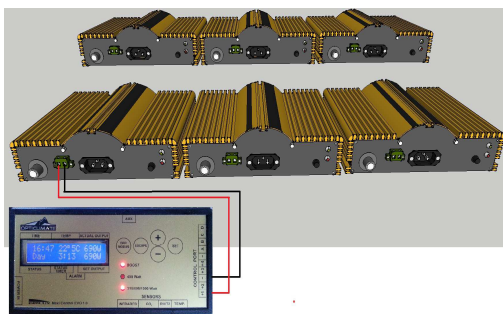
An auxbox can be connected to controller's aux port. The auxbox converts the maxi controller into a fully automatic air conditioning system. The auxbox is available in two designs. The auxbox has two connections, one for a heating system/heater and two for a humidifier or dehumidifier. The other design can also control a fan as well as a heating system and a humidifier and a dehumidifier. The fan control is electronic and has no annoying buzz.

### Connecting the lighting

The controller communicates with the Dimlux ballasts or the light fixtures by means of a signal cable, which should be connected between the controller and the various ballasts or light fixtures. The best signal cable is e.g., a 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> double-core, duo-coloured cable. This is to prevent connection errors such as mixing up the plus and min core.

A green plug with +1, +2, +3 and +4 indications is located at the side of the controller. These are the four channels to which up to 40 light fixtures can be connected to each channel. Two min (-) connections are also available.

The controller is connected with the light fixture/ballast by means of a double-core cable. You select channel +1 (for example) and a min (-) terminal on the controller. Connect these with the + and - on the light fixture/ballast. If there is more than one ballast/light fixture, the double-core cable can be looped in series from the first ballast/light fixture to the next one. Every time + to + and - to - up to 40 ballasts/light fixtures per channel. If an installation has several light fixtures/ballasts, these should always be equally divided over two channels. These should preferably be channel +1 and +2. In the event of a high



temperature protection, channels +2 and +4 break down. A temperature sensor should also be connected to the controller on the "temp" channel. If this is not done, the temperature protection is not active and a '!' appears on the display.

## Connecting the CO2

The dual-beam CO2 sensor can simply be plugged into a wall socket. The long cable including the plug is inserted into the port with the “CO2” indication.

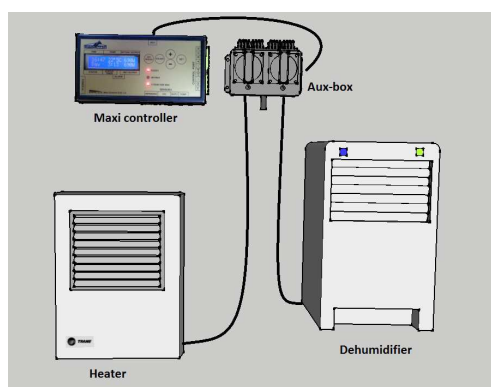


Now you can connect the CO2 generator or pressure-reducing valve to the CO2 sensor.

## Connecting the auxbox

The auxbox is easily connected to an existing wall socket. The long cable is connected to the aux port via the plug.

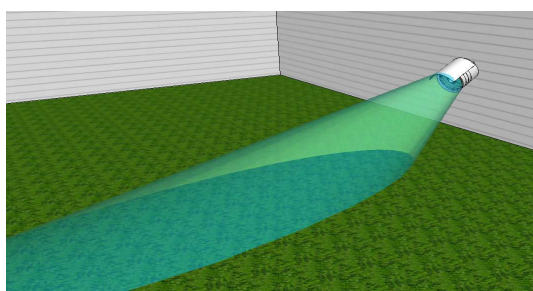
Now the components for controlling the box must be inserted into the correct port.



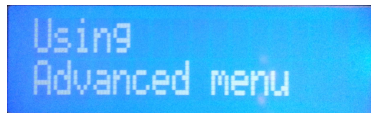
## Connecting the VPD

To be able to determine the VPD value, the temperature sensor, RH% sensor and PT camera should be connected to the controller. Both the temperature sensor and the RH% sensor should be covered against the incidence of light. A cardboard cover is sufficient.

The PT camera should be mounted in such a way that it “illuminates” the crop under an angle of approx. 45° without measuring walls, reflectors or other parts of the room as well. A circle with a diameter of 50 cm is measured if the distance to the crop is 50 cm. The circle is 80 cm if the distance is 80 cm.



## Basic/advanced menu



The controller has a basic and an advanced menu. This enables a very easy operation without the need to go through the parameters that were set earlier. The basic menu only shows the most frequently used functions. All parameters can be changed and set in the advanced menu. You can switch between the basic and the advanced menus by holding down the SET key.

### Basic keys

#### OFF/MODE

By pressing briefly and repeatedly on this key, you can select \*Lights permanent off > light always off.

\*Lights permanent on > lights are always on.

\*Lights by timer ON/OFF > lights go ON/OFF using the timer.

There are also two shortcut keys available:

When you press the MODE key first and then the MIN (-) key, the “Lights permanent off” starts to operate immediately. If you press the PLUS (+) key after the MODE key, the “Lights permanent on” starts to operate immediately.

#### ESCAPE

By pressing briefly and repeatedly on this key, you can select \*LIGHT. The current time, room temperature, light output and remaining time are displayed.

\*CO2. The current and set CO2 value are displayed.

\*AUX/FAN The current temperature and the set fan speed are displayed.

\*VPD The plant temperature, room temperature, relative humidity and the VPD are displayed.

Using the ESCAPE key will also enable you to leave the menu.

#### PLUS (+)

You can browse or increase the values by pressing this key briefly and repeatedly.

#### MIN (-)

You can browse or decrease the values by pressing this key briefly and repeatedly.

#### SET

Using this key, the menu is opened in order to change settings.

## Basic light menu

The following parameters can be set in the basic light menu:

- \*Current time
- \*Timer ON/OFF
- \*Type of ballast/light fixture

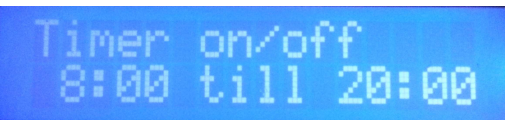
### Time

Press the SET key briefly: the current time will appear. By pressing the SET key again, the time can be set using the + or – key. Pressing the ESCAPE key will return you to the Home screen.



### Timer ON/OFF

Press the SET key shortly and navigate through the menu using the + or – key, until ‘Timer ON/OFF’ appears on the screen. Pressing the SET key again will allow you to set the ON and OFF times.



### Type of ballast/light fixture

Press the SET key briefly and navigate through the menu using the + or – key, until “output-power” appears on the screen.

By pressing the SET key again, you can select by using the + or – key which light fixture you wish to control:

- \*315 Watt (CDM lamp)
- \*400 Watt (HPS or HPI)
- \*600 Watt (HPS/not EL) also called a 230 V lamp
- \*600 Watt EL UHF (HPS/EL UHF) also called a 400 V lamp
- \*630 Watt DUAL (2 x 315 Watt CDM)
- \*1000 Watt EL UHF Also called a 1000 Watt double-ended

## Basic CO2 menu

If you press the SET key in the CO2 screen, you can calibrate the sensor automatically. By pressing the SET key again, you can select Auto Calibrate Yes or No. If you want to calibrate the sensor, it should be placed in outdoor air for five minutes and then press Auto Calibrate/Yes.





## Basic aux/fan menu

The following parameters can be set in the basic fan menu:

\*Fan mode

\*Temperature

Press SET to change these parameters.

Fan mode can be used to choose between the following options:

\*Temperature > the fan works faster if a certain temperature is reached.

\*Temp day/dehumidify night > the fan works faster if a certain temperature is reached during the day and during the night if a certain relative humidity is reached.

\*Dehumidify day/night > the fan works faster if a certain relative air humidity is reached. Various values can be set for day and night.

The temperature mode can be used to set the temperature at which the fan must work faster.

## Advanced

Numerous parameters can be adjusted or set in the advanced menu.

### Advanced keys

#### OFF/MODE

By pressing briefly and repeatedly on the OFF/MODE key, you can select:

\***Lights permanent off** >light is always off.

\***Lights permanent on** >light is always on.

\***Lights by timer** >light goes on/off via the timer.

\***Lights by countdown** >light goes on/off by countdown (asynchronous times, e.g., 10/10 or 11/11)

\***Lights control as slave invert** > if you use two rooms and two maxi controllers, two or more maxi controllers can communicate with each other by means of a connection between ports B>B and C>C on the controllers. A double-core cable should then be placed between these two ports. If “slave invert” is selected, the light in room 1 (for example) switches off when the light in room 2 goes on and vice versa. The slave controller copies the date, time, timer, countdown and rise/fall of the master controller.

\***Lights control as slave copy** > this function is similar to the previous function except that now the light in room 2 operates at the same time as the light in room 1.

Several controllers using different slave settings can be connected in this manner e.g., 2 “slave invert” and 3 “slave copy”. If several rooms are used simultaneously, the clock runs the same time everywhere.



## ESCAPE

By pressing briefly and repeatedly on this key, you can select \*LIGHT. The room temperature, light output and remaining and current time are displayed.

\*CO2 The current and set CO2 value are displayed.

\*Aux/fan menu. The set fan speed and temperature/air humidity are displayed

\*VPD The plant temperature, room temperature, relative humidity and the VPD are displayed.

\*High/low records All high/low values of the connected sensors are displayed here. Using the + and – keys, the values of the different sensors can be displayed including when the maximum/minimum event has occurred.

\*Events/alarm log Here you can see when and why the controller has intervened.

## PLUS (+) key

You can browse or increase the values by pressing this key briefly and repeatedly.


## MIN (-) key

You can browse or decrease the values by pressing this key briefly and repeatedly.

## SET key

Using this key, the menu is opened in order to change settings.

### Advanced light menu




12:38 27° 30 1200  
Day 7:22 1200

The menu will open by pressing the SET key while the Light screen is displayed. Using the + and – keys, you can navigate through the various parameters in the menu.

The following parameters can be set in the Light menu:

### \*Time

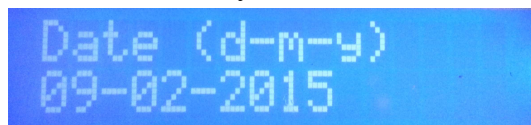
The current time can be set by pressing the SET key while TIME is displayed on the screen. For this purpose, use the + and – keys and confirm with SET.



Time (clock)  
16:17

### \*Date

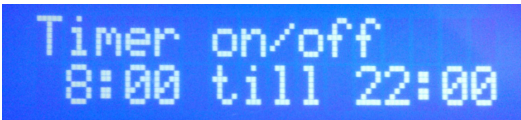
The current date can be set by pressing SET if DATE is displayed on the screen . For this purpose, use the + and – keys and confirm with SET.



Date (d-m-y)  
09-02-2015

### \*Timer ON/OFF

The precise time that the light has to go on or off can be set by pressing the SET key while TIMER is displayed on the screen. For this purpose, use the + and – keys and confirm with SET.



Timer on/off  
8:00 till 22:00

### \*Countdown

The time that the light has to go on or off can be set by pressing the SET key while COUNTDOWN is displayed on the screen. Asynchronous times, which can reduce a cycle can be set with this parameter.



Countdown on/off  
10 / 10 hours

### \*Rise/fall

Sunrise and/or sunset can be simulated using rise/fall. The time, which indicates how long the simulated sunrise or sunset should last can be set by pressing the SET key while Rise/Fall is displayed.



Rise / Fall time  
0 / 0 minute

### Temp limit

Three temperatures are displayed: L, H and S. When the first temperature (L = Low-Dim) is reached, the lights dim to prevent the temperature from becoming too high in the room. The controller dims the lights up to maximum 35%.

When the second temperature (H = High-Dim) is reached despite the dimmed lights, the controller switches off all lights operated by the even ports (2 and 4). Half of the lights are therefore turned off.

When the third temperature (S = Shutdown) is reached despite the fact that all lights are dimmed and half of the lights are off, all lights go off. Then there is probably a problem with the air conditioning in the room.

The temperature limits can be altered by pressing the SET key.



Temp limit L/H/S  
30° C/32° C/34° C

### -Temp offset

The value of the room temperature sensor can be changed/adjusted or calibrated by pressing the SET key while TEMP-OFFSET is displayed on the screen. Use the + and - keys for this. Test and confirm with SET.



Temp. offset  
# 0.0 °C

### \*Output power

You can select which light fixture/ballast must be controlled by pressing the SET key while OUTPUT POWER is displayed on the screen. Using the + or – key you can select:

\*315 Watt (CDM)

\*400 Watt

\*600 Watt

\*600 Watt EL UHF

\*630 Watt DUAL (CDM)

\*1000 Watt EL UHF

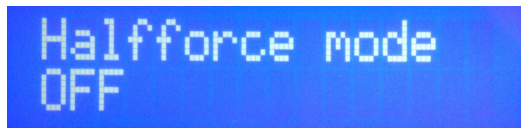
Select the correct filling/ballast output and confirm with SET.



Set output power  
1000 Watt EL UHF

### \*Half-force mode

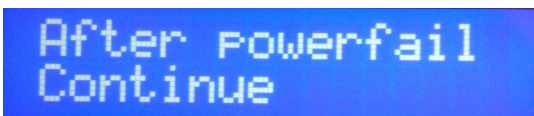
Switching the half-force mode to ON will switch off half of all lights (ports 2 and 4). This might be required if the ballasts are dimmed but still radiate too much light. It can also be used to prevent overloading the power supply, when the lights burning in several rooms overlap each other temporarily. Use the + and – keys and confirm with SET.



Halfforce mode  
OFF

### \*After power failure

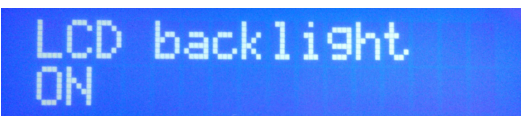
In case of a power failure, you can opt for leaving the lights off or for switching the lights back on after the power supply has been restored. Using the + and – keys, opt for CONTINUE or HOLD and confirm with SET.



After powerfail  
Continue

### \*LCD backlight

By pressing the SET key while LCD backlight is displayed on the screen, you can opt to have the LCD screen displayed continuously or to switch it on only when a key is pressed. Using the + and - keys, opt for always ON or AUTO OFF and confirm with SET.



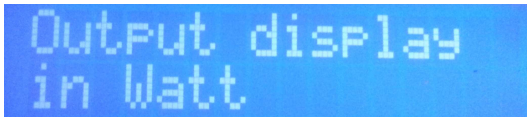
LCD backlight  
ON

### \*Temperature display

Here you can select the temperature display in either Celsius or Fahrenheit. Press on the SET key and using the + and – keys, select Fahrenheit or Celsius and confirm with SET.

### \*Output display

You can select to display the status of dim/boost in the Light screen in Watt or in percentages. Press on the SET key and using the + and – keys, select Watt or percentage and confirm with SET.



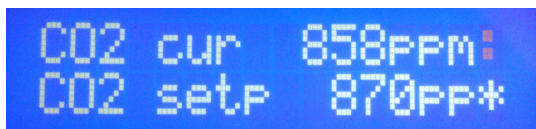
### \*Channel control

Up to 40 light fixtures/ballasts can be controlled per port (1, 2, 3 or 4). However, ports 3 and 4 can also be used to control a second room including lighting using the “slave invert” function with a maximum of 80 light fixtures per room. Channels 3 and 4 will then switch ON when Channels 1 and 2 switch OFF and vice versa. In addition, an optional SSR relay can be controlled in order to connect another type of lighting together with the Dimlux light fixtures/ballasts. By pressing the SET key and using the + and – keys, you can select:

- Normal > ports 1, 2, 3 and 4 control all ballasts/light fixtures.
- Channels 3 & 4 invert > ports 3 and 4 operate contrary to ports 1 and 2. The second temperature sensor that can be connected on the RH/T2 port can be used to control two rooms operating in turns. The RH function is then not necessary.
- Channels 3 & 4 relay > ports 3 and 4 control an SS relay with which another type of lamp can be connected.



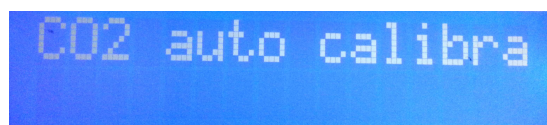
### Advanced CO2 menu



Press briefly on the SET key in the CO2 display screen to open the CO2 menu. Use the + and - keys to navigate through this menu.

### \*Auto calibrate

The auto calibrate function sets the value automatically to 400 ppm if the sensor is located in outdoor air. Put the sensor for five minutes in outdoor air, press on the SET key and select auto. Calibrate Yes or No and confirm with SET.

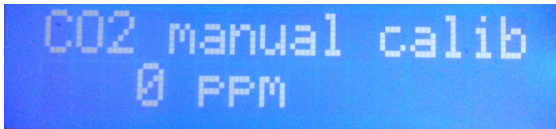


**\*Manual calibrate;**

You can also select to calibrate the sensor manually.

Pressing briefly on the SET key will open the menu. Press the SET key once more when CO2 calibrate is displayed.

Here you can adjust the value. If the sensor indicates 440 ppm for example in outdoor air, you calibrate the sensor by filling in -40 ppm using the + and - keys.



**\*CO2 mode**

You can opt to add or remove CO2 (air quality in living accommodation).

CO2 Addition is selected if CO2 needs to be added.

CO2 Removal is selected if CO2 needs to be removed.

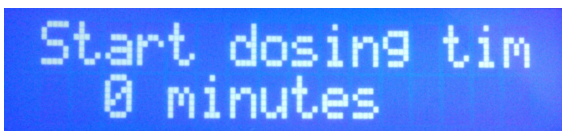
**\*CO2 smartlogic**

If the CO2 smartlogic function is on, a special algorithm is used to keep the CO2 value as stable as possible.

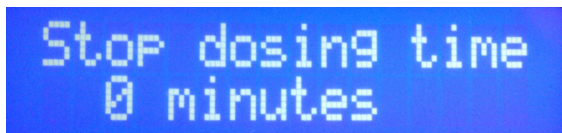
If this function is off, the controller doses CO2 until the set value is reached.

**\*Start dosing time**

To deal with gas/CO2 more efficiently, you can opt for dosing the CO2 after the lights come on. By pressing the SET key and using the + and - keys, you can select the interval in minutes between lights on and dosing of CO2.



**\*Stop dosing time**



To deal with gas/CO2 more efficiently, you can opt for stopping the CO2 dosing before the lights go off. You can select the interval in minutes between stopping the CO2 dosing and lights off by pressing the SET key.

#### \*CO2 dose time

The heater must burn for at least four seconds to guarantee complete burning of the gas when using a CO2 generator. In practice, you might observe that the gas does not burn well below this minimum value. In that case, the generator switches on/off (oscillates) quickly, possibly resulting in the release of toxic gases.

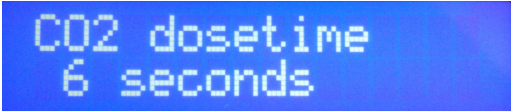
The minimum dose period can be changed by pressing the SET key. The dose period can be set to a minimum in case of using cold CO2. For heaters, we advise:

up to 10 m2: 6 sec.

10-16 m2: 12sec.

16-24 m2: 18sec.

over 24 m2: 24sec.



CO2 dosetime  
6 seconds

#### \*CO2 night heater

A room can also be heated by the CO2 generator if the power supply is limited. The night temperature can be set by pressing the SET key.

Attention!

Ensure sufficient supply of fresh air to the room. Poor burning can cause the release of toxic gases that are harmful to people, animals and plants. The flame must always burn with a blue colour.



CO2 night heater  
setpoint 22°



### Advanced aux/fan menu

Eight parameters can be set in the advanced fan menu in order to ensure that the installation works as efficiently as possible.

\*Temperature

\*RH Day

\*RH Night

\*Max fan speed Day

\*Max fan speed Night

\*Min fan speed

\*The aux setting Heat

\*The aux setting RH

Press SET once and use the + and- keys to select the above options.

Press SET once more to change these parameters.

The fan mode can be changed by pressing the SET key twice. The fan mode determines when the fan control becomes active. It is possible to choose between the following options:

\*Temperature > the fan works faster if a preset temperature is reached.

\*Temp day/dehumidify night > the fan works faster if a preset temperature is reached during the day and during the night if a preset relative humidity is reached.

\*Dehumidify day/night > the fan works faster if a preset relative humidity is reached. A different value can be set for the day than for the night.

\*Manual > the fan is set manually to a set speed.

\*The temperature mode can be used to set the temperature at which the fan must work faster.

\*The RH day mode can be used to set the maximum humidity during the day.

\*The RH night mode can be used to set the maximum humidity during the night.

\*Max speed day can be used to set the maximum fan speed during the day.

\*Max speed night can be used to set the maximum fan speed during the night.

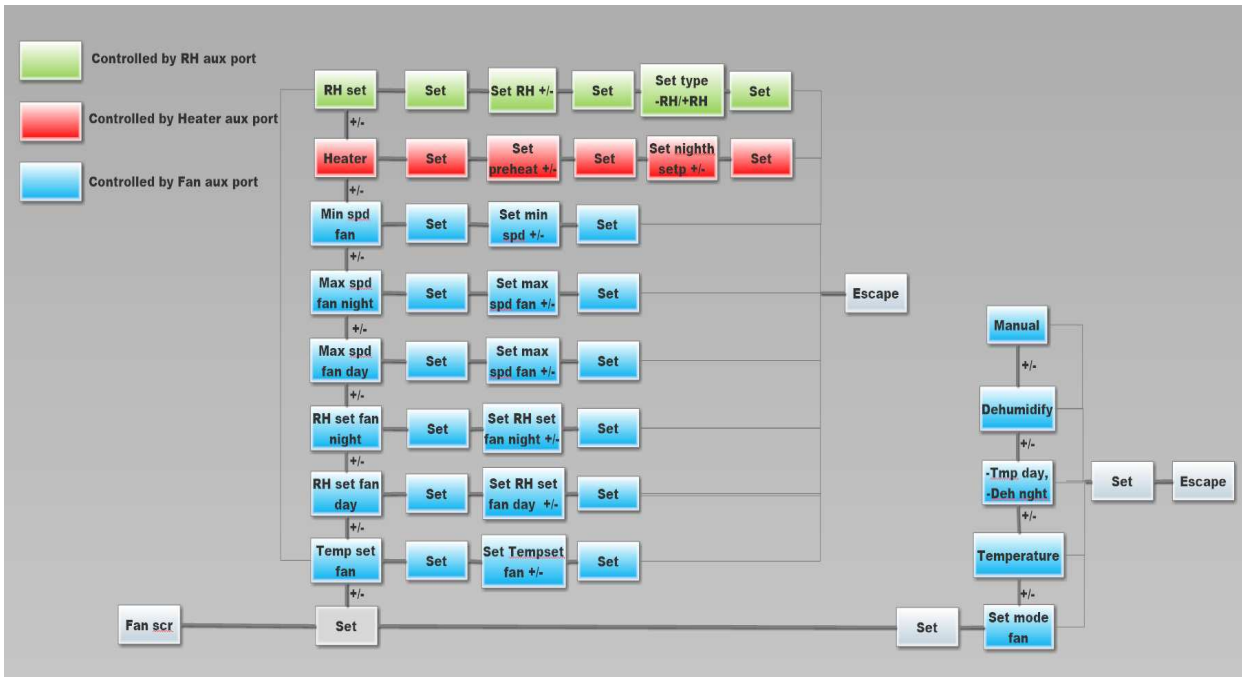
\*The min speed mode can be used to set the minimum fan speed.

(Some fans or ventilators cannot be dimmed by more than 30%). Always check for a draught and whether the fan is working.

\*The aux settings for temperature

\*The aux settings for relative air humidity

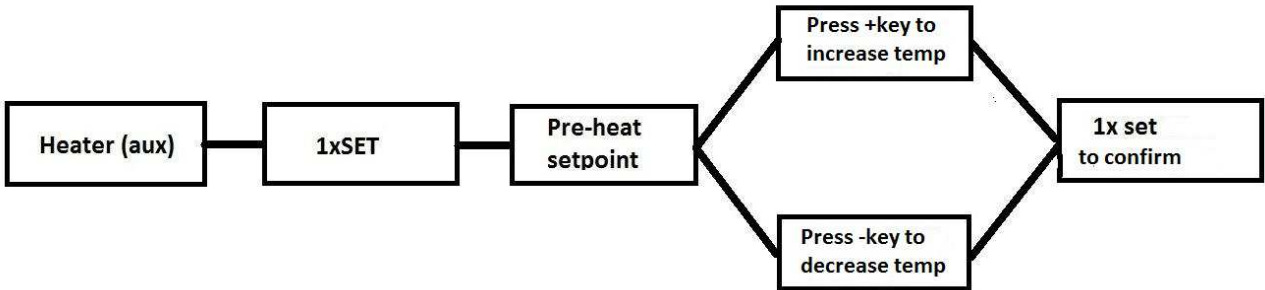




The two aux settings can be used to control the heating systems and the humidifiers and dehumidifiers.

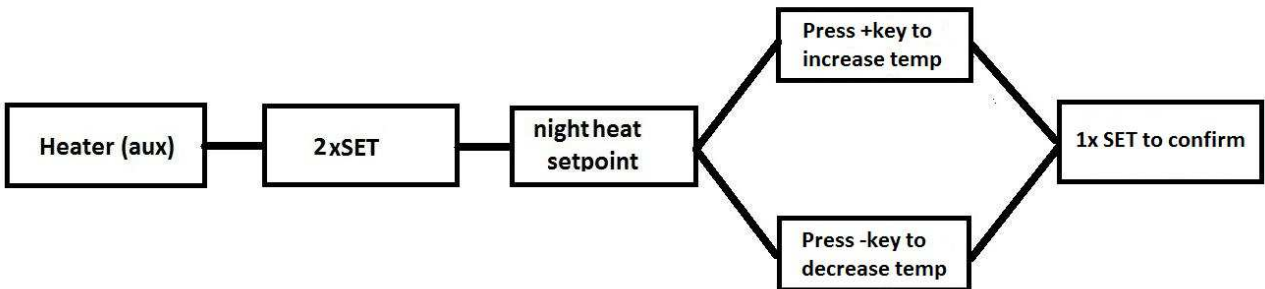
The menu structure is as follows:

Pre-heat



The pre-heat function enables you to pre-heat a room before the lights come on. This is useful for preventing problems relating to condensation, etc.

Night heater

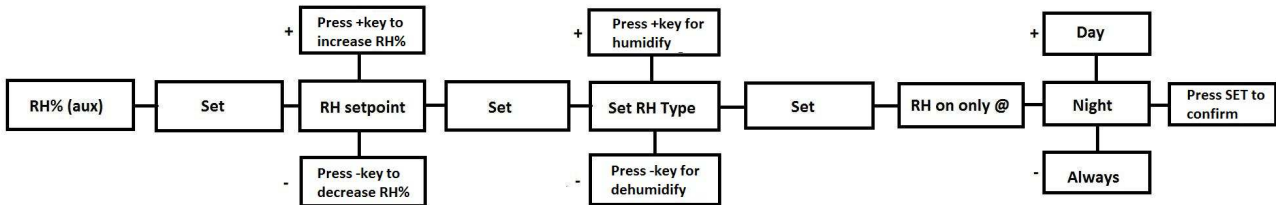


The pre-heat function enables you to control a heater when the lights are off.

### \*RH% (AUX)

Using an optional aux box, the controller can humidify or dehumidify during the periods lights on and lights off or always.

The menu structure is as follows:



Therefore, you can opt for humidifying or dehumidifying during the periods lights on and lights off or both.

### Advanced VPD menu



You can read the room temperature (AT), relative humidity (RH%), plant temperature (PT), delta-T (DT) and the VPD value on the VPD display screen. You can switch between PT and DT by pressing the + and – keys in this screen. PT is the plant temperature measured with the plant temperature camera. Delta-T indicates the difference between AT and PT.

The difference between plant temperature and room temperature provides an indication of whether a plant vaporizes or not. VPD provides an indication about the vaporization pressure. A crop that vaporizes normally is ca. 2 degrees cooler than the room temperature. The vaporization pressure (VPD) is usually between 0.6 and 1.5 kPa.

Pressing the SET key on the VPD display screen will open the menu.

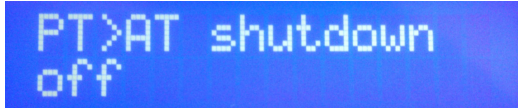
### \*PT>AT Dim

The crop does not vaporize adequately if the plant temperature is higher than the room temperature. The controller can intervene by dimming the lights and turning off the CO2 dosing. The difference in temperature can be set by pressing briefly on the SET key and using the + and – keys to fill in a value. A typical value is – for example, +2 degrees. The controller will intervene if the leaves of the crop are 2 degrees warmer than the room.



#### \*PT>AT shutdown

The plant temperature will increase further if the controller has intervened but no measures are taken to restart the vaporization. The controller will then shut down the lights completely if the plant temperature rises. The difference in temperature in which the controller shuts down all lights can be set in the PT>AT shutdown option. A typical value in which the controller does this is usually +2 degrees higher than in PT>AT Dim (therefore +4 degrees).



PT>AT shutdown  
off

#### \*PT offset

Here you can adjust any deviation in the display of the temperature measured by the plant temperature (PT) camera.

Since the controller intervenes in case of relatively small temperature differences, it is important that the room temperature indicates the same value as the plant temperature camera. You can check whether the values correspond by hanging a sheet of paper in the shade of the room. You can check whether there is a difference in the room temperature and the PT camera by directing the PT camera toward the sheet of paper after approx. 20 minutes. (The sheet of paper adopts the temperature of the room).

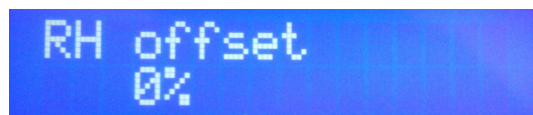
You can adjust the value by pressing briefly on the SET key and using the + and – keys.



PT offset  
# 0.0 °C

#### \*RH offset

The sensor that measures the RH% in the room can also be calibrated. Press the SET key and use the + and – keys to adjust the value.



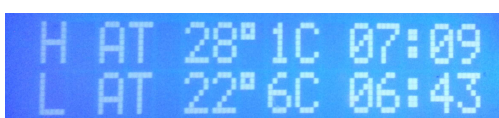
RH offset  
0%

#### High/low

Here all high/low values of all connected sensors are displayed. By using the + and - keys, the values of the different sensors can be displayed including when the maximum/minimum event has occurred.

#### \*AT high/low

The highest and lowest room temperature including the time are displayed.



H AT 28° 1C 07:09  
L AT 22° 6C 06:43

\*RH% high/low



H RH 67.5% 06:44  
L RH 0.0% 05:32

The highest and lowest RH% value including the time are displayed.

\*PT high/low



H PT 25° 20 07:21  
L PT 0° 00 05:32

The highest and lowest plant temperature including the time are displayed.

\*CO2 high/low



H CO2 391P 13:15  
L CO2 184P 13:13

The highest and lowest CO2 value including the time are displayed.

The high/low values can be reset by pressing the SET key in this screen and by using the + and – keys to select Reset > Yes.

The high/low values are overwritten every 24 hours!

### Error/Events

The error/events screen shows the date and time that an event or error has occurred. Here you can read (for example) whether dimming was carried out, because the temperature was exceeded.

The log can store up to 10 events/errors. If the log is full, the first entry is overwritten.

Pressing the SET key will erase the event/error log.

If the message PSU ..... V !!! appears, the controller is connected to an adapter with the incorrect voltage. **The voltage must be 16 volts.** Use the original adapter.

### Symbols on the controller

#### Main screen (light)

- '!' = sensor not present
- ' ' = normal off
- ' ' = normal on
- 'L' = low dim temp control
- 'H' = high dim temp control
- 'S' = shut down-overheat
- 'P' = Temp control PT plant temperature
- 'X' = Shut down-overheat PT plant temperature

#### CO2 screen

- \*' = CO2 dosing or heating
- X' = CO2 Off due lamps off
- '!' = CO2 sensor not present
- 'J' = Co2 sensor jammed
- 'P' = Co2 off due PT
- ' ' = CO2 normal off
- '1' = (MH4) gas alarm (fire-toxic)
- '2' = (CO) carbon monoxide alarm (toxic)

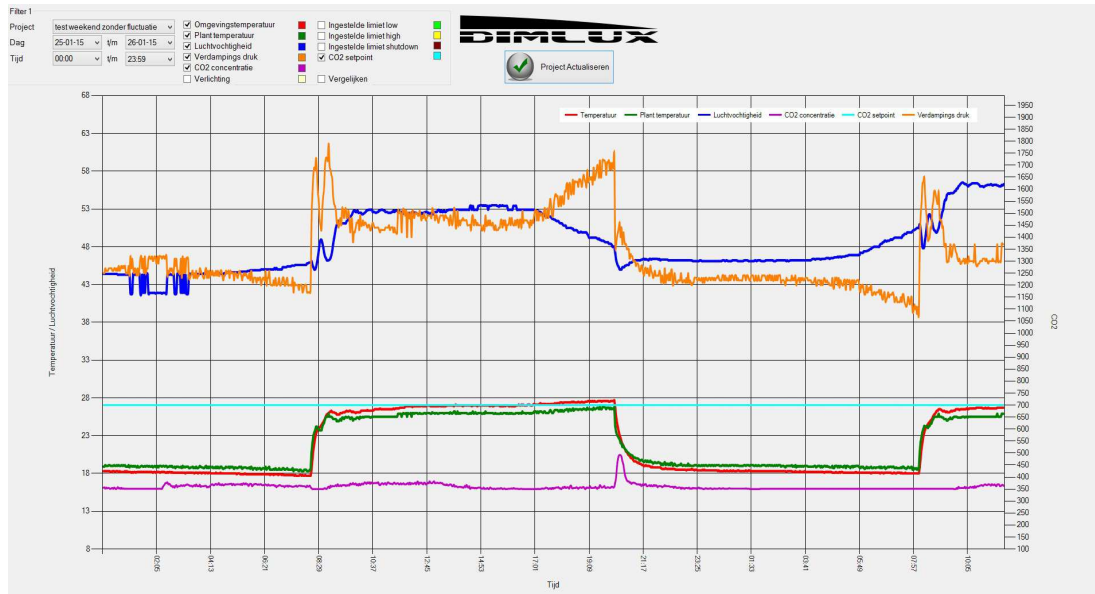
**DATALOG (only EVO 1.1 datalog)**

The EVO DATALOG can be used together with a USB data stick to store all values measured by the controller in order to view these later in graphic form on a PC. The controller writes the values onto the stick every minute.

Press the OFF/MODE key for four seconds to start the log. The message “initializing USB stick” appears on the screen.

The 400 Watt lamp flashes once a minute to indicate that data are being written to the disk. Press the OFF/MODE key once more for four seconds to stop the log. The message “stop logger” appears on the screen.

If the message “Fatal USB error” appears on the screen, the stick provided is probably not being sued or the stick must be formatted.



**LED indication on Dimlux ballasts.**

The ballast of Dimlux has its own self - diagnosis system. Using a red and green LED on the ballast or fixture An error or the status can be read.

On = LED on

Off = LED off

Strobo = very fast flash

Flash = normal blink

Off-DB	On-DB	Off-Rem	On-Rem	Open	Short	HTP	LVP	HVP	EOL	State
Off	Off	Flash	On	On	Off	On	Flash	Flash	Strobo	GREEN
Flash	On	Off	Off	Flash	Strobo	On	Flash	On	Strobo	RED

Meaning abbreviations

**Off- DB = lamp off by dimmer switch**

**On- DB = Lamp on by dimmer switch**

**Off = Brake Lamp off by maxi controller**

**On = Brake Lamp on by maxi controller**

**Open = Open contact**

**SHORT= Short circuit or defective lamp**

**HTP = High temperature protection active**

**HVP = Too high voltage ( power supply )**

**LVP = Low voltage ( power supply)**

**EOL = End Off Life (lamp)**